# CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL AS ON DECEMBER 31, 2016 

BDO Ebrahim \& Co.
Chartered Accountants

Horwath Hussain Chaudhury \& Co.
Chartered Accountants

## BDO Ebrahim \& Co.

Chartered Accountants
3rd Floor, Saeed Plaza
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Pakistan

Horwath Hussain Chaudhury \& Co.<br>Chartered Accountants<br>25-E, Main Market,<br>Gulberg-2,<br>Lahore-54660<br>Pakistan

## AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements comprising consolidated statement of financial position of Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited ("the Bank") and its subsidiary company as at December 31, 2016 and the related consolidated profit and loss account, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated cash flow statement and consolidated statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended. These consolidated financial statements include unaudited certified returns from the branches except for one hundred and twenty five branches which have been audited by us. We have also expressed separate opinion on the financial statements of Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited. The financial statements of subsidiary company Kissan Support Services (Private) Limited were audited by BDO Ebrahim \& Co., Chartered Accountants, whose report has been furnished to us and our opinion, in so far as it relates to the amounts included for such company, is based solely on the report of BDO Ebrahim \& Co., Chartered Accountants, These financial statements are the responsibility of the Holding Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.
Our audit was conducted in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing and accordingly included such tests of accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the Circumstances.
In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly the financial position of Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited and its subsidiary company as at December 31, 2016 and the results of their operations for the year then ended.

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to:
a. Note $15 \& 17$ to the consolidated financial statements, whereby it is stated that, during the prior periods the Bank obtained borrowings and subordinated loan from the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP), which was converted into share deposit money based on the decision made in the meeting held on July 11, 2014 among Ministry of Finance (MoF), SBP, Securities \& Exchange Commission of Pakistan and the Bank, which was pending for legal and corporate formalities. However, during the year, the Board in their meeting held on February 02, 2016 resolved to convert the principal debt (Note 15) and subordinated loan (Note 16) into redeemable preference shares and mark-up on SBP's debts (Note 15.5) into ordinary share of the Bank. Further, in consultation with SBP, a resolution by circulation dated February 19, 2016 was approved by the Board of Directors of the Bank and it has been agreed that debt and existing mark-up shall be accrued upto the December 31, 2015 as per the existing arrangements and will be converted into redeemable preference shares and ordinary shares, respectively. The decision made by the Board of Directors has been approved by the SBP vide its letter dated March 01, 2016 and Finance Division of Government of Pakistan on April 04, 2016 and the same has been approved in the Annual General Meeting held on April 27, 2016. However, these shares have been issued subsequently to the reporting period as disclosed in Note 15,6 to the Financial Statements.

## BDO Ebrahim \& Co.

Horwath Hussain Chaudhury \& Co.
Chartered Accountants
b. Note 22.2.3 to the consolidated Financial Statements provides details regarding contingency of Rs. 10.8 billion related to case of pension factor of employees which was previously decided against the Bank by Honourable Supreme Court. However, upon review writ petition filed by the Bank against the previous order, the Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan vide its order dated April 26, 2017, has recalled / set aside its previous order for detailed hearing of the case. The decision of incorporation of the pension liability in the books of account shall be determined on the final outcome of the writ petition.

Our report is not qualified in respect of the above noted matters.
The consolidated financial statements of the Bank for the year ended December 31,2015 were audited by BDO Ebrahim \&Co. Chartered Accountants and Riaz Ahmad \& Co. Chartered Accountants, who had expressed unqualified opinion with emphasis of matter on matter (a) reported above in the emphasis of matter paragraph, vide their report dated March 31,2016.

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## BDO Ebrahim \& Co.

Chartered Accountants

Engagement Partner: Iffat Hussain

DATED: 0 8, MAY 2017
ISLAMABAD
ISLABAD


Horwath Hussain Chaudhury \& Co. Chartered Accountants

Engagement Partner: Amin Ali

DATED: 0 8, MAY 2017
LAHORE

## ZARAI TARAQIATI BANK LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2016

| Note | $2016$ <br> ...... Rupees | $2015$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | 3,477,750 | 2,516,338 |
| 8 | 20,453,942 | 16,742,698 |
| 9 | 37,018,541 | 19,665,649 |
| 10 | 135,765,150 | 129,552,744 |
| 11 | 2,084,763 | 2,105,429 |
| 12 | 680,968 | 507,162 |
| 13 | 16,463,063 | 16,793,850 |
|  | 215,944,177 | 187,883,870 |

## LIABILITIES

Bills payable
14
Borrowings
15
Deposits and other accounts
Sub-ordinated loan
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease
Deferred tax liabilities - net
Other liabilities
18

## NET ASSETS

| 493,231 |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| $55,885,230$ |  |
| $59,712,858$ |  |
| $3,204,323$ |  |
| - | 346,059 |
| - | $57,143,100$ |
| $35,869,024$ |  |
| $3,204,323$ |  |
| $13,836,960$ | - |
| $82,811,575$ |  |

## REPRESENTED BY

Share capital

| 19 | $12,522,441$ |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| 20 | $6,298,157$ |  |
| $21,407,474$ |  |  |
|  | $40,228,072$ | $12,522,441$ |
| $5,643,290$ |  |  |
| $18,983,064$ |  |  |
|  |  | $37,148,795$ |
| 15.5 | $40,155,992$ | $40,155,992$ |
| 21 | $2,427,511$ |  |
|  | $82,811,575$ |  |
|  |  | $79,476,214$ |

## CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

22The annexed notes from 1 to 46 and Annexure-I form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.


## ZARA TARAQIATI BANK LIMITED CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016



The annexed notes from 1 to 46 and Annexure-I form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTOR

DIRECTOR

## ZARA TARAQIATI BANK LIMITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016



## Other comprehensive income - net of tax

Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to the profit and loss account

Remeasurement of defined benefit plans
Deferred tax
Items that may be reclassified to profit and loss account Comprehensive income transferred to equity

| $(461,685)$ |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 161,718 |  |
| $(299,967)$ | $(74,020)$ |
| 26,195 |  |
| - |  |
| $3,079,277$ | $(47,825)$ |

Components of comprehensive income not reflected in equity
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to the profit and loss account

Net change in fair value of available for sale securities
Deferred tax
Total comprehensive income for the year

| 393,975 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $(137,891)$ | | $(680,022)$ |
| ---: |
| $(623,454)$ |
| 256,084 |
| $3,335,361$ |

Surplus arising on revaluation of assets has been reported in accordance with the directives of the State Bank of Pakistan in a separate account below equity.

The annexed notes from 1 to 46 and Annexure-I form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.


PRESIDENT


DIRECTOR


DIRECTOR

ZARAI TARAQIATI BANK LIMITED
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

## Balance as at January 01, 2015

Profit after taxation for the year
Other comprehensive loss for the year
Total comprehensive income for the yea
Transferred to statutory reserve
Balance as at December 31, 2015
Profit after taxation for the year
Other comprehensive profit for the year Total comprehensive profit for the year
Transferred to statutory reserve
Balance as at December 31, 2016
The annexed notes from 1 to 46 and Annexure-I form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTOR

Mayjel AAzin
DIRECTOR

PRESIDENT

## ZARA TARAQIATI BANK LIMITED CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

## Note

2016
2015
...... Rupees in '000 $\qquad$

## CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Operating profit before working capital changes
34
(Increase) / decrease in operating assets:
Lendings to financial institutions
Net investment in held for trading securities
Advances - net
Other assets - net

Increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:
Bills payable
Borrowings
Deposits and other accounts
Other liabilities
Employees' benefits paid
Income tax paid
Net cash generated from operating activities


## CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Net investments in available-for-sale securities
Net investments in held to maturity securities
Dividend income
Investments in operating fixed assets
Sale proceeds of property and equipment disposed off
Net cash (used in) / generated from investing activities

| $(19,939,210)$ |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| $4,689,539$ |  |
| 148,540 |  |
| $(426,275)$ | $9,892,448$ |
| 93,361 | $(634,367)$ |
| 81,805 |  |
| $(15,434,045)$ | $(830,335)$ |
| 61,169 |  |

## CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Net increase in cash and cash equivalents
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year
35


The annexed notes from 1 to 46 and Annexure-I form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTOR

DIRECTOR

# ZARAI TARAQIATI BANK LIMITED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 

## 1 THE GROUP AND ITS OPERATIONS

The "Group" consists of:

Holding company

- Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited


## Subsidiary company

- Kissan Support Services (Private) Limited


### 1.1 Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited ("the Bank")

(a) Reorganization and conversion

The Federal Government in its cabinet meeting held on August 28, 2002 decided for the reorganization and conversion of Agricultural Development Bank of Pakistan into a public limited company for the purposes of ensuring good governance, autonomy, delivering high quality and viable financial services to a greater number of rural clientele and adequate returns to stakeholders. Accordingly, the Agricultural Development Bank of Pakistan (Reorganization and Conversion) Ordinance, 2002 was promulgated for taking over the entire undertaking of Agricultural Development Bank of Pakistan and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.
(b) Status

As required under section 3 of the Agricultural Development Bank of Pakistan (Reorganization and Conversion) Ordinance, 2002, Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited ("the Bank") was incorporated as a public limited company under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 on October 23, 2002. Consequently, under SRO 823(1)/2002 dated November 18, 2002, all the assets, contracts, liabilities, proceedings and undertakings of Agricultural Development Bank of Pakistan were transferred to, and vested in Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited on December 14, 2002, the effective date specified by the Federal Government, on the basis of net worth determined at Rs. 8.7 billion. The Bank's registered and principal office is situated at 1-Faisal Avenue (Zero Point), Islamabad. The Bank operates 460 (2015:438) branches in Pakistan as at the close of the year.

## (c) Nature of business

The main purpose of the Bank is to provide sustainable rural finance and services particularly to small farmers and low-income households to strengthen the rural and agricultural sector, mitigate poverty, capital market and investment activities and other banking business.

### 1.2 Kissan Support Services (Private) Limited ("the Company")

Kissan Support Services (Private) Limited was incorporated in Pakistan as a private limited company on September 19, 2005 under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. It is a subsidiary of Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited (ZTBL) which holds $100 \%$ shares. The registered office of the Company is situated at Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited, 1-Faisal Avenue, Zero Point, Head Office, Islamabad. The Company's principal business is the provision of consultancy, advisory, agency and other support services on contractual basis or otherwise to the Bank.

## 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

2.1 These consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Bank and its subsidiary company.
2.2 The State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) vide BSD Circular No. 4 dated February 17, 2006 has issued 'Revised forms of Annual Financial Statements'. These consolidated financial statements have been presented in accordance with such revised form.

## 3 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

3.1 Consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as are notified under the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 or directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) and the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP). In case requirements differ, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the directives issued by the SECP and the SBP shall prevail.
3.2 SBP has deferred the applicability of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 39, 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement'and IAS 40,'Investment Property'for Banking Companies through BSD Circular No. 10 dated August 26, 2002. SECP has deferred applicability of International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures" on banks through SRO 411(1)/2008 dated April 28, 2008. Accordingly, the requirements of these standards have not been considered in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements. However, investments have been classified and valued in accordance with the requirements prescribed by the SBP through various circulars.
3.3 IFRS 8, 'Operating Segments' is effective for the Group's accounting period beginning on or after January 01, 2009. All banking companies in Pakistan are required to prepare their annual consolidated financial statements in line with the format prescribed under BSD Circular No. 4 dated February 17, 2006, 'Revised Forms of Annual consolidated financial statements', effective from the accounting year ended December 31, 2006. The management of the Group believes that as the SBP has defined the segment categorisation in the above mentioned circular, the SBP requirements prevail over the requirements specified in IFRS 8. Accordingly, segment information disclosed in these consolidated financial statements is based on the requirements laid down by the SBP.

## 4 NEW STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS TO PUBLISHED APPROVED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

During the year, certain amendments to standards, interpretations and improvements to accounting standards became effective, however, the amendments, interpretations and improvements do not have any material effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group and therefore, these are not disclosed.

### 4.1 Standards, Interpretations and Amendments to Published Approved Accounting Standards that are not yet Effective

4.1.1 The following standards, amendments and interpretations of approved accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation:
> "Effective date
> (annual periods beginning on or after)"

IAS 12
Income taxes
IAS $7 \quad$ Statement of cash flows
IFRS 2 Share- based payments
IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts
IAS 40 Investment Property

January 01, 2017
January 01, 2017
January 01, 2018
January 01, 2018
January 01, 2018

The Annual Improvements to IFRSs (2014-2016) Cycle to following approved accounting standards are
effective from the dates mentioned below against respective standard:

IFRS 12 Disclosure of interest in other entities
January 01, 2017
IAS 28 Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures
IFRIC 22 Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration
January 01, 2018
January 01, 2018
4.1.2 The following new standards have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), which have not been adopted locally by the SECP:

> "Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)"

| IFRS 1 | First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting <br>  <br> Standards (Amendments) |
| :--- | :--- |
| IFRS 14 | Regulatory Deferral Accounts |
| IFRS 9 | Financial Instruments |
| IFRS 15 | Revenue from Contracts with Customers |
| IFRS 16 | Leases |

July 01, 2009
January 01, 2016
January 01, 2018
January 01, 2018
January 01, 2019

The Group expects that the adoption of the other amendments and interpretations of the standards will not have any material impact and therefore will not affect the Group's consolidated financial statements in the period of initial application.

## 5 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

"These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except that certain investments have been marked to market and are carried at fair value and post employment benefits that are recorded at present value using actuarial valuation.under the historical cost convention, as modified for the revaluation of certain investments which are carried at fair value and obligations under employee retirement benefits, which are measured at present value."

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the Group's functional and presentation currency. The amounts are rounded to the nearest thousand rupees.

## 6 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the presentation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.
6.1 During the year SBP vide its BPRD Circular No 1 dated January 1, 2016 has issued "Regulations for Debt Property Swap', regarding recording of non-Grouping assets acquired in satisfaction of claims on revalued amount, which is not applicable on the Group. Therefore, treatment suggested by the Regulation has not been accounted for in the consolidated financial statements.

### 6.2 Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited and its subsidiary company.

Subsidiary is an entity over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. Subsidiary is fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date when control ceases / the subsidiary is disposed off. The assets and liabilities of subsidiary company has been consolidated on a line by line basis based on the financial statements as at December 31, 2016 and the carrying value of investments held by the Bank is eliminated against the subsidiary shareholders' equity in these consolidated financial statements. Material intra-group balances and transactions have been eliminated.

### 6.3 Staff Retirement Benefits

Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited
The Bank operates the following staff retirement benefits for its employees:

## a) Pension scheme

The Bank operates defined benefit funded pension scheme approved by the income tax authorities, for its eligible employees who opted for employees' benefits scheme, introduced in 1975 and 1977 for clerical / nonclerical staff and for executives / officers, respectively. The Bank's costs are determined on the basis of actuarial valuation carried out by independent actuary by using 'Projected Unit Credit Method'.

## b) Gratuity scheme

The Bank operates defined benefit funded gratuity scheme approved by the income tax authorities, for its eligible employees who did not opt for employees' benefits scheme, introduced in 1975 and 1977 for clerical / non-clerical staff and for executives / officers, respectively. Annual contributions are made on the basis of actuarial recommendations.
c) Provident fund scheme

The Bank operates a defined contribution funded provident fund scheme for its employees who did not opt for the employees' benefit scheme introduced in 1975 and 1977 for clerical / non-clerical staff and for executives / officers respectively. Under this scheme, equal contributions at defined rates are made by the member employees and the Bank. The Bank also operates non-contributory provident fund for its employees who opted for the new employees' benefit scheme, as mentioned above. Under this, non-contributory provident fund, contributions at defined rates are made by its member employees only. Both of these provident funds are approved by the income tax authorities.

## d) Benevolent scheme

The Bank also has two funded defined benefit benevolent fund schemes for its employees, separately for officers and for clerical and non-clerical staff. Equal contribution to these schemes are made by employees and the Bank. The Bank is also liable to meet any shortfall in the fund, determined on the basis of actuarial valuation.

## Post retirement medical benefits

The Bank operates an unfunded defined benefit post retirement medical benefit scheme for all of its employees. Provision is made in the consolidated financial statements for the benefit based on actuarial valuation. Actuarial gains/losses are accounted for in the manner similar to pension scheme.

## Employees' compensated absences

The Bank accounts for all accumulating compensated absences when the employees render service that increases their entitlement to future compensated absences. The compensated absences are only encashable
at the time of retirement and that too for a certain period provided in the terms of employment. Provision is made in the consolidated financial statements for the benefit based on entitled un-availed leave balances carried forwarded to the next year on the basis of actuarial valuation carried out using the 'Projected Unit Credit Method'.

## Kissan Support Services (Private) Limited

The Company operates the following staff retirement benefits for its employees:

## Unfunded medical benefits

The Company operates an unfunded medical benefit fund for its employees. Employees are entitled for free medical facility during their service. This unfunded amount is utilized against the reimbursement of employee's actual medical expenses. The benefits are charged to profit and loss account at the rate of Rs. 400/peremployee per month.

## Gratuity scheme

The Company operates an un-funded gratuity scheme for its permanent employees whose period of service is one year or more. Employees are entitled to gratuity on the basis set out in staff regulation. The most recent actuarial valuation is carried out at December 31, 2016 using the 'Projected Unit Credit Method' as under the latest IAS-19 revised 2011.

### 6.4 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash, balances with treasury banks and balances with other banks.

### 6.5 Advances

Advances are stated net of provision for non-performing advances. Provision for non-performing advances is determined on the basis of Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP and charged to the consolidated profit and loss account. Provisions are held against identified as well as unidentified losses. Provision against unidentified include general provision based on historical loss experience of advances. Advances are written off when there is no realistic prospect of recovery. Further, advances are charged off in accordance with the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP.

### 6.6 Investments

The Group classifies its investments as follows:

## Held-for-trading

These are securities, which are either acquired for generating profit from short-term fluctuations in market prices, interest rate movements, dealers margin or are securities included in a portfolio in which a pattern of short-term profit taking exists.

## Held-to-maturity

These are investments with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity in respect of which the Group has the positive intent and ability to hold till maturity.

## Available-for-sale

These are investments, other than those in subsidiary and associates, that do not fall under the 'held for trading' or 'held-to-maturity' categories.

Investments are initially recognized at cost which in case of investments other than 'held for trading' include transaction costs associated with the investment. Transaction costs on investments held for trading are
expensed in the consolidated profit and loss account.
All purchases and sales of investments that require delivery within the time frame established by regulation or market convention are recognized at the trade date. Trade date is the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the investment.

In accordance with the requirements of the SBP, quoted securities, other than those classified as 'held to maturity', 'investment in subsidiary' and 'investments in associates' are subsequently re-measured to market value. Surplus / (deficit) arising on revaluation of quoted securities which are classified as 'available for sale', is taken to a separate account which is shown in the balance sheet below equity. Surplus / (deficit) arising on valuation of quoted securities which are classified as 'held for trading', is taken to the consolidated profit and loss account for the current year.

Unquoted equity securities (excluding investments in subsidiary and associates) are valued at the lower of cost and break-up value. Break-up value of equity securities is calculated with reference to the net assets of the investee company as per the latest available audited consolidated financial statements. Investments classified as 'held to maturity' are carried at amortized cost.

## Investments in Subsidiaries and Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Bank has significant influence but not control. Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Bank has the power to govern the financial and operating policies accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. Investments in subsidiaries and associates are valued at cost less impairment, if any. A reversal of an impairment loss on subsidiaries and associates is recognized in the consolidated profit and loss account as it arises provided the increased carrying value does not exceed cost.

Gains and losses on disposal of investments in subsidiaries and associates are included in the consolidated profit and loss account. Provision for diminution in the value of investments is taken to the consolidated profit and loss account for the current year.

### 6.7 Operating Fixed Assets and Depreciation / Amortization Property and Equipment

Property and equipment, except freehold land which is not amortized and capital work-in-progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Freehold land and capital work-in-progress are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is computed over the estimated useful lives of the related assets at the rates set out in note 11.2 to these financial statements, after taking into account the residual value, if any. Depreciation is charged on reducing balance method except for vehicles, computer equipment and leasehold land which are depreciated / amortized on straight line method. The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each statement of financial position date.

Depreciation on additions is charged from the month the assets are available for use while no depreciation is charged in the month in which the assets are disposed off.

Gains / losses, if any, on disposal of operating fixed assets are charged to the consolidated profit and loss account during the year.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or are recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the consolidated profit and loss account.

## Capital work in progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less impairment losses (if any) and consists of expenditure incurred,
advances made and other costs directly attributable to operating fixed assets in the course of their construction and installation. Cost also includes applicable borrowing costs, if any. Transfers are made to relevant operating fixed assets category as and when assets are available for use intended by the management.

### 6.8 Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Intangible assets are amortized from the month when these assets are available for use, using the straight line method, whereby the costs of the intangible assets are amortized over its useful life over which economic benefits are expected to flow to the Group. The useful lives are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each statement of financial position date.

### 6.9 Impairment

Carrying values of assets are reviewed at each statement of financial position date for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of the assets may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, and where the carrying value exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amounts. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. The resulting impairment loss is taken to the consolidated profit and loss account except for the impairment loss on revalued assets, which is adjusted against the related revaluation surplus to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the surplus on revaluation of that asset.

### 6.10 Assets Acquired in Satisfaction of Claims

The Group occasionally acquires assets in settlement of certain advances. These are stated at lower of the carrying value and the current fair value of such assets.

### 6.11 Taxation

 CurrentProvision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rate of taxation after taking into account available tax credits, exemptions and rebates as laid down in the applicable income tax law. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments wherever considered necessary, relating to prior years which arise from assessments framed / finalized during the year.

## Deferred

Deferred tax is provided using the balance sheet liability method, providing for all temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for the financial reporting purposes and the amount used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities using the tax rates enacted at the statement of financial position date. A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available and the credits can be utilized. Deferred tax asset is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realized. Group also recognizes deferred tax asset / liability on deficit / surplus on revaluation of securities in accordance with the requirements of IAS 12 'Income Taxes'. The related deferred tax asset / liability is adjusted against the related deficit/surplus.

## Prior years

The taxation charge for prior years represents adjustments to the tax charge relating to prior years, arising from assessments and changes in estimates made during the current year, except otherwise stated.

### 6.12 Borrowings / Deposits and their Costs

Borrowings / deposits are recorded at the proceeds received.

Borrowings / deposits costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which these are incurred using effective mark-up / interest rate method.

### 6.13 Sale and Repurchase Agreements

Securities sold subject to a repurchase agreement (repo) are retained in the consolidated financial statements as investments and the counter party liability is included in borrowings. Securities purchased under an agreement to resell (reverse repo) are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements as investments and the amount extended to the counter party is included in lendings to financial institutions. The difference between the purchase / sale and re-sale / re-purchase price is recognized as mark-up income / expense on a time proportion basis, as the case may be.

### 6.14 Revenue Recognition

## Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited

Mark-up / interest on advances and returns on investments are recognized on a time proportion basis using the effective interest method except that mark-up /interest on non-performing advances and investments is recognized on a receipt basis, in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP. Where the debt securities are purchased at premium or discount, such premium / discount is amortised through the profit and loss account over the remaining period of maturity.

Fee, brokerage and commission income is recognized on accrual basis.
Profit / (loss) on sale of investments is credited / charged to the consolidated profit and loss account for the current year.

Income from interbank deposits in saving accounts is recognized in the consolidated profit and loss account as it accrues using the effective interest method.

Dividend income is recognized when the Group's right to receive has been established.
Recoveries against loans written-off under Government relief packages are accounted for on cash receipt basis.

Operating lease rentals are recorded in the consolidated profit and loss account on a time proportion basis over the term of lease arrangements.

## Kissan Support Services (Private) Limited

Revenue from services is recognized as and when services are rendered. Interest income is recognized on time proportion basis. Commission income is recognized when services are rendered. Rental income is recognized on accrual basis.

### 6.15 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each statement of financial position date and are adjusted to reflect current best estimates.

### 6.16 Foreign Currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to Pak Rupees at the foreign exchange rate prevailing on the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are expressed in Pak Rupee terms at the rates of exchange prevailing at the statement of financial position date.

### 6.17 Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. These are derecognized when the Group ceases to be the party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost which is the fair value of the consideration given and received respectively. These financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at fair value, amortized cost or cost, as the case may be.

## Financial assets

Financial assets are cash and balances with SBP and NBP, balances with other banks, lending to financial institutions, investments, advances and other receivables. Advances are stated at their nominal value as reduced by appropriate provisions against non-performing advances, while other financial assets excluding investments are stated at cost. Investments classified as available for sale are valued at mark-to-market basis and investments classified as held to maturity are stated at amortized cost.

## Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangement entered into. Financial liabilities include borrowings and other liabilities which are stated at their nominal value. Financial charges are accounted for on accrual basis.

Any gain or loss on the recognition and derecognition of the financial assets and liabilities is included in the net profit and loss for the period in which it arises.

## Impairment-financial assets

A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortized cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original interest rate.

Individually significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics. All impairment losses are recognized in the consolidated profit and loss account.

An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized. For financial assets measured at amortized cost the reversal is recognized in the consolidated profit and loss account.

### 6.18 Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are set off and the net amount is reported in the consolidated financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off and the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities, simultaneously.

### 6.19 Fair Value Measurement

A number of assets and liabilities included in the consolidated financial statements require measurement at, and/or disclosure of,fair value.

The fair value measurement of the Group's financial and non-financial assets and liabilities utilises market observable inputs and data as far as possible. Inputs used in determining fair value measurements are categorised into different levels based on how observable the inputs used in the valuation technique utilised are (the'fair value hierarchy'):

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical items (unadjusted)
Level 2: Observable direct or indirect inputs other than Level 1 inputs
Level 3: Unobservable inputs (i.e. not derived from market data).
The classification of an item into the above levels is based on the lowest level of the inputs used that has a significant effect on the fair value measurement of the item and transfers of items between levels are recognised in the period they occur.

The financial assets and financial liabilities of the Group that either require fair value measurements or only fair value disclosures as at December 31, 2016 are disclosed in note 41.

### 6.20 Dividend Distribution and Appropriation

Dividends (including bonus dividend) and other appropriations (except appropriations which are required by law) are recognized in the period in which these are approved.

### 6.21 Earnings per Share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) for its shareholders. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, if any.

### 6.22 Segment Reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Group that is engaged either in providing particular products or services (business segment), or in providing product or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), and is subject to risk and rewards that are different from those of other segments. The Group has only one reportable segment. The Group is engaged in providing agri-financing and operates only in Pakistan.

### 6.23 Related Party Transactions

Transactions involving related parties arising in the normal course of business are conducted at arm's length at normal commercial rates on the same terms and conditions as third party transactions using valuation modes as admissible.

### 6.24 Other Payables

Liabilities for other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for the goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Group.

### 6.25 Other Receivables

These are recognized at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given. An assessment is made at each balance sheet date to determine, whether there is an indication that a financial asset, or a group of financial assets, may be impaired. If such an indication exists, the estimated recoverable amount of that asset is determined and an impairment loss is recognized for the difference between the recoverable amount and the carrying value.

### 6.26 Mark-up Bearing Borrowings

Mark-up bearing borrowings are recognized initially at cost being the fair value of consideration received, less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition mark-up bearing borrowings are stated at original cost less subsequent repayments.

### 6.27 Statutory Reserve

In compliance with the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Bank is required to maintain a statutory reserve to which an appropriation equivalent to $20 \%$ of the profit after tax is made till such time the reserve fund equals the paid up capital of the Bank. However, thereafter, the contribution is reduced to $10 \%$ of the profit after tax.

### 6.28 Cash Reserve Requirement

The Bank maintains liquidity equivalent to at least $5 \%$ of its time and demand deposits in the form of liquid assets i.e. cash and banks.

### 6.29 Grants

Grants of non-capital nature are recognized as deferred income at the time of their receipt. Subsequently, these are recognized in the consolidated profit and loss account to the extent of the actual expenditure incurred. Expenditure incurred against grants committed but not received, is recognized directly in the consolidated profit and loss account and reflected as a receivable from donors.
Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are recognized in the consolidated profit and loss account as other operating income on a systematic basis over the useful life of the asset.

The grant related to an asset is recognised in the statement of financial position initially as deferred income when there is reasonable assurance that it will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attached to it.

### 6.30 Contingencies

A contingent liability is disclosed when the Group has a possible obligation as a result of past events, existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group or the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that arises from past events, but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

### 6.31 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and judgments. It also requires the management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The areas where various assumptions and estimates are significant to the Group's consolidated financial statements or where judgment was exercised in application of accounting policies described in notes are as follows:
a) Classification of investments

As described in Note 6.6, investments 'held for trading' are the securities acquired principally for the purpose of generating profits from short term fluctuations in market prices while investments 'held to maturity' are
investments where the management has positive intention and ability to hold the same to maturity and 'available for sale' securities are investments that do not fall under the 'held for trading' or 'held to maturity' categories. The classification of these investments involves management judgment at the time of purchase whether these are 'held for trading', 'held to maturity' or 'available for sale' investments.
b) Provision against advances

The Group reviews its loan portfolio to assess the amount of non-performing advances and provision required there against on regular basis. The amount of provision is determined in accordance with the requirements of Prudential Regulations issued by the SBP from time to time and the management's judgment in case of subjective provision.
c)

## Defined benefit plans

Certain actuarial assumptions have been adopted as disclosed in note 33 of these consolidated financial statements for the actuarial valuation of staff retirement benefit plans. Actuarial assumptions are entity's best estimates of the variables that will determine the ultimate cost of providing post employment benefits. Changes in these assumptions in future years may affect the liability / asset under these plans in those years.
d) Operating fixed assets

Estimates of useful life of the property and equipment are based on the management's best estimates. Changes in the expected useful life are accounted for by changing the depreciation / amortization period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as change in accounting estimates. Such changes are accounted for as change in accounting estimate in accordance with the IAS 8 'Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors'.
e)

Impairment

## Impairment of available for sale equity investments

Available for sale equity investments are impaired when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below its cost. The determination of what is significant or prolonged requires judgment. In making this judgment, the Group evaluates among other factors, the normal volatility in share price.

## Impairment of investments in subsidiary and associates

The Group considers that a decline in the recoverable value of investment in subsidiary and associates below their cost may be evidence of impairment. Recoverable value is calculated as the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. An impairment loss is recognized when the recoverable value falls below the carrying value and is charged to the consolidated profit and loss account.

## Impairment of non-financial assets (excluding deferred tax)

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of the assets may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, and where the carrying value exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amounts. The resulting impairment loss is taken to the consolidated profit and loss account.

## Taxation

In making the estimates for income tax currently payable by the Group, the management considers the current income tax laws and the decisions of appellate authorities on certain issues in the past. In making the provision for deferred tax, estimates of the Group's future taxable profits are taken into account.

## g) Provision and contingent liabilities

The management exercises judgment in measuring and recognizing provisions and exposures to contingent liabilities related to pending litigations or other outstanding claims. Judgment is necessary in assessing the likelihood that a pending claim will succeed, or a liability will arise, and to quantify the possible range of the financial settlement. Because of inherent uncertainty in this evaluation process, actual losses may be different from the originally estimated provision.
h) Provision for doubtful receivables

The carrying amount of trade and other receivables are assessed on regular basis and if there is any doubt about the reliability of these receivables, appropriate amount of provision is made.

### 6.32 Trade Debts

Trade debts originated by the Company are recognized and carried at original invoice amount less provision for any uncollectible amounts. Provision for doubtful debt is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Debts considered irrecoverable are written off when identified.

### 6.33 Borrowing

Loans and borrowings are recorded at the proceeds received. Mark up, interest and other borrowing costs are charged to income in the period in which they are incurred.

Borrowing cost on long term finances which are specifically obtained for the acquisition of qualifying assets (plant and machinery) are capitalized up to the date of commencement of commercial production on the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are charged to consolidated profit and loss account in the period in which these are incurred.

### 6.34 Trade and other Payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for the goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

### 6.35 Exceptional Items

Exceptional items are disclosed separately in the consolidated financial statements where it is necessary to do so to provide further understanding of the financial performance of the Group. They are material items of income or expense that have been shown separately due to the significance of their nature or amount.

## 7 CASH AND BALANCES WITH

 TREASURY BANKS| Local currency |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| In hand |  | 1,179,029 | 878,374 |
| Prize bonds |  | 2,484 | 1,956 |
| In current accounts with: |  |  |  |
| State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) | 7.1 | 1,759,082 | 1,192,200 |
| National Bank of Pakistan |  | 2,104 | 2 |
|  |  | 1,761,186 | 1,192,202 |
| In deposit accounts with: |  |  |  |
| National Bank of Pakistan | 7.2 | 535,051 | 443,806 |
|  |  | 3,477,750 | 2,516,338 |

7.1 This represents current accounts maintained with the SBP under the cash reserve requirement of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962.
7.2 These carry mark-up at the rate 4.25\% per annum (2015: 4.25\% per annum).


## Rupees in '000

## 8 BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS

In Pakistan-local currency: In current accounts

|  | 9,379 | 14,585 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8.1 | 20,444,563 | 16,728,113 |
|  | 20,453,942 | 16,742,698 |

8.1 These carry mark-up rates ranging from $3.74 \%$ to $8.30 \%$ per annum (2015: 4.25\% to $7.5 \%$ per annum).

## 9 INVESTMENTS - NET

9.1 Investments by Types

| Note | 2015 |  |  | 2016 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Held by Bank | Given as collateral | Total | Held by Bank | Given as collateral | Total |
|  |  |  | Rup | ees in '000 |  |  |
| 9.6 | 1,530,004 | - | 1,530,004 | - | - | - |
|  | 1,530,004 | - | 1,530,004 | - | - | - |
| 9.6 | 19,859,070 | 3,628,017 | 23,487,087 | 3,695,161 | 947,658 | 4,642,819 |
| 9.4 | 89,296 | - | 89,296 | 89,296 | - | 89,296 |
| 9.5 | 10,523 | - | 10,523 | 10,523 | - | 10,523 |
| 9.7 | 5,901,033 | 1,000,000 | 6,901,033 | 688,524 | 4,938,229 | 5,626,753 |
| 9.8 | 39,944 | - | 39,944 | 39,960 | - | 39,960 |
|  | 25,899,866 | 4,628,017 | 30,527,883 | 4,523,464 | 5,885,887 | 10,409,351 |
| 9.6 | - | - | - | 4,278,611 | - | 4,278,611 |
| 9.7 | 1,236,625 | - | 1,236,625 | 1,647,553 | - | 1,647,553 |
|  | 1,236,625 | - | 1,236,625 | 5,926,164 | - | 5,926,164 |
|  | 28,666,495 | 4,628,017 | 33,294,512 | 10,449,628 | 5,885,887 | 16,335,515 |
| 9.3 | $(10,523)$ | - | $(10,523)$ | $(10,523)$ | - | $(10,523)$ |
|  | 28,655,972 | 4,628,017 | 33,283,989 | 10,439,105 | 5,885,887 | 16,324,992 |
| 9.10 | (80) | - | (80) | - | - | - |
| 21 | 3,660,852 | 73,780 | 3,734,632 | 3,311,095 | 29,562 | 3,340,657 |
|  | 32,316,744 | 4,701,797 | 37,018,541 | 13,750,200 | 5,915,449 | 19,665,649 |

## Held for trading

Market Treasury Bills
Available-for-sale securities Market Treasury Bills Shares in listed company Shares in unlisted companies Pakistan Investment Bonds Term Finance Certificates Held-to-maturity securities Market Treasury Bills
Pakistan Investment Bonds
Investments at cost Provision for diminution in value of investments

Deficit on revaluation on held-for-trading securities - net

Surplus on revaluation of available-for-sale securities - net Total investments at market values
Investments (net of provisions) securities - net

| Note | $\begin{array}{r} 2016 \\ \text { Rupees in '000 } \end{array}$ | 2015 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9.6 | 25,017,091 | 8,921,430 |
| 9.7 | 8,137,658 | 7,274,306 |
|  | 33,154,749 | 16,195,736 |
| 9.4 | 89,296 | 89,296 |
| 9.5 | 10,523 | 10,523 |
|  | 99,819 | 99,819 |
| 9.8 | 39,944 | 39,960 |
|  | 33,294,512 | 16,335,515 |
| 9.3 | $(10,523)$ | $(10,523)$ |
|  | 33,283,989 | 16,324,992 |
|  | (80) | - |
| 21 | 3,734,632 | 3,340,657 |
|  | 37,018,541 | 19,665,649 |

### 9.3 Particulars of Provision for Diminution in Value of Investments

Opening balance
Written-off
Closing balance

9.3.1 | 10,523 |
| :--- |
|  |
|  |
| 10,523 |

9.3.1 Particulars of provision in respect of type and segment

Available-for-sale securities - un-listed securities
$110,523)=10,523$

\subsection*{9.4 Particulars of Investment Held in Listed Company <br> 

9.4.1 Market value of listed investment is Rs. 3,874.959 million (2015: Rs. 3,358.298 million).

### 9.5 Particulars of Investments Held in Un-Listed Companies


9.5.1 Due to negative break up value, this investment has been fully provided for in these consolidated financial statements. Cost per share is Rs. 10 to Rs. 13.5 having total cost amounting to Rs. 10.523 million.
9.5.2 Investments in Pakistan Agricultural Storages and Services Corporation Limited was transferred to the Bank at the time of conversion of ADBP into the Bank at nominal value of Re. 1. Cost per share is Rs. 1,000 having total cost amounting to Rs. 2.50 million.
9.5.3 Cost of unlisted investments amounts to Rs. 10.523 million (2015: Rs. 10.523 million) and face value of these investments amounts to Rs. 11.591 million (2015:Rs. 11.591 million).
9.6 Principal terms of investments in Market Treasury Bills - Federal Government Securities

| Name of <br> investment | Credit <br> rating | Maturity period | Principal <br> payment | Rate \% per <br> annum | Coupon <br> payment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| Held for <br> trading | Unrated | February 2016 | On maturity | 5.92 | nil |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Available |  | January 2017 to August |  |  |  |
| for sale | Unrated | 2017 | On maturity | 5.86 to 6.20 | nil |

9.6.1 Market Treasury Bills are held by the Bank which also cover statutory liquidity reserve requirements calculated on the basis of domestic demand and time liabilities. Market value of Market Treasury Bills classified as 'held to maturity' as on December 31, 2016 is nil (2015: Rs. 4,275.483 million).
9.7 Principal Terms of Investments in Pakistan Investment Bonds - Federal Government

| Name of <br> investment | Credit <br> rating | Maturity period | Principal <br> payment | Rate \% per <br> annum | Coupon <br> payment |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Available

for sale Unrated July 2018 to July 2022 On maturity 6.37 to 12.55 bi-annually
Held to
maturity Unrated July 2017 to August 2021 On maturity 10.00 to 10.50 bi-annually
9.7.1 Market value of Pakistan Investment Bonds classified as 'held to maturity' as on December 31, 2016 is Rs. 1,334.75 million (2015: Rs. 1,669.25 million).
9.8 Particulars of Investments in Term Finance Certificates

| Name of investee | Credit <br> rating | Maturity <br> period | Principal <br> payment | Rate \% per <br> annum | Coupon <br> payment |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bank Alfalah Limited | AA- | February | On <br> maturity | 7.28 | bi-annually |

### 9.9 Quality of Available-for-Sale Securities

| 2016 |  | 2015 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Market value | Credit rating | Market value | Credit rating |
| Rs. in '000 |  | Rs. in '000 |  |
| 3,874,959 | Unrated | 3,358,298 | Unrated |
| 6,818,933 | Unrated | 5,693,653 | Unrated |
| 23,720,292 | Unrated | 4,678,533 | Unrated |
| 40,994 | AA- | 40,689 | AA- |
| 34,455,178 |  | 13,771,173 |  |
|  |  | 2016 | 2015 |
|  |  | Rupee | in '000 |

### 9.10 Unrealized Loss on Revaluation of Investments classified as held-for-trading

Market Treasury Bills

|  |  | $(80)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Note 2016 |  |  |
| Rupees in '000 |  |  |

## 10 ADVANCES - NET

Loans, etc.
In Pakistan-gross
$10.1 \quad 141,268,159 \quad 134,692,046$
Less:

- Provision against non-performing advances
- Provision against staff advances

Advances - net of provision
10.2

| $(5,474,388)$ <br> $(28,621)$ | $(5,111,238)$ <br> $(28,064)$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $(5,503,009)$ | $(5,139,302)$ |
| $135,765,150$ |  |

### 10.1 Particulars of Advances (gross)

10.1.1 In local currency

| $141,268,159$ |  |
| ---: | :---: |
| $80,577,376$ | $134,692,046$ |
| $60,690,783$ |  |
| $141,268,159$ | $76,144,132$ |
|  | $58,547,914$ |

10.2 Advances include Rs. $22,742.475$ million (2015: Rs. $16,524.468$ million) which have been placed under nonperforming status as detailed below:

| 2015 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\ldots \ldots \ldots$. Rupees in '000 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ |  |  |
| Classified | Provision | Provision |
| advances | required | held |
| Domestic |  |  |
| $11,657,786$ | - | - |
| $2,262,169$ | 452,429 | 452,429 |
| $1,891,406$ | 945,702 | 945,702 |
| 713,107 | 713,107 | 713,107 |
| $16,524,468$ | $2,111,238$ | $2,111,238$ |
|  |  |  |
| - | - | $3,000,000$ |
| $16,524,468$ | $2,111,238$ | $5,111,238$ |


| 2015 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific | General | Total |
| ............................... |  |  |
| 3,919,999 | 3,000,000 | 6,919,999 |
| 3,260,103 | - | 3,260,103 |
| $(3,839,467)$ | - | $(3,839,467)$ |
| $(579,364)$ | - | $(579,364)$ |
| - | - | - |
| $(1,229,397)$ | - | $(1,229,397)$ |
| 2,111,238 | 3,000,000 | 5,111,238 |


| 2016 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\ldots \ldots$. Rupees in '000 ...... |  |  |
| Classified |  |  |
| advances | Provision | Provision |
|  | required | held |
| Domestic |  |  |
|  | - | - |
| $2,202,634$ | 640,527 | 640,527 |
| $2,044,765$ | $1,022,385$ | $1,022,385$ |
| 811,476 | 811,476 | 811,476 |
| $22,742,475$ | $2,474,388$ | $2,474,388$ |
|  |  |  |
| - | - | $3,000,000$ |
| $22,742,475$ | $2,474,388$ | $5,474,388$ |

10.3 Particulars of Provision against Non-Performing Advances

| 2016 |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Specific |  |  | General |
| $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots .$ |  |  | Total |
| $2,111,238$ | $3,000,000$ | $5,111,238$ |  |
| $3,173,495$ | - | $3,173,495$ |  |
| $(1,396,022)$ | - | $(1,396,022)$ |  |
| $1,777,473$ | - | $1,777,473$ |  |
| - | - | - |  |
| $(1,414,323)$ |  | - | $(1,414,323)$ |
| $2,474,388$ | $3,000,000$ | $5,474,388$ |  |

Category of classification
Other assets especially mentioned
Substandard
Doubtful
Loss
Provision under portfolio audit -
general
Other assets especially mentioned
Substandard
Loss
Provision under portfolio audit
general
Cater

### 10.3.1 Particulars of provision against non-performing advances


10.3.2 Regulations R-11, R-12, R-13 and R-15 of the Prudential Regulations for Agriculture Financing prescribe minimum standards for classification and provisioning of non-performing loans. As per the time based criteria given in the aforesaid Regulations, provision against non-performing loans is to be made at a given percentage of the difference resulting from the outstanding balance of principal less the amount of realizable liquid assets and a given percentage of the value of mortgaged lands and buildings at the time of sanction of the loans. However, as a matter of prudence the Bank has not availed the benefit of allowed value of mortgaged lands and buildings while computing the provision against non-performing loans.
10.3.3 In addition to the time based criteria, the Bank has further de-graded the category of classified loans and advances amounting to Rs. 13.001 million ( 2015 : Rs. 26.141 million) on the basis of credit worthiness of the borrowers in accordance with the subjective criteria of the Prudential Regulations for Agriculture Financing.
-
10.3.4 Provision against non-performing loans and advances - net

Provision / (reversal) against non-performing loans and advances

## Rupees in '000

| Note | 2016 | 2015 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rupe |  |
| 10.3 | 1,777,473 | $(579,364)$ |
|  | 557 | 6,254 |
|  | 1,778,030 | $(573,110)$ |
| Note | 2016 | 2015 |
|  | Rupees in '000 |  |
|  | - | - |
| 10.6 | - | - |
|  | - |  |
|  | 1,414,323 | 1,229,397 |
|  | 91,766 | - |
|  | 1,322,557 | 1,229,397 |
| 10.7 | 1,414,323 | 1,229,397 |

### 10.4 Particulars of Write Offs

10.4.1 Against provisions

Write offs of Rupees 500,000 and above
Write offs of below Rupees 500,000

### 10.5 Particulars of Charged Offs

10.5.1 Against provisions
10.5.2 Charge offs of Rupees 500,000 and above

Charge offs of below Rupees 500,000

### 10.6 Details of Write Offs of Rupees 500,000 and Above

In terms of sub-section (3) of section 33A of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 the statement in respect of written-off loans or any other financial relief of five hundred thousand rupees or above allowed to a person(s) during the year has to be disclosed. However, this write off does not effect the Bank's right to recover debts from these customers. During the year no write-off or any other financial relief of five hundred thousand rupees or above was allowed to any person(s).

### 10.7 Particulars of Charged Off

In terms of Prudential Regulations for Agricultural Financing - Part B (specific regulations) the Bank extinguishes its loans through provisions. The total balance for these off-balance sheet loans extinguished against provisions as at December 31, 2016 amounts to Rs. 20,883.374 million (2015: Rs. 22,467.640 million) with an addition of Rs. 1,414.322 million (2015: Rs. 1,229.397 million) as charge off loans during the year. Detail of charge offs out of extinguished loan portfolio exceeding five hundred thousand rupees is given at Annexure-I.

### 10.8 Particulars of Loans and Advances to Directors, Executives and Officers

Debts due by the directors, executives and officers of the Bank or any of them either severally or jointly with other persons:

|  | 2016 |  | 2015 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Note | Rupee |  |
| Balance at the beginning of year |  | 1,713,953 | 1,690,246 |
| Loans granted during the year |  | 567,396 | 502,817 |
|  |  | 2,281,349 | 2,193,063 |
| Repayments |  | $(457,934)$ | $(479,110)$ |
| Balance at the end of year |  | 1,823,415 | 1,713,953 |
| OPERATING FIXED ASSETS |  |  |  |
| Capital work-in-progress | 11.1 | 124,391 | 299,821 |
| Property and equipment | 11.2 | 1,960,034 | 1,805,596 |
| Intangible assets | 11.3 | 338 | 12 |
|  |  | 2,084,763 | 2,105,429 |

### 11.1 Capital Work-In-Progress

|  | Opening balances | Additions | Transferred to Property and equipment | Closing balances |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ............... Rupees in '000 .................. |  |  |  |
| Civil works | 212,599 | 46,980 | 211,469 | 48,110 |
| Equipment | 1,270 | 70,896 | 1,270 | 70,896 |
| Advances to suppliers and contractors | 67,142 | - | 67,142 | - |
| Consultancy charges | 15,282 | 2,532 | 13,461 | 4,353 |
| Others | 3,528 | 923 | 3,419 | 1,032 |
| December 31, 2016 | 299,821 | 121,331 | 296,761 | 124,391 |
| December 31, 2015 | 213,711 | 86,110 | - | 299,821 |

11.2 Property and Equipment

| Description | COST |  |  |  | ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION |  |  |  | Book value at December 31, 2016 | Annual rate of Depreciation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | At January $01,2016$ | Additions | (Deletion) / <br> adjustments | $\begin{gathered} \text { At December } \\ 31,2016 \end{gathered}$ | At January 01,2016 | Charge for the year | (Depreciation on deletion) / adjustments | At December $\text { 31, } 2016$ |  |  |
| ................................................... Rupees in '000 ............................................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Land - Freehold | 222,564 | - | - | 103,262 | - | - | - | - | 103,262 | - |
|  |  |  | $(119,302)$ |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |
| Land - Leasehold | 15,139 | - | - | 8,414 | 10,289 | 339 | - | 4,667 | 3,747 | Lease terms for 33 to 99 years |
|  |  |  | $(6,725)$ |  |  |  | $(5,961)$ |  |  |  |
| Buildings on freehold | 337,745 | 224,205 | - | 562,761 | 78,010 | 13,510 | - | 104,947 | 457,814 | 5\% |
| land |  |  | 811 |  |  |  | 13,427 |  |  |  |
| Buildings on leasehold | 366,014 | 3,791 | - | 488,237 | 125,790 | 3,802 | - | 237,779 | 250,458 | 5\% |
| land |  |  | 118,432 |  |  |  | 108,187 |  |  |  |
| Buildings on leasehold land - | 21,224 | - | - | 21,224 | 6,851 | 729 | - | 7,571 | 13,653 | 5\% |
| ADB |  |  | - |  | (9) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Furniture and fixtures | 312,465 | 121,216 | $(5,151)$ | 413,942 | 82,643 | 35,156 | $(1,692)$ | 108,965 | 304,977 | 10\% / 20\% |
|  |  |  | $(14,588)$ |  |  |  | $(7,142)$ |  |  |  |
| Computer, office and other | 686,792 | 137,669 | $(4,442)$ | 782,959 | 356,644 | 113,328 | $(2,378)$ | 444,402 | 338,557 | 20\% / 33.33\% |
| equipment |  |  | $(37,060)$ |  |  |  | $(23,192)$ |  |  |  |
| Computer, office and other | 157,519 | - | - | 221,744 | 157,519 | 601 | - | 221,741 | 3 | 20\% / 33.33\% |
| equipment - ADB |  |  | 64,225 |  |  |  | 63,621 |  |  |  |
| Vehicles | 1,335,432 | 114,373 | $(98,335)$ | 1,236,292 | 831,552 | 161,073 | $(44,023)$ | 748,729 | 487,563 | 20\% |
|  |  |  | $(115,178)$ |  |  |  | $(199,873)$ |  |  |  |
|  | 3,454,894 | 601,254 | $(107,928)$ | 3,838,835 | 1,649,298 | 328,538 | $(48,093)$ | 1,878,801 | 1,960,034 |  |
|  |  |  | $(109,385)$ |  |  |  | $(50,942)$ |  |  |  |

COST ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION

| Description | COST |  |  |  | ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATIO |  |  |  | Book value at December 31, 2015 | Annual rate of Depreciation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { At January } \\ & 01,2015 \end{aligned}$ | Additions | (Deletions) | At December $\text { 31, } 2015$ | At January $\text { 01, } 2015$ | Charge for the year | (Depreciation on deletions) | At December $31,2015$ |  |  |
| .................................................. Rupees in '000 ..................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Land - Freehold | 221,895 | 669 | - | 222,564 | - | - | - | - | 222,564 | - |
| Land - Leasehold | 15,139 | - | - | 15,139 | 9,888 | 401 | - | 10,289 | 4,850 |  |
| Buildings on freehold land | 333,278 | 4,467 | - | 337,745 | 64,155 | 13,855 | - | 78,010 | 259,735 | 5\% |
| Buildings on leasehold land | 360,559 | 5,455 | - | 366,014 | 121,500 | 4,290 | - | 125,790 | 240,224 | 5\% |
| Buildings on leasehold land - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ADB | 21,224 | - | - | 21,224 | 6,095 | 756 | - | 6,851 | 14,373 | 5\% |
| Furniture and fixtures | 182,112 | 133,634 | $(3,281)$ | 312,465 | 63,215 | 22,003 | $(2,575)$ | 82,643 | 229,822 | 10\%/20\% |
| Computer, office and other equipment | 503,440 | 193,705 | $(10,353)$ | 686,792 | 267,954 | 98,246 | $(9,556)$ | 356,644 | 330,148 | 20/33.33\% |
| Computer, office and other equipment-ADB | 157,519 | - | - | 157,519 | 157,519 | - | - | 157,519 | - | 20/33.33\% |
| Vehicles | 1,015,387 | 406,279 | $(86,234)$ | 1,335,432 | 749,891 | 128,343 | $(46,682)$ | 831,552 | 503,880 | 20\% |
|  | 2,810,553 | 744,209 | $(99,868)$ | 3,454,894 | 1,440,217 | 267,894 | $(58,813)$ | 1,649,298 | 1,805,596 |  |
| 2016 Rupees in '000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11.2.1 Carrying amount of temporarily idle property |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 38,656 | 75,623 |  |

11.2.3 Included in cost of property and equipment are fully depreciated items still in use having cost of Rs. 676.269 million.
11.2.4 During the year, the Bank undertook physical count of all its assets and assessed them for adjusting / writing-off / reclassification/incorrect capitalization etc. This exercise was duly certified by an independent consultant who reviewed the activity undertaken by the Bank and suggested to incorporate adjustments in cost of assets worth Rs. 85.403 million and in accumulated depreciation amounting to Rs. 83.426 million. Further, the Bank adjusted the cost of assets and accumulated depreciation with Rs. 23.982 million and Rs. 134.368 million respectively to rectify / reconcile / streamline its fixed asset register with its books of account and subsidiary records.
11.2.5 Detail of disposal of operating fixed assets during the year

| Description | Cost | Accumulated depreciation | Book value | Sale proceed | Mode of disposal / settlement | Particulars of buyers | Location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ................. Rupees in '000 ................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Vehicles |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,039 | 450 | 589 | 589 | As per Bank policy | Masood Anwar, SVP (R) | Islamabad |
| Toyota Corolla | 1,565 | 1,017 | 548 | 650 | As per Bank policy | Alamgir Khattak, EVP (R) | Islamabad |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,039 | 468 | 571 | 571 | As per Bank policy | Yawar Ali Bukhari, SVP (R) | Islamabad |
| Toyota Corolla | 1,565 | 1,043 | 522 | 650 | As per Bank policy | Fiaz Khan, SVP (R) | Islamabad |
| Honda City | 1,262 | 1,262 | - | 436 | As per Bank policy | Khalid Zia, EVP (R) | Islamabad |
| Honda City | 1,262 | 1,262 | - | 584 | As per Bank policy | Sher Aman Khan, EVP (R) | Islamabad |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,039 | 554 | 485 | 485 | As per Bank policy | Izhar Ahmad, SVP (R) | Islamabad |
| Honda Civic | 1,562 | 1,562 | - | 1,179 | Auction | Tariq Mehmood | Rawalpindi |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,045 | 296 | 749 | 749 | As per Bank policy | Khalid Jamil, SVP (R) | Islamabad |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,045 | 209 | 836 | 836 | As per Bank policy | Said Ghani Shah, SVP (R) | Islamabad |
| Intercooler | 1,477 | 1,477 | - | 1,123 | Auction | Syed Ghulam Mustafa | Lahore |
| Toyota Altis | 1,899 | 1,411 | 488 | 488 | As per Bank policy | Roohi R. Khan, Ex-COO | Islamabad |
| Honda City | 1,049 | 384 | 665 | 665 | As per Bank policy | Shazda Zia, SVP (R) | Islamabad |
| Suzuki Swift | 1,050 | 280 | 770 | 770 | As per Bank policy | Khawaja Ramzan, SVP (R) | Islamabad |
| Toyota Corolla | 1,504 | 1,253 | 251 | 251 | As per Bank policy | Muhammad Asaf Ch., EVP | Islamabad |
| Honda Civic | 1,534 | 1,534 | - | - | As per Bank policy | Abdul Ghaffar Bhatti, SEVP | Islamabad |
| Toyota Altis | 1,044 | 331 | 713 | 713 | As per Bank policy | Ghulam Haider, VP (R) | Islamabad |
| Toyota Corolla | 1,657 | 387 | 1,270 | 1,270 | As per Bank policy | Ghulam Rasool, EVP (R) | Islamabad |
| Honda City | 1,044 | 557 | 487 | 487 | As per Bank policy | Bilal Agha, AEVP (R) | Islamabad |
| Toyota Corolla | 1,657 | 359 | 1,298 | 1,298 | As per Bank policy | Ijaz Akhtar Rao, EVP (R) | Islamabad |
| Suzuki Swift | 1,059 | 547 | 512 | 512 | As per Bank policy | M. Gulistan Malik, SVP (R) | Islamabad |
| Suzuki Cultus | 1,105 | 147 | 958 | 958 | As per Bank policy | Syed Zulfiqar Ali, SVP | Islamabad |
| Toyota Corolla | 1,452 | 1,452 | - | - | As per Bank policy | Ch. Imtiaz Ahmed, EVP | Islamabad |
| Other assets having book value of less than Rs. 250,000 or cost of less than Rs. 1 million | 29,954 | 18,242 | 11,712 | 15,264 |  |  |  |
|  | 77,974 | 29,851 | 48,123 | 78,097 |  |  |  |
|  | 107,928 | 48,093 | 59,835 | 93,361 |  |  |  |

11.3 Intangible Assets

| Description | COST |  |  |  | ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION |  |  |  | Book value at December 31, 2016 | Annual rate of amortization |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | At January, 012016 | Additions | (Deletion) / adjustmetns | At December 31, 2016 | At January, 01 2016 | Charge for the year | (Deletion) / adjustmetns | At December $\text { 31, } 2016$ |  |  |
| ........................................ Rupees in '000 ......................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer software | 1,175 | 450 | - | 450 | 1,164 | 30 | - | 112 | 338 | 33.33\% |
|  |  |  | $(1,175)$ |  |  |  | $(1,082)$ |  |  |  |
| Computer software - ADB | 80,500 | - | - | 82,081 | 80,499 | 111 | - | 82,081 | - | 33.33\% |
|  |  |  | 1,581 |  |  |  | 1,471 |  |  |  |
|  | 81,675 | 450 | - | 82,531 | 81,663 | 141 | - | 82,193 | 338 |  |
|  |  |  | 406 |  |  |  | 389 |  |  |  |
|  | COST |  |  |  | ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION |  |  |  | Book value at December 31, 2015 |  |
| Description | At January, 012015 | Additions | (Deletions)/ adjustments | At December 31, 2015 | At January, 01 2015 | Charge for the year | (Deletions)/ adjustments | At December $\text { 31, } 2015$ |  | Annual rate of amortization |

[^0]
## 12 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS - NET

The details of the tax effect of taxable and deductible temporary differences are as follows:

| Note | 2016 | - 2015 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rupees in '000 |  |
| 21 | $(60,540)$ | $(65,703)$ |
|  | $(1,231,066)$ | $(1,169,230)$ |
|  | $(1,291,606)$ | $(1,234,933)$ |
|  | 1,637,116 | 1,538,323 |
|  | 22,131 | 18,316 |
| S | 313,327 | 185,456 |
|  | 680,968 | 507,162 |

## 13 OTHER ASSETS - NET

| Income / mark-up accrued on deposits in local |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Income / mark-up accrued on securities |  | 437,470 | 264,015 |
| Accrued interest / mark-up on advances | 13.1 | 9,570,334 | 9,638,620 |
| Stationery and stamps in hand |  | 106,452 | 85,979 |
| Amount recoverable from Federal Government | 13.2 | 2,111,529 | 1,476,547 |
| Crop loan insurance claim recoverable from |  |  |  |
| Insurance Companies |  | 979 | 246 |
| Tax recoverable | 13.3 | 427,748 | 427,748 |
| Non banking assets acquired in satisfaction of $\begin{array}{llll}\text { claims } & 13.4 & 236,857 & \text { 246,497 }\end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| Receivable from defined benefit plans | 18.2 | 3,553,355 | 3,723,275 |
| Stock of farm machinery |  | 13,125 | 13,125 |
| Advances against salary and expenses |  | 15,986 | 25,082 |
| Security deposits |  | 6,172 | 6,059 |
| Advances and other prepayments |  | 348,473 | 1,303,058 |
| Others |  | 303,687 | 303,426 |
|  |  | 17,246,878 | 17,574,375 |
| Provision held against other assets | 18.3 | $(783,815)$ | $(780,525)$ |
| Other assets - net of provisions |  | 16,463,063 | 16,793,850 |

13.1 This does not include Rs. 4,397.606 million (2015: Rs. 3,452.266 million) on account of unrealised mark-up on non performing loans and advances kept in the memorandum account in accordance with the Prudential Regulations for Agriculture Financing.
13.2 This includes amount recoverable from Federal Government on account of crop loan insurance premium amounting to Rs. 1,391.307 million (2015: Rs. 1,105.273 million), small livestock farmers premium amounting to Rs. 630.289 million (2015: Rs. 295.254 million) and animal tagging charges amounting to Rs. 32.799 million (2015: Rs. 19.164 million).
13.3 This includes tax recoverable of Rs. 297.149 million (2015: Rs. 297.149 million) for assessment years 1991-92 to 1998-99 as disclosed in Note 22.2.3.
13.4 Market value of non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims amounts to Rs. 635.399 million (2015: Rs. 633.221 million).

Note $2016 \quad$|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  | Rupees in '000 |

### 13.5 Receivable from defined benefit plans

33.4.1

Pension scheme
Gratuity scheme - SR - 2005
Gratuity scheme - SSR - 1961

|  | 1,818,166 | 1,545,639 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 8,283 | - |
|  | 1,726,906 | 2,177,636 |
| 18.2.1 | 3,553,355 | 3,723,275 |

13.5.1 These represent assets recognized by the Group as required by International Accounting Standard (IAS) 19 'Employee Benefits' against its defined benefit schemes on the recommendation of independent actuary.
Note 2016 Rupees in '000 2015

### 13.6 Provision held against other assets

Opening balance
Charge for the year
Reversals

Closing balance

| 780,525 | 745,589 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 13,256 |  |
| $(9,966)$ |  |$)$| 61,984 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $(27,048)$ |
| 3,290 |
| 783,815 |

## 14 BILLS PAYABLE

In Pakistan
493,231
346,059

## 15 BORROWINGS

In Pakistan
15.1

55,885,230
57,143,100

### 15.1 Particulars of Borrowings with Respect to Currencies

In local currency
15.2 $\qquad$

### 15.2 Details of Borrowings from Financial Institutions - Secured

Borrowing from State Bank of Pakistan (SBP)
Agricultural loans
Agri-project loans
Repurchase agreement borrowings

| 15.3 \& 15.5 | 50,174,089 | 50,174,089 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15.4 \& 15.5 | 1,083,124 | 1,083,124 |
| 15.7 | 51,257,213 | 51,257,213 |
|  | 4,628,017 | 5,885,887 |
|  | 55,885,230 | 57,143,100 |

15.3 As per agreement with the SBP, these loans were obtained for providing finance to customers for agriculture purposes. Three credit lines amounting to Rs. 1.577 billion carried interest rate of $4.00 \%$ per annum while remaining thirty two credit lines amounting to Rs. 48.597 billion were based on profit and loss sharing subject to maximum share of profit to the SBP ranging from $4.00 \%$ to $10.00 \%$ per annum. These loans were secured by way of guarantee of Government of Pakistan (GoP).
15.4 These loans were given by the SBP for the purpose of providing finance to agro based industry. These were subject to profit and loss sharing with a maximum share of profit to the SBP ranging from $4.00 \%$ to $6.00 \%$ per annum. These were secured by guarantee given by the GoP.
15.5 In view of future financial viability and sustainability of the Bank, in a meeting, held on July 11, 2014 among Ministry of Finance (MoF), the SBP, the SECP and the Bank, it was decided to convert outstanding the SBP debt - principal (Rs. 51.257 billion), sub-ordinated loan (Rs. 3.204 billion) and accrued mark-up (Rs. 35.030 billion) owed by the Bank to the SBP as on June 30, 2014 into equity investment of the SBP in the Bank. It was also decided that Bank's claim against the GoP on account of mark-up differential and various Presidential Relief Packages shall be waived off by the Bank procedurally. As decided, the Board of Directors of the Bank in its meeting dated July 18, 2014 and the shareholders of the Bank in their extraordinary general meeting dated August 13, 2014 approved the conversion of the SBP debt of Rs. 89.491 billion into 8,949,098,476 fully paid-up ordinary shares as equity investment of the SBP in the Bank and the Bank's claim against the GoP was waivedoff/ written-off.

Further, it was mutually agreed between the Bank and the SBP that the SBP debt - principal amounting to Rs. 54.460 billion (SBP borrowings amounting to Rs. 51.257 billion and sub-ordinated loan amounting Rs. 3.204 billion) be converted into redeemable preference shares carrying a mark-up of $7.5 \%$ per annum, redeemable in one bullet payment on December 31, 2025. The mark-up on preference shares shall be payable half yearly on June 30 and December 31, each year and shall be the contractual obligation of the Bank.

Mark-up on the existing debt shall be accrued up to December 31, 2015 as per existing arrangements, leading to increase in accrued mark-up from Rs. 35.030 billion as on June 30, 2014 to Rs. 40.156 billion as on December 31, 2015. The accrued mark-up of Rs. 40.156 billion be converted into ordinary shares of the Bank, which has been shown as share deposit money of the Bank. The Board of Directors in their meeting held on February 02, 2016 and further in consultation with the SBP, resolution by circulation dated February 19, 2016, was approved by the Board of Directors of the Bank and has resolved to convert SBP's debt into preference shares and mark-up into ordinary shares of the Bank for which members approval has been obtained.

The principal of the preference shares and return thereon shall be guaranteed by the Federal Government of Pakistan.
15.6 After the reporting period, the Bank has filed Form - 3 with the SECP for issuance of ordinary and preference shares on March 20, 2017 and March 24, 2017 and consequently issued ordinary and preference shares to the SBP.
15.7 It carries markup at the rate of $5.85 \%$ to $5.95 \%$ (2015: 6.15\%) and is secured against Pakistan Investment Bonds having carrying value of Rs. 1,000 million (2015: Rs. $4,967.633$ million) and Market Treasury Bills having carrying value of Rs. 3,632.703 million (2015: Rs. 947.816 million). This is repayable by March 2017 (2015: January 2016).

## Note

Rupees in '000

## 16 DEPOSITS AND OTHER ACCOUNTS

## Customers - local currency

| Fixed deposits | 16.1 | 38,399,873 | 14,074,688 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Saving deposits | 16.2 | 8,681,024 | 8,539,950 |
| Current accounts - remunerative |  | 63,736 | 90,903 |
| Current accounts - non-remunerative |  | 12,537,795 | 13,134,386 |
| Unclaimed deposits |  | 30,430 | 29,097 |
|  |  | 59,712,858 | 35,869,024 |

16.1 This represents term deposits having tenure of 6 to 60 months ( $2015: 3$ to 60 months) carrying interest at the rates ranging from $4.00 \%$ to $7.25 \%$ ( $2015: 6.00 \%$ to $8.25 \%$ ) per annum.
16.1.1 This includes Rs. 55.743 million (2015: Rs. 92.071 million) as deposit of employees' benefit funds.
16.2 This includes Rs. 0.010 million (2015: Rs. 0.010 million) as deposit of employees' benefit funds.

## 17 SUB-ORDINATED LOAN

As per restructuring plan of the Bank approved by the ECC of the Cabinet, the SBP's equity holding of Rs. 3.204 billion was converted into subordinated loan on terms to be agreed with the SBP. Accordingly, the Bank submitted a proposal to the SBP for restructuring the debt according to which the SBP's debt of Rs. 51.257 billion and SBP's subordinated debt of Rs. 3.204 billion was repayable in 15 equal annual installments commencing from 2006 onward with the provision to make repayment of the subordinated debt in the last installment and rate of mark up to be pegged at weighted average yield of 12 months Treasury Bill rate of $2.3558 \%$ per annum as per Treasury Bill auction dated June 12, 2003 and capped at the aforesaid markup rate for an initial period of five years.

As fully explained in note 15.6 and note 43, after the reporting period, the Bank has filed Form -3 with the SECP for issuance of ordinary and preference shares on March 20, 2017 and March 24, 2017 and consequently issued ordinary and preference shares to the SBP.
Note 20162015

## 18 OTHER LIABILITIES

Mark-up / return / interest payable in local

| currency |  | $3,333,557$ | 992 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Accrued expenses |  | 683,143 | 556,903 |
| Branch adjustment account | 38,173 | 118,432 |  |
| Taxation (provisions less payments) | 18.1 | 254,813 | $3,044,986$ |
| Net liabilities relating to Bangladesh | 18.2 | 189 | 189 |
| Payable to Ministry of Food Agriculture and Livestock | 18.3 | 176,100 | 176,100 |
| Profit payable on deposits and other accounts |  | 918,040 | 370,690 |
| Provision for: | 33.4 .1 |  |  |
| - gratuity scheme - SR - 2005 |  | - | 11,268 |
| - employees' post retirement medical benefits |  | $5,067,281$ | $4,443,878$ |
| - employees' compensated absences |  | $2,581,581$ | $2,390,052$ |
| - gratuity scheme of the Company |  | 182,323 | 139,483 |
| Security deposits | 18,413 | 17,282 |  |
| Deferred income | 18.5 | 13,656 | 14,375 |
| Others | 18.5 | 576,391 | 560,520 |
|  |  | $13,836,960$ | $11,845,150$ |

### 18.1 Taxation - Net

Opening balance
Charge during the year
Advance income tax/withholding tax
Closing balance

### 18.2 Net Liabilities Relating to Bangladesh <br> <br> 18.2 Net Liabilite Relating to Bangladesh

 <br> <br> 18.2 Net Liabilite Relating to Bangladesh}Liabilities
Assets

Rupees in '000

18.2 .1 \begin{tabular}{l}
1,666,337 <br>

| $(1,666,148)$ |
| ---: |
| 189 |
| $(1,636,698)$ | <br>

\end{tabular}

18.2.1 This represents the amount relating to the activities of the Bank in Bangladesh (former East Pakistan) before its separation. In accordance with the Finance Division letter No. F.5(12)PEC(op-FR)/78-236 dated May 6, 1979 the Bank has to calculate interest on the loans made in Bangladesh as it does in the case of corresponding borrowings made from the SBP. Instead of carrying the interest to profit and loss account, the Bank shows it in the statement of financial position only. The Bank is accruing interest at the rate of $8 \%$ per annum on its loans and advances made in Bangladesh with contra increase in its liabilities relating to its activities in Bangladesh.
18.3 This represents the amount of Rs. 8.100 million (2015: Rs. 8.100 million) payable under Japanese KR-II Grant1996 and Rs. 168 million (2015: Rs. 168 million) payable under Crop Maximization Project - Productivity Enhancement on Sustainable Basis.
Note 20162015

Rupees in '000

### 18.4 Deferred Income

Opening balance
Amortization during the year
Closing balance

|  | 14,375 | 15,131 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 | (719) | (756) |
|  | 13,656 | 14,375 |

18.4.1 Deferred income comprises the grants from the Asian Development Bank via Government of Pakistan for Rural Support Development Finance Project (RSDFP).
18.5 This represents various payables which include insurance claims payable / adjustable against the loan liability of the borrowers, withholding income tax, contribution received from borrowers, etc.

## 19 SHARE CAPITAL

### 19.1 Authorized Capital

| 2016 | 2015 |  | 2016 | 2015 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of shares |  | Ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each | Rupees in '000 |  |
| 12,500,000,000 | 12,500,000,000 |  | 125,000,000 | 125,000,000 |

### 19.2 Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Capital

| 2016 | 2015 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of shares |  |  |  |  |
| Ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each |  |  |  |  |
| 1,186,961,201 | 1,186,961,201 | - fully paid in cash | 11,869,612 | 11,869,612 |
| 65,282,866 | 65,282,866 | - Issued as bonus shares | 652,829 | 652,829 |
| 1,252,244,067 | 1,252,244,067 |  | 12,522,441 | 12,522,441 |


| 19.3 | Shareholder | No. of ordinary shares | Paid-up value per share |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Government of Pakistan | 1,251,189,067 | 10 | 12,511,891 | 12,511,891 |
|  | Government of Punjab | 292,340 | 10 | 2,923 | 2,923 |
|  | Government of Sindh | 125,545 | 10 | 1,256 | 1,256 |
|  | Government of Khyber |  |  |  |  |
|  | Pakhtunkhwa | 71,740 | 10 | 717 | 717 |
|  | Government of Balochistan | 37,875 | 10 | 379 | 379 |
|  | Erstwhile East Pakistan | 527,500 | 10 | 5,275 | 5,275 |
|  |  | 1,252,244,067 |  | 12,522,441 | 12,522,441 |

## 20 RESERVES

|  | Revenue reserve |  | 2016 | 2015 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Statutory reserves | Contingencies reserve |  |  |
|  | ........ | ............. Rupe | . |  |
| Opening balance | 5,583,290 | 60,000 | 5,643,290 | 4,588,766 |
| Transferred from unappropriated profit | 654,867 | - | 654,867 | 1,054,524 |
| Closing balance | 6,238,157 | 60,000 | 6,298,157 | 5,643,290 |

20.1 Statutory reserves represent reserve maintained as per requirement of section 21 of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962.
20.2 The Bank has set aside contingencies reserve for insurance of cash, building and vehicles.

## Rupees in '000

## 21 SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF ASSETS - NET OF TAX

Surplus / (deficit) arising on revaluation of available-for-sale securities:

| Quoted investments | $3,785,683$ | $3,269,002$ |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
| Other securities | $(51,051)$ | 71,655 |
|  | $3,734,632$ | $3,340,657$ |
| Related deferred tax liability | $(1,307,121)$ | $(1,169,230)$ |
|  | $2,427,511$ | $2,171,427$ |

## 22 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

### 22.1 Contingent Assets

## Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited

22.1.1 The Government of Pakistan reduced the markup rates on the Bank's advances from $14 \%$ to $9 \%$ vide Presidential Relief Package 2004 w.e.f. July 01, 2004. As per the directive of the Bank's Board of Directors, the Bank requested the Ministry of Finance to compensate the loss of revenue due to this reduction in rate of markup. The total claim in this respect was worked out at Rs. 33,062 million for the period from July 01, 2004 to June 30, 2014. This amount was not accounted for in these financial statements as the formal approval from Ministry of Finance was not received by the Bank. However, as more fully explained in Note 15.5, the Board of Directors has resolved to waive off this claim along with claims against Presidential Relief Packages (Note 22.1.2).
22.1.2 There was a contingent asset of an amount of Rs. 1.708 billion (2015: Rs. 1.708 billion) receivable from the Federal Government on account of following Presidential Relief Packages:

Advances outstanding as at April 30, 2007 receivable from borrowers of Badin, Umerkot and Tharparkar districts outstanding as on April 30, 2007

Advances outstanding as at August 04, 2008 from borrowers of Girdawar Circles of Mathra and Khalisa of Peshawar districts

Advances outstanding as at May 31, 2007 from borrowers of Mansehra, Battagram, Kohistan and Shangla districts

Advances outstanding as at November 30, 2009 from borrowers of Gilgit Baltistan


296,773
2

597,341
1,707,726

22.1.3 As more fully explained in Note 15.5, the Board of Directors has resolved to waive off claims against the above Presidential Relief Packages.
22.1.4 There is a contingency of an amount of Rs. 297.149 million and Rs. 54.828 million on account of minimum income tax levied by the Income Tax authorities under section 80-D of the Income Tax Ordinance, 1979, and various tax refunds pertaining to assessment years 1991-92 to 1998-99 and assessment year 1999-2000 respectively despite the income of the Bank being exempt from tax up to income year ended 30 June 1999. The Bank paid, under protest, these disputed tax demands and also filed writ petition in this respect in the Honorable Lahore High Court, Rawalpindi Bench, Rawalpindi. Later on, the Bank withdrew the said petition on the directions of the Federal Government and the case was referred to the Law and Justice Division of the Government of Pakistan (GoP) which decided the reference in the Bank's favour. The Federal Board of Revenue (FBR), disagreed with the aforesaid decision, further took up the matter with Federal Cabinet for its review. Federal Cabinet referred the case to the Attorney General of Pakistan (AGP) for final decision which was received on March 12, 2011 whereby the AGP decided that Section 27-A of the ADBP Ordinance should prevail over the said section 80-D of the IncomeTax Ordinance, 1979.

Rupees in '000

### 22.2 Contingent Liabilities

22.2.1 Contingent liabilities in respect of 409 cases (2015: 471 cases) filed against the Bank by various borrowers.
22.2.2 Contingent liabilities in respect of 370 cases (2015: 480 cases) filed against the Bank in various courts of law by the employees.

22.2.3 This includes (Note 22.2.2) an estimated amount of Rs. 10.8 billion (2015: Rs. 2 billion) regarding case related to reduction in pension factor which was decided in the favour of the employees by the Honorable Islamabad High Court and challenged by the Bank before the Supreme Court of Pakistan. Supreme Court of Pakistan mantained the decision of Islamabad High Court through its short order dated October 17, 2016. The Bank has filed review petition in the Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan. On April 26, 2017, while hearing the review petition of the Bank, the Supreme Court of Pakistan has set aside its short order dated October 17, 2016 for detailed hearing of the case. The legal counsel of the Bank is of the opinion that Bank carries very strong legal and factual grounds leading thereby to a favourable decision, therefore, no provision has been made in the financial statements.
22.2.4 Income Tax Department under section 161/205 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 levied income tax amounting to Rs. 7.714 million for the tax year 2004. The Bank filed an appeal before the Commissioner Inland Revenue - Appeals (CIR-A) who decided the case in favour of the Bank. However, being aggrieved, the FBR has filed an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR), hearing of the appeal was completed and decision is awaited. The Bank has not accounted for the demand as tax payable, as a favourable decision is expected.
22.2.5 The cases relating to taxation matters of the Bank for the assessment years 2002-2003 and tax years 2003 to 2009 were contested by the Bank at various forums. ATIR vide its orders dated June 09, 2010, March 01, 2011, July 22, 2011 and April 16, 2012 has decided most of the issues involved in favour of the Bank. Final appeal effects order has also been received by the Bank as per the decisions of ATIR resulting in net refunds of Rs. $4,640.154$ million out of which Rs. $1,887.415$ million have been adjusted against payment of advance tax for the period from June 2012 to May 2013. Moreover, Rs. 1,776 million were adjusted by the FBR against the assessment for tax year 2014. However, Commissioner Inland Revenue (CIR) has filed reference applications under section 133 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 against the aforementioned ATIR orders dated June 09, 2010, March 01, 2011, July 22, 2011 and April 16, 2012 before the Honorable Lahore High Court, Rawalpindi Bench for tax years 2003, 2004, 2006 and 2007 and Honorable Islamabad High Court, Islamabad for assessment year 2002-03 and tax years 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008 and 2009. No provision for income tax involved of approximately Rs. 9,917.854 million has been recognized in the financial statements as the Bank is confident for a favourable outcome based on the strong ground of appeal and opinion of legal counsel of the Bank.
22.2.6 The Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue (DCIR) passed orders under section 122(4) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and raised demand of Rs. 3,307 million for tax years 2008 and 2009. The Bankfiled appeals before $\operatorname{CIR}(A)$ who maintained the order. The Bank filed an appeal against the said order before the ATIR which has been decided and cases have been remanded back to the assessing officer. No order, in this regard, has been received so far. The Bank has not accounted for the demand as tax payable, as a favourable outcome is expected.
22.2.7 The Assistant Commissioner Inland Revenue (ACIR) raised demand of Rs. 429.747 million under section 161 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for the tax year 2010. CIR(A), against appeal filed by the Bank, remanded back the case to ACIR with the directions to provide opportunity to the assessee. The Bank and department both filed appeals before the ATIR which were decided in favour of the Bank. However, the department has filed reference application before Honorable Islamabad High Court, Islamabad under section 133 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 which is pending for adjudication. The Bank has not accounted for the demand as tax payable, as a favourable decision is expected.
22.2.8 ACIR passed orders under section 122(5A) and raised demand of Rs. 3.288 billion for tax year 2010, Rs. 2.923 billion for tax year 2011 and Rs. 2.037 billion for tax year 2012. The Bank filed appeal before CIR(A) who remanded back the cases to ACIR. The Bank filed appeals with ATIR against the orders of the CIR(A) which were decided by the ATIR in favour of the Bank in most of the issues. However, the department has filed reference application before Honorable Islamabad High Court, Islamabad against the issues favouring the Bank. On the directions of ATIR Orders the department passed appeal effects Orders u/s 124/122 (5A) of the ITO' 2001 and raised demand of Rs. 616.611 million for Tax Year 2010, Rs. 844.800 million for Tax Year 2011 and Rs. 321.531 million for Tax Year 2012. Being aggrieved the Bank filed appeals before CIR(A) against the Orders of Add. Commissioner (IR) who in its Order deleted the additions in most of the issues. The ACIR on the directions of CIR(A) further issued orders u/s $124 / 122(5 A)$ for Tax Year 2010 converting the earlier demand to refund of Rs. 164.934 million, for Tax Year 2011 reducing the tax liability from Rs. 844.800 million to Rs. 619.849 million and for Tax Year 2012 reducing the tax liability from Rs. 321.531 million to Rs. 5.180 million respectively. Being aggrieved the Bank filed appeal before ATIR against the order of CIR(A). Further the Bank is in the process of filing appeals before CIR(A) against the above ACIR Orders for Tax Year 2010, 2011 \& 2012. The Bank has not accounted for the demand as tax payable, as a favourable decision is expected.
22.2.9 DCIR passed order under section 161/205 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and raised demand of Rs. 208.337 million for tax year 2011. The Bank filed appeal before CIR(A) against the orders of DCIR who remanded back the case to Assessing Officer for verification. The Bank has filed appeal before ATIR against the orders of the $\operatorname{CIR}(A)$. ATIR decided the case in favour of Bank on the issue of default surcharge. However, the department has filed reference application before Honorable Islamabad High Court, Islamabad. Further, the Assessing Officer on remanded back case after verification on various issues reduced the demand to Rs. 14.366 million. Being aggrieved the Bank filed appeal before $\operatorname{CIR}(A)$ against the order of Assessing Officer on remanded back case who deleted various issues and also confirmed the action of Assessing Officer on certain issues. Being aggrieved both the Bank and the department have filed appeal before ATIR against the orders of the CIR(A). The ATIR against the appeals of Bank and Department decided the case in favour of the Bank. Further, on a remanded back issues, the Assessing Officer further created a demand of Rs. 7.527 million. Being aggrieved, the Bank filed appeal before CIR(A) who remanded back the case to the department denovo consideration with the direction that while giving appeal effects, the order of the ATIR may be kept in mind. The Bank has not accounted for the demand as tax payable, as a favourable decision is expected.
22.2.10 ACIR passed order under section 122(5A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and raised demand of Rs. 4.920 billion for tax year 2013. The Bank filed appeal before CIR(A) against the orders of ACIR who deleted the demand on various issues and also confirmed the action of ACIR on certain issues. The Bank and FBR both have filed appeals before ATIR against the orders of the $\operatorname{CIR}(A)$ which were decided in favour of the Bank except Rs. 2.830 billion which were remanded back to ACIR. However, the department has filed reference application before Honorable Islamabad High Court, Islamabad. On the directions of ATIR Orders the department passed appeal effects Orders u/s 124/122 5(A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and raised demand of Rs. 829.428 million. Being aggrieved the Bank filed appeals before CIR(A) against the Orders of Additional Commissioner (IR) who decided the case in most of the issues in favour of the Bank, the appeal effects on the basis of $\operatorname{CIR}(A)$ is pending. Further, the Bank filed appeal before ATIR against the order of $\operatorname{CIR}(A)$.The Bank has not accounted for the demand as tax payable, as a favourable decision is expected.
22.2.11 DCIR passed order under section 161/205 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and raised demand of Rs. 27.792 million for tax year 2009. To avail the Government amnesty, the Bank paid Rs. 19.183 million under protest with waiver of penalty amount of Rs. 8.609 million under amnesty. The FBR allowed the amnesty to the Bank. The Bank has filed appeal before $\operatorname{CIR}(A)$ against the orders of DCIR who upheld the orders of DCIR. The Bank has filed appeal before ATIR against the orders of the CIR(A) who decided the case in favour of the Bank except remanded back the issue of profit on debt for verification. However, the department has filed reference application before Honorable Islamabad High Court, Islamabad. The Assessing Officer passed order u/s 124 read with 161 of the Income Tax Ordinance and raised demand of Rs. 20.435 million on remanded back issue. The Bank has filed appeal before CIR(A). The Assessing Officer on the directions of $\operatorname{CIR}(A)$ further issued order u/s 124/161 / 205 converted the earlier demand to refund of Rs. 16.752 million. The Bank has not accounted for the demand as tax payable as a favourable decision is expected.
22.2.12 DCIR passed order under section 161/205 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and raised demand of Rs. 15.943 million for tax year 2012. The Bank filed appeal before CIR(A) against the orders of DCIR. The CIR(A) deleted various issues and confirmed certain issues resulting to reduce the tax demand from Rs. 15.943 million to Rs. 3.892 million. Being aggrieved the Bank has filed appeal before ATIR against the orders of the CIR(A). The ATIR decided the case in favour of the Bank. Appeal effects are pending with assessing officer.
22.2.13 DCIR passed order u/s 122(5A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and raised demand of Rs. 3.059 billion for the tax year 2014. Further, on a rectification application filed by the Bank the Assessing Officer passed rectification order by reducing demand to Rs. 1.278 billion by adjustment of refund of Rs. 1,776 million and arithmetic error of Rs. 14 million. The Bank filed appeal before $\operatorname{CIR}(A)$ against the orders of DCIR who upheld the orders of DCIR. Being aggrieved the Bank filed appeal before ATIR against the orders of CIR(A) and the same is pending for hearing. The Bank has not accounted for the demand as tax payable as a favourable decision is expected.
22.2.14 ACIR passed order u/s 122(5A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and raised demand of Rs. 5.550 billion for the tax year 2015. The Bank filed appeal before CIR(A) against the orders of ACIR. The Bank has not accounted for the demand as tax payable as a favourable decision is expected.
22.2.15 ACIR passed order $u / s 122(5 A)$ of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and raised demand of Rs. 1.511 billion for the tax year 2016. The Bank filed appeal before $\operatorname{CIR}(A)$ against the orders of ACIR. The Bank has not accounted for the demand as tax payable as a favourable decision is expected.
22.2.16 The Assessing Officer (A.O.) u/s 205(1A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 raised default surcharge demand of Rs. 9.566 million for the tax year 2016 and Rs. 3.550 million for tax year 2017 against delayed payment of advance tax u/s 147 of ITO' 2001. The CIR(A) on the Bank's appeal remanded back the case to A.O. Being aggrieved, the Bank has filed appeal before ATIR. The ATIR in its order deleted the default surcharge for which appeal effect are pending.
22.2.17 The Assessing Officer passed orders under section 161 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 and raised demands of Rs. 3.076 million for Tax Year 2014, Rs 0.207 million and Rs. 2.270 million respectively for tax year 2015 against short deduction of withholding taxes under various heads. The Bank is in the process of filing appeal before $\operatorname{CIR}(\mathrm{A})$ against the orders of Assessing Officer. The Bank has not accounted for the demand as tax payable, as a favourable decision is expected.
22.2.18 The cases relating to Federal Excise Duties / Sales tax matters of the Bank for the years 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2012 were contested by the Bank at various forums. ATIR vide its orders dated May 07, 2012, January 08, 2013, November 26, 2013 and March 13, 2014 has decided most of the issues involved in favour of the Bank. However, Commissioner Inland Revenue (CIR) has filed reference applications under section 47 of the Sales Tax Act, 1990 and under section 34A of the Federal Excise Act, 2005 against the aforementioned ATIR orders before the Honorable Islamabad High Court, Islamabad for years 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2012. No provision for amount involved of approximately Rs. 825.121 million has been recognized in the financial statements as the Bank is confident for a favourable outcome.
22.2.19 DCIR passed orders relating to FED for the period January 2013 to December 2013 and January 2014 to December 2014 creating a demand of Rs. 738.892 million and Rs. 681.109 million respectively. The Bank filed appeal before $\operatorname{CIR}(A)$ against the orders of DCIR who upheld the orders of DCIR. Being aggrieved the Bank filed appeal before ATIR against the orders of $\operatorname{CIR}(A)$ and the same is pending for hearing. The Bank has not accounted for the demand as tax payable, as a favourable decision is expected.
22.2.20 DCIR passed orders relating to Sales Tax for the period January 2013 to December 2013 and January 2014 to December 2014 creating a demand of Rs. 4.470 million and Rs. 13.295 million respectively. The Bank filed appeal before $\operatorname{CIR}(A)$ against the orders of DCIR who upheld the orders of DCIR. Being aggrieved the Bank filed appeal before ATIR against the orders of $\operatorname{CIR}(A)$ and the same is pending for hearing. The Bank has not accounted for the demand as tax payable, as a favourable decision is expected.

## Kissan Support Services (Private) Limited

22.2.21 The Officer Inland Revenue LTU, Islamabad has initiated proceedings against the Company under Section 161/205 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for the Tax Year 2009 and 2011.The Company has submitted all the documentary evidences yet, the case is pending for adjudication. No provision has been made in these accounts as the management is confident that the decision of the case will be decided in the favor of the Company.
22.2.22 The Officer Inland Revenue LTU, Islamabad initiated proceedings against the Company under Section 161/205 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for the financial year ended December 31, 2013 i.e. Tax Year 2014 and created a demand of Rs. 1.182 million. The Company filed an appeal before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals). The Commissioner passed an Order against the Company and maintained the assessment by the Officer Inland Revenue. Now, the Company has filed an appeal to the Appellete Tribunal Inland Revenue, Islamabad and stay against the recovery of the said demand till the decision of Appeal. The Appellette Tribunal granted the stay, however, the hearing date for appeal against the decision of Commissioner Appeals has been to be fixed. No provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements as the management is confident that the decision of the case will be decided in the favor of the Company.
22.2.23 "The Officer Inland Revenue, Large Taxpayers Unit, Islamabad amended the assessment of the Company under section 122(5A) for the financial year ended December 31, 2009 i.e. Tax Year 2010 and created a demand of Rs. 5.095 million. Being aggrieved, the Company filed an appeal before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals). The Commissioner passed an Order against the Company and maintained the assessment framed by the Officer Inland Revenue. The tax amount of Rs. 5.095 million has been deposited with the Tax Authorities and at the same time the Company preferred an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue, Islamabad under section 131 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Appellate Tribunal Revenue Islamabad passed order against the Company and maintained / upheld the order of the commissioner (Appeals). The Company had filed an application for rectification of mistake under section 221 of the Ordinance to the Appellate Tribunal Revenue Islamabad, which passed order against the Company and maintained / upheld the order already passed. Now, the Company has filed a suit against the Large Taxpayer's Unit Islamabad in the Honourable High Court Islamabad which has not been decided yet. No provision has been made in the consolidated financial statements as the management is confident that the decision of the case will be decided in the favour of the Company."
22.2.24 The Company is facing claims launched in various Courts filed by the employees, pertaining to service promotion, dismissal from service and entry into company's premises and others. The matters are still pending before the Courts. As no amount is involved in most of the cases, therefore, the liability is not accurately quantifiable (2015: same as mentioned).


## 24 MARK-UP / RETURN / INTEREST EXPENSED

| On deposits | $1,978,895$ | 766,634 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| On borrowings and subordinated debt - State |  |  |
| Bank of Pakistan | $3,326,951$ | $5,126,544$ |
| On securities sold under repurchased agreement | 127,986 | 98,150 |
| Bank commission and other charges | 21,684 | 22,447 |
|  |  | $5,455,516$ |
| $6,013,775$ |  |  |

## Note 20162015

Rupees in '000

## 25 OTHER INCOME

Rent on property - others
Recoveries of charged off amounts Gain on sale of operating fixed assets Loan application fee Deferred income amortization Others

|  | 26,240 | 38,696 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $1,947,872$ | $2,916,752$ |
|  | 33,526 | 20,114 |
| 18.4 | $1,626,191$ | $1,556,550$ |
| 25.1 | 719 | 756 |
|  | 401,463 | 553,133 |

### 25.1 Others

| Sale proceeds of loan application forms | 56,923 | 60,770 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Postal charges received from loanees | 171,767 | 202,577 |  |
| Credit worthiness report, renewal of Sada Bahar |  |  |  |
| Scheme and other charges recovered | 25.1 .1 | 172,773 | 289,786 |
|  |  | 401,463 | 553,133 |

25.1.1 Other charges includes sale of scrap, business margin and charges of issuance of cheque books etc.

## 26 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Salaries, allowances and benefits Charge / (reversal) for defined benefit plans:

- Pension scheme
- Benevolent scheme - officers / executives
- Benevolent scheme - clerical / non-clerical
- Gratuity under old staff regulations
- Gratuity scheme - staff regulation 2005
- Gratuity scheme of the Company
- Employees' compensated absences
(Reversal) / charge for contribution to defined contribution plan - provident fund Non-executive directors' fees and other expenses Rent, taxes, insurance, electricity, etc. Legal and professional charges Communications Repairs and maintenance Motor vehicle expenses Traveling expenses Stationery and printing Advertisement and publicity Auditors' remuneration Depreciation - tangible Amortization - intangible Services rendered by KSSL - subsidiary company Commutation to employees Others

| 26.1 | 7,942,077 | 7,719,360 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 33.4 .5 |  |
| 26.2 | $(59,988)$ | 268,181 |
|  | $(60,018)$ | $(20,327)$ |
|  | $(35,207)$ | $(34,028)$ |
|  | $(168,437)$ | $(218,172)$ |
|  | 131,189 | 110,111 |
|  | 47,446 | 43,424 |
|  | 424,204 | 145,921 |
|  | 279,189 | 295,110 |


| 33.1 .9 | $(273,750)$ | 41,626 |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 8,375 | 7,696 |
|  | 313,089 | 273,220 |
|  | 46,740 | 61,028 |
|  | 99,463 | 90,233 |
|  | 64,099 | 74,425 |
|  | 387,851 | 401,126 |
|  | 152,966 | 162,696 |
|  | 100,278 | 100,993 |
|  | 13,430 | 15,827 |
|  | 6,002 | 6,139 |
| 26.3 | 328,538 | 267,894 |
| 11.2 | 141 | 107 |
| 11.3 | - | - |
|  | 4,139 | 5,748 |
| 26.4 | 219,732 | 183,130 |
|  | $9,692,359$ | $9,706,358$ |

26.1 This includes post retirement medical benefit amounting to Rs. 540.390 million (2015: Rs. 685.692 million).
26.2 Increase in pension expense for the year is due to change in pension factor which has been accounted for as past service cost. As prescribed by IAS - 19 'Employee Benefits', past service cost is accounted for as an expense during the year.

### 26.3 Auditors' Remuneration



### 26.4 Commutation to Employees

## - Under Staff Regulations-2005

Commutation to employees under Staff Regulations - 2005 (SR - 2005) comprises the differential of 100\% commutation of pension (on the basic pay admissible as on the date of option in respect of officers / executives under SSR-1961 opted for SR-2005) and amount received from pension fund thereof.

## -Voluntary Golden Handshake Scheme-2011 for drivers

All drivers of the Bank having age between 55-59 years as on January 01, 2011 were entitled for Voluntary Golden Handshake Scheme (VGHSS - 2011) subject to completion of 10-20 years of service. VGHSS - 2011 comprises commutation of pension, compensation, leave encashment, general provident fund, benevolent fund grant and medical facilities.

## 27 OTHER CHARGES

| Penalties imposed by SBP | 45,437 | 23,974 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Fixed assets - adjustments | $\left.27.1 \begin{array}{lr}168,911 & - \\ & 214,348 \\ & \end{array}\right)$ |  |

27.1 During the year, the management carried out the physical verification of fixed assets of the Bank. Moreover, minimum capitalization threshold has been defined for each type of asset. As a result of the above, certain adjustments have been made in the books of account to reconcile the eligible physical available assets with balance of books of accounts and adjustments to reconcile the opening balances of books of accounts and fixed asset schedule.

Note 20162015
Rupees in '000

## 28 TAXATION

For the year:

| Current |  | 2,483,154 | 2,311,747 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prior year | 28.1 | 989,117 | 361,408 |
| Deferred |  | $(149,980)$ | 477,391 |

28.1 The Finance Act, 2016 has continued with the requirements of super tax of 4 percent of the taxable income of previous year. As a result, Rs. 332.947 million (2015: Rs. 361.424 million) has been recognized as prior year tax charge.

### 28.2 Relationship Between Income Tax Expense and Accounting Profit

| Accounting profit for the year | 6,701,535 | 8,493,656 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tax rate | 35\% | 35\% |
| Tax on accounting income | 2,345,537 | 2,972,780 |
| Tax effect of permanent differences |  |  |
| Penalties imposed by SBP | 15,903 | 8,391 |
| Repair allowance of one fifth allowed against rental income | $(1,837)$ | $(2,709)$ |
|  | 14,066 | 5,682 |
| Tax effect of prior years | 989,117 | 361,408 |
| Others | $(26,429)$ | $(189,324)$ |
|  | 3,322,291 | 3,150,546 |

## 29 BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE

(Loss) / profit after tax for the year - Rupees in '000 Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year

Basic (loss) / earnings per share - Rupees

3,379,244
5,343,110

| 1,252,244,067 | 1,252,244,067 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2.70 | 4.27 |

## 30 DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

(Loss) / profit after tax for the year - Rupees in '000 Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year

| 3,379,244 |
| ---: |
| $1,343,110$ <br> $1,252,244,067$ <br> 2.70 |

30.1 There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the Group. Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The Group has no dilutive equity instruments, however, share deposit money has not been treated as convertible instrument.

2016
2015
Number
31 STAFF STRENGTH

| Permanent | 7,661 | 7,673 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Contractual | 2,233 | 1,592 |
| Total staff strength | 9,894 | 9,265 |

JCR-VIS Credit Rating Company Limited, Karachi in their report dated June 29, 2016 has reaffirmed credit rating of the Bank at AAA (2015: AAA) with stable outlook and short-term credit rating of A-1+ (2015: A-1+).

## 33 DEFINED BENEFIT AND CONTRIBUTION PLANS

The Group operates the following retirement benefit plans for its employees:
Pension Scheme-funded
Benevolent Scheme-funded
Employees Gratuity Scheme-funded
Post Retirement Medical Benefits-unfunded
Employees Compensated Absences - unfunded
Gratuity scheme of the Company
Defined Contribution Plan
33.1 Brief description of each fund is as follows:

### 33.1.1 Pension scheme

The Bank operates an approved pension scheme for employees who opted for the scheme introduced in year 1975 for clerical / non-clerical staff and in the year 1977 for officers / executives. The contributions are made on the basis of actuarial recommendation.

### 33.1.2 Benevolent scheme-officers

The Bank operates an approved funded benevolent scheme for all officers / executives of the Bank for which contributions are made at the rate of $2 \%$ of basic pay to a maximum of Rs. 200, by each officer / executive. Employee contributions are matched by an equal amount of contributions by the Bank. The Bank is also liable to meet any shortfall in the fund.

### 33.1.3 Benevolent scheme-staff

The Bank operates an approved funded benevolent scheme for all clerical / non-clerical staff for which contributions are made at different rates but not exceeding Rs. 100 by each employee. Employee contributions are matched by an equal amount of contributions by the Bank. The Bank is also liable to meet any shortfall in the fund.

### 33.1.4 Gratuity under old Staff Regulations - SSR 1961

For employees who opted for the scheme introduced in 1975 for clerical / non-clerical staff and in 1977 for officers / executives, the Bank operates an approved funded gratuity scheme in which monthly contributions, if the employee has less than ten years of service, are made by the Bank on the basis of actuarial recommendation.

### 33.1.5 Gratuity under Staff Regulations-2005 (SR-2005)

The Bank also operates a separate Gratuity Fund scheme, w.e.f. August 2006, established upon introduction of Staff Regulations-2005 (SR-2005) for the employees governed under SR-2005. Contributions to this Fund are made by the Bank on the basis of actuarial valuation.

### 33.1.6 Post retirement medical benefits

The Bank provides post retirement medical benefits to eligible retired employees. Provision is made annually to meet the cost of such medical benefits on the basis of actuarial valuation carried out by independent actuary by using Projected Unit Credit (PUC) method.

### 33.1.7 Employees compensated absences-unfunded

The liability of the Bank in respect of long-term employees compensated absences is determined based on actuarial valuation carried out using Projected Unit Credit (PUC) method.

### 33.1.8 Gratuity scheme of the Company

The scheme provides for terminal benefits for all permanent employees of the Company whose period of service is atleast one year. Employees are entiled to gratuity on the basis set out in the Company's staff regulations.

### 33.1.9 Defined contribution plan

The Bank operates an approved non-contributory provident fund (General Provident Fund) through an independent trust for 3,638 (2015: 3,824) employees who are governed under Staff Service Regulations 1961. Contributions to the fund are made by the employees only at the rate of $8 \%$ of mean of pay scale per month.

The Bank also operates Contributory Provident Fund scheme introduced in 2006 (w.e.f. July 2006) for 2,057 (2015: 1,883) employees governed under SR-2005. Contributions to the Contributory Provident Fund is made by the employees and the Bank, if their remaining service is more than ten years from the date of option / appointment, at the rate of $2 \%$ of monetized salary per month. During the year, the Bank contributed Rs. 273.750 million (Cr.) (2015: Rs. 41.626 million) in respect of this fund. This credit balance shows refund of bank matching contribution to fund in respect of transferred employees (from SR-2005 to SSR-1961).

The Bank has contributory provident fund scheme for benefit of all its permanent employees. The Funds are maintained by the Trustees and all decisions regarding investments and distribution of income etc. are made by theTrustees independent of the Bank. The title of the funds is as follow;

Employees Provident Fund, Employees Provident Fund (Officers), Employees Contributory Provident Fund and Employees Provident Fund (Staff).

The Trustees have intimated that the size of the Funds at year end was Rs. 4,262.139 million. As intimated by the Trustees, the cost of the investments made at year end was Rs. 4,126.912 million (2015: Rs. 3,913.853 million) which is equal of $96.83 \%$ (2015: $93.44 \%$ ) of the total fund size. The fair value of the investments was Rs. $4,262.139$ million (2015: Rs. $4,120.054$ million) at that date. The category wise break up of investment as per section 227 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 is given below:

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
|  | Rupees in '000 |  |
|  |  |  |
| Investment in TDR | $2,875,122$ | 326,762 |
| Pakistan Investment Bond | $1,251,790$ | $3,587,090$ |
|  | $4,126,912$ | $3,913,852$ |

According to the Trustees, investments out of provident fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 227 of Companies Ordinance, 1984 and the rules made thereunder. The figures have been taken from the un-audited accounts of the Funds.

### 33.2 Risks Associated with Defined Benefit Plans

## Investment risk

The risk arises when the actual performance of the investments is lower than expectation and thus creating a shortfall in the funding objectives.

## Longevity risk

The risk arises when the actual lifetime of retirees is longer than expectation. This risk is measured at the plan level over the entire retiree population.

## Salary increase risk

The most common type of retirement benefit is one where the benefit is linked with final salary. The risk arises when the actual increases are higher than expectation and impacts the liability accordingly.

## Withdrawal risk

The risk of actual withdrawals varying with the actuarial assumptions can impose a risk to the benefit obligation. The movement of the liability can go either way.

### 33.3 Principal Actuarial Assumption

The latest actuarial valuation is carried out as at December 31, 2016. The actuarial valuations were made using the Projected Unit Credit (PUC) method based on the following significant assumptions:

| Valuation discount rate | 8.00 | 9.00 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Expected rate of increase in salary | 6.00 | 7.00 |
| Expected rate of return on plan assets | 8.00 | 9.00 |
| Expected rate of increase in pension | 3.75 | 4.75 |
| Expected rate of medical inflation | 7.00 | 6.00 |

33.4 Defined Benefit Plans
33.4.1 Reconciliation of (receivable from) / payable to defined benefit plans:

### 33.4.2 Movement in (receivable from) / payable to defined benefit plans

| Pension | Benevolent scheme |  | Gratuity |  | Post retirement medical | Employees compensated absences | Gratuity scheme of the Company |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Officers | Staff | SSR-1961 | SR-2005 |  |  |  |
|  | ----------- |  | --------Rs. in | ----------- |  | ------------ |  |
| $(1,545,639)$ | - | - | $(2,177,636)$ | 11,268 | 4,443,878 | 2,390,052 | 139,483 |
| $(59,988)$ | $(60,018)$ | $(35,207)$ | $(168,437)$ | 131,189 | 540,390 | 424,204 | 47,446 |
| 397,491 | 70,804 | 37,807 | 6,938 | 3,549 | 173,536 | $(225,864)$ | $(2,576)$ |
| 2,199 | $(10,786)$ | $(2,600)$ | - | $(154,289)$ | $(90,525)$ | $(6,811)$ | $(2,030)$ |
| $(612,229)$ | - | - | 612,229 | - | - | - | - |
| $(1,818,166)$ | - | - | $(1,726,906)$ | $(8,283)$ | 5,067,279 | 2,581,581 | 182,323 | Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets

Unrecognized due to impact of asset ceiling Net liability / (asset)
Present value of defined benefit obligation
Fair value of plan assets
Unrecognized due to impact of asset ceiling
Net liability / (asset)
Present value of defined benefit obligation
Fair value of plan assets
Unrecognized due to impact of asset ceiling
Net liability / (asset)

## 2016

| 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pension | Benevolent scheme |  | Gratuity |  | Post retirement medical | Employees compensated absences | Gratuity scheme of the Company |
|  | Officers | Staff | SSR-1961 | SR-2005 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ----- Rs. in |  |  |  |  |
| 11,010,375 | 858,076 | 111,266 | - | 1,345,077 | 5,067,279 | 2,581,581 | 182,323 |
| $(12,828,541)$ | $(1,049,388)$ | $(485,497)$ | $(1,726,906)$ | $(1,353,360)$ | - | - | - |
| $(1,818,166)$ | $(191,312)$ | $(374,231)$ | $(1,726,906)$ | $(8,283)$ | 5,067,279 | 2,581,581 | 182,323 |
| - | 191,312 | 374,231 | - | - | - | - | - |
| $(1,818,166)$ | - | - | $(1,726,906)$ | $(8,283)$ | 5,067,279 | 2,581,581 | 182,323 |
|  |  |  | 20 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Benevole | eme |  |  | Post | Employees | Gratuity |
| Pension | Officers | Staff | SSR-1961 | SR-2005 | retirement medical | compensated absences | scheme of the Company |
|  |  |  | ------ Rs. in | ----------- |  |  |  |
| 10,141,181 | 254,686 | 95,254 | - | 1,171,636 | 4,443,878 | 2,390,052 | 139,483 |
| $(11,686,820)$ | $(984,916)$ | $(453,411)$ | $(2,177,636)$ | $(1,160,368)$ |  |  |  |
| $(1,545,639)$ | $(730,230)$ | $(358,157)$ | $(2,177,636)$ | 11,268 | 4,443,878 | 2,390,052 | 139,483 |
| - | 730,230 | 358,157 | - | - | - | - | - |
| $(1,545,639)$ | - | - | $(2,177,636)$ | 11,268 | 4,443,878 | 2,390,052 | 139,483 | $=\overline{ }$

2016
$\overline{\underline{ }}$
$\square=$ Opening net (assets) / liability
Expense / (credit) for the year
Other comprehensive (income) / expense
Contribution to fund / benefits paid
Transferred from gratuity to pension
Closing net asset (assets) / liability
2015

| Pension | Benevolent scheme |  | Gratuity |  | Post retirement medical | Employees compensated absences | Gratuity scheme of the Company |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Officers | Staff | SSR-1961 | SR-2005 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | --- Rs. in | ------------- |  |  |  |
| $(822,242)$ | - | - | $(1,939,307)$ | 53,215 | 4,220,464 | 866,380 | 106,837 |
| 268,181 | $(20,327)$ | $(34,028)$ | $(218,172)$ | 110,111 | 685,692 | 145,921 | 43,424 |
| $(991,578)$ | 31,443 | 37,206 | $(20,157)$ | 62,581 | $(417,077)$ | 1,381,187 | $(9,585)$ |
|  | $(11,116)$ | $(3,178)$ |  | $(214,639)$ | $(45,201)$ | $(3,436)$ | $(1,193)$ |
| $(1,545,639)$ | - | - | $(2,177,636)$ | 11,268 | 4,443,878 | 2,390,052 | 139,483 |

33.4.3 Movement in the present value of defined benefit obligations

33.4.4 Movement in fair value of plan assets

|  | 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pension | Benevolent scheme |  | Gratuity |  | Post retirement medical | Employees compensated absences | Gratuity scheme of the Company |
|  |  | Officers | Staff | SSR-1961 | SR-2005 |  |  |  |
|  | ------------------------------------------------- Rs. in $\mathbf{0 0 0}$---------------------------------------------------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total assets as on January 01, | 11,686,820 | 984,916 | 453,411 | 2,177,636 | 1,160,368 | - | - | - |
| Expected return on plan assets | 1,001,426 | 86,267 | 43,542 | 168,437 | 108,424 | - | - | - |
| Actuarial gain / (loss) on asset | 37,769 | $(12,152)$ | $(10,672)$ | $(6,938)$ | $(4,126)$ | - | - | - |
| Payment to Gratuity - SSR 1961 | $(123,177)$ | - | - | 123,177 | - | - | - | - |
| Benefits paid | $(384,327)$ | $(31,215)$ | $(5,984)$ | $(123,177)$ | $(65,595)$ | - | - | - |
| Contributions - employer | $(2,199)$ | 10,786 | 2,600 | - | 154,289 | - | - | - |
| Contributions - employees | - | 10,786 | 2,600 | - ${ }^{-}$ | - | - | - | - |
| Transferred from gratuity to pension | 612,229 | - | - | $(612,229)$ | - | - | - | - |
| Total assets as at December 31, | 12,828,541 | 1,049,388 | 485,497 | 1,726,906 | 1,353,360 | - | - | - |
|  | 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Pension | Benevolent scheme |  | Gratuity |  | Post retirement medical | Employees compensated absences | Gratuity scheme of the Company |
|  |  | Officers | Staff | SSR-1961 | SR-2005 |  |  |  |
|  |  | ------------- | ---- | ------- Rs. in | ---------------- |  | ------- |  |
| Total assets as on January 01, | 10,689,847 | 853,939 | 394,084 | 1,939,307 | 816,088 | - | - | - |
| Expected return on plan assets | 1,191,558 | 93,327 | 44,408 | 218,172 | 101,931 | - | - | - |
| Actuarial gain / (loss) on asset | 190,676 | 41,908 | 13,616 | 20,157 | 62,428 | - | - | - |
| Payment to Gratuity - SSR 1961 | $(188,817)$ | - | - | 188,817 | - | - | - | - |
| Benefits paid | $(196,444)$ | $(26,490)$ | $(5,052)$ | $(188,817)$ | $(34,718)$ | - | - | - |
| Contributions - employer | - | 11,116 | 3,178 | - | 214,639 | - | - | - |
| Contributions - employees | - | 11,116 | 3,177 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total assets as at December 31, | 11,686,820 | 984,916 | 453,411 | 2,177,636 | 1,160,368 | - | - | - |

33.4.5 Expense / (income) recognized in the profit and loss account


[^1]33.5 Composition of Fair Value of Plan Assets

| 2016 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pension | Benevolent scheme |  | Gratuity |  |
|  | Officers | Staff | SSR-1961 | SR-2005 |
| ---------\% --------- |  |  |  |  |
| 27.93 | 54.36 | 43.85 | 25.62 | 69.96 |
| 55.12 | 45.59 | 55.63 | 74.74 | 30.46 |
| 0.04 | 0.24 | 0.52 | 0.02 | 0.25 |
| 16.91 | (0.19) | - | (0.38) | (0.67) |
| 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
|  |  | 2015 |  |  |
| Pension | Benevolent scheme |  | Gratuity |  |
|  | Officers | Staff | SSR-1961 | SR-2005 |
|  |  | ---- \%--- |  |  |
| 57.14 | 96.16 | 96.65 | 50.54 | 193.28 |
| 12.69 | 3.34 | 2.92 | 51.95 | - |
| 0.48 | 0.50 | 0.43 | 0.23 | 1.18 |
| 28.49 | - | - | (2.72) | (82.34) |
| 1.20 | - | - | - | (12.12) |
| 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |


| Pension | Benevolent scheme |  | Gratuity |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Officers | Staff | SSR-1961 | SR-2005 |
| ---------- Rs. in '000 ---------- |  |  |  |  |
| 3,582,980 | 570,272 | 212,889 | 442,380 | 946,767 |
| 7,071,125 | 478,351 | 270,067 | 1,290,781 | 412,192 |
| 4,978 | 2,477 | 2,522 | 295 | 3,317 |
| 2,169,458 | $(2,013)$ | 19 | $(6,549)$ | $(8,915)$ |
| 12,828,541 | 1,049,087 | 485,497 | 1,726,907 | 1,353,361 |
| 2015 |  |  |  |  |
| Pension | Benevolent scheme |  | Gratuity |  |
|  | Officers | Staff | SSR-1961 | SR-2005 |
|  | ---------- Rs. in '000 ---------- |  |  |  |
| 6,677,729 | 947,160 | 438,229 | 1,100,555 | 2,242,776 |
| 1,482,645 | 32,876 | 13,240 | 1,131,222 | - |
| 56,272 | 4,879 | 1,942 | 5,050 | 13,658 |
| 3,329,552 | - | - | $(59,190)$ | $(955,444)$ |
| 140,622 | - | - | - | $(140,621)$ |
| 11,686,820 | 984,915 | 453,411 | 2,177,637 | 1,160,369 |

[^2]Government securities
Term deposit receipts
Deposits in the Bank
Debtors and creditors Gratuity SR

Fair value of total plan assets

### 33.6 Five Year Data of Defined Benefit Plan and Experience Adjustments

| 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

### 33.6.1 Pension fund

Present value of defined benefit obligation
Fair value of plan assets
Surplus in fund
Experience adjustments on plan obligations / assets

Actuarial (loss) / gain on obligation
Actuarial gain / (loss) on assets

### 33.6.2 Benevolent scheme - officers

Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets
Surplus in fund
Experience adjustments on plan obligations / assets
Actuarial (loss) / gain on obligation
Actuarial (loss) / gain on assets

### 33.6.3 Benevolent scheme -staff

Present value of defined benefit obligation
Fair value of plan assets
Surplus in fund
Experience adjustments on plan obligations / assets
Actuarial (loss) / gain on obligation
Actuarial (loss) / gain on assets

### 33.6.4 Gratuity - SSR 1961

Present value of defined benefit obligation
Fair value of plan assets
Surplus in fund
Experience adjustments on plan assets

Actuarial (loss) / gain on assets

### 33.6.5 Gratuity - SR 2005

Present value of defined benefit obligation
Fair value of plan assets
(Surplus) / deficit in fund
Experience adjustments on plan obligations / assets
Actuarial gain / (loss) on obligation
Actuarial (loss) / gain on assets

| 11,010,375 | 10,141,181 | 9,867,605 | 2,748,554 | 1,848,263 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(12,828,541)$ | $(11,686,820)$ | $(10,689,847)$ | $(6,059,405)$ | $(5,692,003)$ |
| $(1,818,166)$ | $(1,545,639)$ | $(822,242)$ | $(3,310,851)$ | $(3,843,740)$ |


| $(435,260)$ | 800,902 | $(3,738,355)$ | $(881,695)$ | $(301,482)$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 37,769 | 190,676 | 53,870 | $(73,607)$ | - |


| 858,076 | 254,686 | 383,546 | 245,632 | 244,874 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $(1,049,388)$ | $(984,916)$ | $(853,939)$ | $(728,898)$ | $(677,701)$ |
| $(191,312)$ | $(730,230)$ | $(470,393)$ | $(483,266)$ | $(432,827)$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| $(608,356)$ | 175,371 | $(36,303)$ | 17,729 | 6,596 |
| $(12,152)$ | 41,908 | 31,590 | $(17,984)$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 111,266 | 95,254 | 65,027 | 28,012 | 31,149 |
| $(485,497)$ | $(453,411)$ | $(394,084)$ | $(340,003)$ | $(306,517)$ |
| $(374,231)$ | $(358,157)$ | $(329,057)$ | $(311,991)$ | $(275,368)$ |


| $(13,661)$ | $(24,900)$ | $(176)$ | 5,735 | $(1,618)$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $(10,672)$ | 13,616 | 8,654 | $(5,540)$ |  |


| $(1,726,906)$ | $(2,177,636)$ | $(1,939,307)$ | $(1,741,282)$ | $(1,594,870)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $(1,726,906)$ | $(2,177,636)$ | $(1,939,307)$ | $(1,741,282)$ | $(1,594,870)$ |

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
(6,938) & 20,157 & 1,681 & (19,071)
\end{array}
$$

| $1,345,077$ | $1,171,636$ | 869,303 | $1,634,839$ | 992,636 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $(1,353,360)$ | $(1,160,368)$ | $(816,088)$ | $(1,675,887)$ | $(1,360,616)$ |
| $(8,283)$ | 11,268 | 53,215 | $(41,048)$ | $(367,980)$ |


| 577 | $(125,009)$ | $(253,178)$ | $(389,395)$ | 72,489 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| $(4,126)$ | 62,428 | 18,034 | $(24,461)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

### 33.6.6 Post retirement medical benefits

Present value of defined benefit obligation
Fair value of plan assets
Deficit in fund
Experience adjustments on plan obligations
Actuarial (loss) / gain on obligation

### 33.6.7 Employees compensated absences

Present value of defined benefit obligation
Fair value of plan assets
Deficit in fund
Experience adjustments on plan obligations
Actuarial gain / (loss) on obligation

### 33.6.8 Gratuity scheme of the company

Present value of defined benefit obligation
Fair value of plan assets
(Surplus) / deficit in fund

### 33.7 SensitivityAnalysis

Current liability
+1\% discount rate
-1\% discount rate
+1\% salary increase
-1\% salary increase
+1\% pension increase / medical inflation rate -1\% pension increase / medical inflation rate +10\% withdrawal rates
-10\% withdrawal rates
1 year mortality age set back
1 year mortality age set forward
$\qquad$
$20162015 \quad 2014 \quad 2013 \quad 2012$

| $5,067,279$ | $4,443,878$ | $4,220,464$ | $2,325,802$ | $1,257,078$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| $5,067,279$ | $4,443,878$ | $4,220,464$ | $2,325,802$ | $1,257,078$ |


| $(173,536)$ | 417,077 | $(1,294,026)$ | $(626,788)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| $2,581,581$ | $2,390,052$ | 866,380 | 681,457 | 446,202 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| $2,581,581$ | $2,390,052$ | 866,380 | 681,457 | 446,202 |


| 182,323 | 139,483 | 106,838 | 60,939 | 54,919 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 182,323 | 139,483 | 106,838 | 60,939 | 54,919 |


| Pension | \% change | Post retirement <br> medical | \% change |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | :---: |
| Rs. in '000 |  | Rs. in '000 |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| $11,010,375$ |  | $5,067,279$ |  |
| $10,072,743$ | -8.5 | $4,879,717$ | -3.7 |
| $12,136,009$ | 10.2 | $5,924,849$ | 4.5 |
| $11,454,949$ | 4.0 | $5,132,878$ | 1.3 |
| $10,597,106$ | -3.8 | $4,994,444$ | -1.4 |
| $11,634,525$ | 5.7 | $5,237,893$ | 3.4 |
| $10,478,367$ | -4.8 | $4,928,020$ | 2.7 |
| $11,010,375$ | 0.0 |  |  |
| $11,010,375$ | 0.0 |  |  |
| $10,977,344$ | -0.3 |  |  |
| $11,043,406$ | 0.3 |  |  |

## 34 OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES

|  | 2016 |  | 2015 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Note | Rupee |  |
| Profit before taxation |  | 6,701,535 | 8,493,656 |
| Dividend income |  | $(148,540)$ | $(81,805)$ |
|  |  | 6,552,995 | 8,411,851 |
| Adjustments for non-cash charges: |  |  |  |
| Depreciation | 11.2 | 328,538 | 267,894 |
| Amortization | 11.3 | 141 | 107 |
| Amortization of deferred income | 18.4 | (719) | (756) |
| Provision against non-performing loans and advances - net |  | 1,778,030 | $(573,110)$ |
| Provision for employees post retirement medical benefits | 33.4.5 | 540,390 | 685,692 |
| Provision against other assets - net | 18.3 | 3,290 | 34,936 |
| Fixed assets - charged off | 27 | 58,431 |  |
| Write offs under relief packages |  | 206,861 | 160,009 |
| Mark-up on borrowing and sub-ordinated debt-SBP |  | - | 5,126,543 |
| Charge for defined benefit plans - net | 26 | 279,189 | 295,110 |
| Unrealized loss on revaluation of investments classified as held-for-trading | 9.10 | 80 |  |
| Gain on sale of securities |  | $(179,322)$ | $(366,437)$ |
| Gain on sale of operating fixed assets | 25 | $(33,526)$ | $(20,114)$ |
|  |  | 2,981,383 | 5,609,874 |
|  |  | 9,534,378 | 14,021,725 |

## 35 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks
COMPENSATION OF PRESIDENT, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES
The aggregate amount charged in these financial statements for compensation, including all benefits to the President, Directors and Executives of the Bank is as follows:

20162015 2016 2015 2016

| ...................................... Rupees in '000 ........................................ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - |  | 8,375 | 7,696 | - | - |
| 12,695 | 10,560 | - | - | 3,269,682 | 3,075,916 |
| 2,308 | 2,112 | - | - | 146,045 | 185,875 |
| - | - | - | - | 25,217 | 42,382 |
| 6,389 | 1,897 | - | - | 423,621 | 275,536 |
| 622 | 431 | - | - | 105,967 | 75,901 |
| 1,742 | 1,584 | - | - | 116,112 | 83,285 |
| 1,495 | 1,198 | - | - | 66,003 | 49,163 |
| - | 625 | - | - | - | - |
| 2,717 | 2,376 | - | - | - | - |
| 27,968 | 20,783 | 8,375 | 7,696 | 4,152,647 | 3,788,058 |
| 1 | 1 | 9 | 8 | 2,724 | 2,555 |

1 | 1 |
| :---: |

36.1 The Chief Executive, Senior Vice Presidents and above, governed under SSR-1961, have been provided with Bank maintained cars.
36.2 The aggregate amount charged in these financial statements for compensation, including all benefits to the Chief Executive, Directors

|  | Chief Executive |  | Directors |  | Executives |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
|  |  |  | ........ Rup | in '000 ...... |  |  |
| Fee |  |  | $500 \quad 470$ |  | - | - |
| Managerial Remuneration | 5,421 | 2,875 | - | - | 64,651 | 38,996 |
|  | 5,421 | 2,875 | 500 | 470 | 64,651 | 38,996 |
| Number of persons | 1 | 1 | 6 | 7 | 72 | 62 |

36.3 The Chief Executive has been provided with Company maintained car under CLDP for official cum private use and other bemefits as per his terms of employment.

$\stackrel{\otimes}{ \pm}$
Managerial Remuneration
Number of persons

37 SEGMENT DETAILS WITH RESPECT TO BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

|  | Corporate finance | Trading and sales | Retail banking | Commercial banking | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Payment } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { settlement } \end{aligned}$ | Agency services | Assets management | Retail brokerage | Agri financing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ............ | ............ | ................ | . Rupees in | (000 ..... | ............... | .......... | ....... |
| 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total income | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 24,053,121 |
| Total expenses | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 27,920,763 |
| Net income before tax | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $(3,867,642)$ |
| Taxation | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,096,251 |
| Income after tax | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $(4,963,893)$ |
| Segment assets (gross) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 221,975,845 |
| Segment non performing loans | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 22,742,475 |
| Segment provision required | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,474,388 |
| Segment liabilities | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $(141,476,629)$ |
| Segment return on net assets (\%) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | -5.21\% |
| Segment cost of funds (\%) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4.59\% |
| 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total income | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 23,842,012 |
| Total expenses | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 15,463,188 |
| Net income before tax | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 8,378,824 |
| Taxation | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3,106,203 |
| Income after tax | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5,272,621 |
| Segment assets (gross) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 193,504,470 |
| Segment non performing loans | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 16,524,468 |
| Segment provision required | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,111,238 |
| Segment liabilities | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $(108,362,672)$ |
| Segment return on net assets (\%) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 10.58\% |
| Segment cost of funds (\%) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6.25\% |

## 38 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

The Group Bank has related party relationship with its employee benefit plans, agriculture technology development fund, the Group's directors and key management personnel.

|  | Key management personnel |  | Agricultural Technology Development Fund |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
| Advances |  |  |  |  |
| Opening balance | 12,285 | 11,559 | - | - |
| Addition | 5,552 | 6,680 | - | - |
| Deletion | $(5,021)$ | $(5,954)$ | - | - |
| Closing balance | 12,816 | 12,285 | - | - |
| Deposits |  |  |  |  |
| Opening balance | 17,189 | 3,861 | 143,637 | 124,346 |
| Addition | 131,126 | 133,231 | 8,950 | 22,534 |
| Deletion | $(132,222)$ | $(119,903)$ | (53) | $(3,243)$ |
| Closing balance | 16,093 | 17,189 | 152,534 | 143,637 |

Other transactions

| Mark-up /interest earned | 429 | 408 | - | - |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Mark-up /interest expensed | - | - | 9,780 | 8,193 |
| Compensation | 110,118 | 81,962 | - | - |
| Post retirement benefit | 8,910 | 5,667 | - | - |
| Contribution to defined benefit plans | 1,240 | 967 | - | - |

## 39 CAPITAL ASSESSMENT AND ADEQUACY

### 39.1 Scope of Application

The Basel III Framework is applicable to the Bank at the level of standalone financial statements of the Bank. Standardized Approach is used for calculating the Capital Adequacy for Credit and Market risk, whereas, Basic Indicator Approach (BIA) is used for Operational Risk Capital Adequacy purposes.

### 39.2 Capital Management

## Objectives and goals of managing capital

The Bank manages its capital to attain following objectives and goals:

- an appropriately capitalized status, as defined by banking regulations;
- acquire strong credit ratings that enable an optimized funding mix and liquidity sources at lesser costs;
- cover all risks underlying business activities; and
- retain flexibility to harness future investment opportunities; build and expand even in stressed times.


## Statutory minimum capital requirement and capital adequacy ratio

The State Bank of Pakistan through its BSD Circular No. 07 dated April 15, 2009 requires the minimum paid-up capital (net of losses) for all locally incorporated banks to be raised to Rs. 10 billion by the year ended on

December 31, 2013. The paid-up capital of the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2016 stands at Rs. 12.522 billion and is in compliance with the SBP requirement. In addition, the banks are also required to maintain a minimum capital adequacy ratio (CAR) of $10.65 \%$ of the risk weighted exposure. The Bank's CAR as at December 31, 2016 is $46.69 \%$ of its risk weighted exposure.

The capital adequacy ratio of the Bank was subject to the Basel III capital adequacy guidelines stipulated by the SBP through its BPRD Circular No. 06 dated August 15, 2013. These instructions are effective from December 31, 2013 in a phased manner with full implementation intended by December 31, 2019. Under Basel III guidelines banks are required to maintain the following ratios on an ongoing basis:

Phase-in arrangement and full implementation of the minimum capital requirements:

| S No. | Ratio | Year ended |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { As of } 31 \\ \text { Dec } 2019 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |  |
| 1 | CET 1 | 5.00\% | 5.50\% | 6.00\% | 6.00\% | 6.00\% | 6.00\% | 6.00\% |
| 2 | ADT 1 | 1.50\% | 1.50\% | 1.50\% | 1.50\% | 1.50\% | 1.50\% | 1.50\% |
| 3 | Tier 1 | 6.50\% | 7.00\% | 7.50\% | 7.50\% | 7.50\% | 7.50\% | 7.50\% |
| 4 | Total Capital | 10.00\% | 10.00\% | 10.00\% | 10.00\% | 10.00\% | 10.00\% | 10.00\% |
| 5 | * CCB | - | - | 0.25\% | 0.65\% | 1.28\% | 1.90\% | 2.50\% |
| 6 | Total Capital plus CCB | 10.00\% | 10.00\% | 10.25\% | 10.65\% | 11.28\% | 11.90\% | 12.50\% |

Bank's regulatory capital is analyzed in to three tiers:
Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1), which includes fully paid up capital, share premium, general reserves, statutory reserves as per the financial statements and net unappropriated profits after all regulatory adjustments applicable on CET1 (refer to note 39.3).

Additional Tier 1 Capital (AT1) which includes perpetual non-cumulative preference shares and Share premium resulting from the issuance of preference shares balance in share premium account after all regulatory adjustments applicable on AT1. However, the Bank currently does not have any AT1 (refer to note 39.3)

Tier 2 capital, which includes subordinated debt, general provisions for loan losses (up to a maximum of 1.25\% of credit risk weighted assets) and net of tax reserves on revaluation of equity investments up to a maximum of $78 \%$ of the balance after all regulatory adjustments applicable on Tier-2 (refer to note 39.3).

The required capital adequacy ratio ( $10.65 \%$ of the risk-weighted assets) is achieved by the Bank through improvement in the asset quality at the existing volume level, ensuring better recovery management, striking compromise proposal and settlement and composition of assets mix with low risk. Banking operations are categorized as either trading book or banking book and risk-weighted assets are determined according to specified requirements of the State Bank of Pakistan that seek to reflect the varying levels of risk attached to assets and off-balance sheet exposures. The total risk-weighted exposures comprise the credit risk, market risk and operational risk.

Basel-III Framework enables a more risk-sensitive regulatory capital calculation to promote long term viability of the Bank. As the Bank carries on the business on a wide area network basis, it is critical that it is able to continuously monitor the exposure across entire organization and aggregate the risks so as to take an integrated approach / view. Maximization of the return on risk-adjusted capital is the principal basis to be used in determining how capital is allocated within the Bank to particular operations or activities.

The Bank remained compliant with all externally imposed capital requirements throughout the year. Further, there has been no material change in the Bank's management of capital during the year.

### 39.3Capital Adequacy Ratio

2016
2015
Rupees in '000 $\qquad$

## Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1): Instruments

 and reservesFully Paid-up Capital / Capital deposited with SBP
Balance in Share Premium Account
Reserve for issue of Bonus Shares
Discount on issue of Shares
General / Statutory Reserves
Gain / (Losses) on derivatives held as Cash Flow Hedge Unappropriated / unremitted profits
Minority Interests arising from CET1 capital instruments issued to third party by consolidated bank subsidiaries (amount allowed in CET1 capital of the consolidation group) CET 1 before Regulatory Adjustments
Total regulatory adjustments applied to CET1 (Note 39.3.1) Common Equity Tier 1

## Additional Tier 1 (AT 1) Capital

Qualifying Additional Tier-1 instruments plus any related share premium
of which: Classified as equity
of which: Classified as liabilities
Additional Tier-1 capital instruments issued by consolidated subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT 1)
of which: instrument issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out
AT1 before regulatory adjustments

| 52,678,433 | 52,678,433 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | - |
| - | - |
| 6,299,526 | 5,644,659 |
| - ${ }^{-}$ | - |
| 21,034,629 | 18,716,929 |
| 80,012,588 | 77,040,021 |
| $(1,111,238)$ | $(648,268)$ |
| 78,901,350 | 76,391,753 |

Total regulatory adjustments applied to AT1 capital
(Note 39.3.2)
Additional Tier 1 capital


Additional Tier 1 capital recognized for capital adequacy
Tier 1 Capital (CET1 + admissible AT1) (11+20)
78,901,350
76,391,753
Tier 2 Capital
Qualifying Tier 2 capital instruments under Basel III plus any related share premium
Tier 2 capital instruments subject to phaseout arrangement issued under pre-Basel III rules
Tier 2 capital instruments issued to third party by consolidated subsidiaries (amount allowed in group tier 2)
of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out General Provisions or general reserves for loan losses-up to maximum of $1.25 \%$ of Credit Risk Weighted Assets
Revaluation Reserves (net of taxes)
of which: Revaluation reserves on Property
of which: Unrealized Gains/Losses on AFS
Foreign Exchange Translation Reserves
Undisclosed/Other Reserves (if any)

## T2 before regulatory adjustments

Total regulatory adjustments applied to T2 capital (Note 39.3.3)
Tier 2 capital (T2) after regulatory adjustments


Tier 2 capital recognized for capital adequacy
Portion of Additional Tier 1 capital recognized in Tier 2 capital
Total Tier 2 capital admissible for capital adequacy
TOTAL CAPITAL (T1 + admissible T2) (21+37)
Total Risk Weighted Assets (for details refer Note 39.6)

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3,204,323 | 3,204,323 |
|  | - | - |
|  | - | - |
| , | - | - |
|  | 1,817,581 | 1,653,368 |
|  |  | 1,454,856 |
|  | 1,893,459 | 1,454,856 |
|  | - | - |
|  | 6,915,363 | 6,312,547 |
|  | $(20,000)$ | $(30,000)$ |
|  | 6,895,363 | 6,282,547 |
|  | 6,895,363 | 6,282,547 |
|  | - | - |
|  | 6,895,363 | 6,282,547 |
|  | 85,796,713 | 82,674,300 |
|  |  |  |
|  | 183,754,087 | 166,226,620 |


|  | Capital Ratios and buffers (in percentage of risk weighted assets) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 40 | CET1 to total RWA | 42.94\% | 45.96\% |
| 41 | Tier-1 capital to total RWA | 42.94\% | 45.96\% |
| 42 | Total capital to RWA | 46.69\% | 49.74\% |
| 43 | Bank specific buffer requirement (minimum CET1 requirement plus capital conservation buffer plus any other buffer requirement) | 6.00\% | 6.00\% |
| 44 | of which: capital conservation buffer requirement of which: countercyclical buffer requirement | 0.65\% | 0.25\% |
| 46 | of which: D-SIB or G-SIB buffer requirement |  |  |
| 47 | CET1 available to meet buffers (as a percentage of risk weighted assets) <br> National minimum capital requirements prescribed by SBP | 42.94\% | 45.96\% |
| 48 | CET1 minimum ratio | 6.00\% | 6.00\% |
| 49 | Tier 1 minimum ratio | 7.50\% | 7.50\% |
| 50 | Total capital minimum ratio | 10.65\% | 10.25\% |

## Regulatory Adjustments and Additional Information

2016

| Amount | Amounts <br> subject to Pre - <br> Basel III <br> treatment |
| :---: | :---: |

2015

Amount
Amounts
subject to Pre Basel III treatment

### 39.3.1 Common Equity Tier 1 capital:

1 Goodwill (net of related deferred tax liability)
2 All other intangibles (net of any associated deferred tax liability)

3 Shortfall of provisions against classified assets
4 Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)
5 Defined-benefit pension fund net assets
6 Reciprocal cross holdings in CET1 capital instruments of banking, financial and insurance entities
7 Cash flow hedge reserve
8 Investment in own shares/CET1 instruments
9 Securitization gain on sale
10 Capital shortfall of regulated subsidiaries
11 Deficit on account of revaluation from bank's holdings of property/ AFS
12 Investments in the capital instruments of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than $10 \%$ of the issued share capital (amount above 10\% threshold)

13 Significant investments in the capital instruments issued by banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (amount above 10\% threshold)


## Regulatory Adjustments and Additional Information

| 2016 |  | 2015 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amount | Amounts <br> subject to Pre - <br> Basel III <br> treatment | Amount | Amounts <br> subject to Pre - <br> Basel III <br> treatment |

14 Deferred Tax Assets arising from temporary differences (amount above $10 \%$ threshold, net of related tax liability)

Amount exceeding 15\% threshold of which: significant investments in the common stocks of financial entities
17 of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences
18 National specific regulatory adjustments applied to CET1 capital
19 Investment in TFCs of other banks exceeding the prescribed limit
20 Any other deduction specified by SBP (mention details)
21 Adjustment to CET1 due to insufficient AT1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions
22 Total regulatory adjustments applied

### 39.3.2 Additional Tier 1 Capital: regulatory

23 Investment in mutual funds exceeding the prescribed limit (SBP specific adjustment)
Investment in own AT1 capital
instruments Reciprocal cross holdings in Additional Tier 1 capital instruments of banking, financial and insurance entities
Investments in the capital instruments of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than $10 \%$ of the issued share capital (amount above 10\% threshold) Significant investments in the capital instruments issued by banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation


## Regulatory Adjustments and Additional Information

| 2016 |  | 2015 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amount | Amounts <br> subject to Pre - <br> Basel III <br> treatment | Amount | Amounts <br> subject to Pre - <br> Basel III <br> treatment |

Portion of deduction applied 50:50 to core capital and supplementary capital based on pre-Basel III treatment which, during transitional period, remain subject to deduction from tier-1 capital
29 Adjustments to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions

30 Total of Regulatory Adjustment
39.3.3 Tier 2 Capital: regulatory adjustments

31 Portion of deduction applied 50:50 to core capital and supplementary capital based on pre-Basel III treatment which, during transitional period, remain subject to deduction from tier-2 capital
32 Reciprocal cross holdings in Tier 2 instruments of banking, financial and insurance entities
33 Investment in own Tier 2 capital instrument
34 Investments in the capital instruments of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than $10 \%$ of the issued share capital (amount above 10\% threshold)
35 Significant investments in the capital instruments issued by banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation
36 Total Regulatory Adjustment applied to T2 capital (sum of 31 to 35)

Rupees in '000

|  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $(20,000)$ | - | $(30,000)$ | - |
| 20,000 | - | 30,000 | - |

$(20,000)$

$(30,000)$

### 39.3.4 Additional Information

## Risk weighted assets subject to Pre-Basel III Treatment

(i) of which: deferred tax assets
(ii) of which: Defined-benefit pension fund net assets
(iii) of which: recognized portion of investment in capital of banking, financial and insurance entities where holding is less than $10 \%$ of the issued common share capital of the entity
(iv) of which: recognized portion of investment in capital of banking, financial and insurance entities where holding is more than $10 \%$ of the issued common share capital of the entity

## Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk weighting)

Non-significant investments in the capital of other financial entities 39,944
Significant investments in the common stock of financial entities
40 Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)

Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2
41 Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to standardized approach (prior to application of cap)
Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under standardized approach
Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to internal ratings-based approach (prior to application of cap)
Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under internal ratings-based approach
...... Rupees in '000 $\qquad$

### 39.4 Capital Structure Reconciliation

## Step 1

| Balance sheet as <br> in published <br> financial | Under <br> regulatory scope <br> of consolidation |
| :---: | :---: |
| statements | 2016 |
| 2016 | 2016 |
| Rupees in '000 |  |

## Assets

Cash and balances with treasury banks
Balances with other banks
Lending to financial institutions
Investments
Advances
Operating fixed assets
Deferred tax assets
Other assets
Total Assets
Liabilities \& Equity
Bills payable
Borrowings
Deposits and other accounts
Sub-ordinated loans
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease
Deferred tax liabilities
Other liabilities
Total Liabilities
Share capital / Head office capital account
Reserves
Unappropriated / unremitted profit/ (losses)
Minority Interest
Total Equity
Share deposit money
Surplus on revaluation of assets
Total Liabilities \& Equity

| 3,477,750 | 3,477,750 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 20,074,445 | 20,074,445 |
| - |  |
| 37,118,541 | 37,118,541 |
| 135,765,150 | 135,765,150 |
| 2,071,483 | 2,071,483 |
| 604,948 | 604,948 |
| 16,448,667 | 16,448,667 |
| 215,560,984 | 215,560,984 |
|  |  |
| 493,231 | 493,231 |
| 55,885,230 | 55,885,230 |
| 59,870,659 | 59,870,659 |
| 3,204,323 | 3,204,323 |
|  |  |
| - | - |
| 13,667,442 | 13,667,442 |
| 133,120,885 | 133,120,885 |
| 12,522,441 | 12,522,441 |
| 6,299,526 | 6,299,526 |
| 21,034,629 | 21,034,629 |
|  |  |
| 39,856,596 | 39,856,596 |
| 40,155,992 | 40,155,992 |
| 2,427,511 | 2,427,511 |
| 215,560,984 | 215,560,984 |

## Step 2

Assets
Cash and balances with treasury banks
Balances with other banks
Lending to financial institutions
Investments

| $3,477,750$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $20,074,445$ |
| - |
| $37,118,541$ |

of which: Non-significant capital investments in capital of other financial institutions exceeding 10\% threshold
of which: significant capital investments in financial sector entities exceeding regulatory threshold of which: Mutual Funds exceeding regulatory threshold of which: reciprocal crossholding of capital instrument of which: others (mention details)
Advances
shortfall in provisions/ excess of total EL amount over eligible provisions under IRB general provisions reflected in Tier 2 capital Fixed Assets
Deferred Tax Assets
of which: DTAs excluding those arising from temporary differences
of which: DTAs arising from temporary differences
exceeding regulatory threshold
Other assets
of which: Goodwill
of which: Intangibles
of which: Defined-benefit pension fund net assets

## Total assets

Liabilities \& Equity
Bills payable
Borrowings
Deposits and other accounts
Sub-ordinated loans
of which: eligible for inclusion in AT1
of which: eligible for inclusion in Tier 2
Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease
Deferred tax liabilities
of which: DTLs related to goodwill
of which: DTLs related to intangible assets
of which: DTLs related to defined pension fund net assets
of which: other deferred tax liabilities
Balance sheet as
in published
financial
statements
2016 2016

Under
regulatory scope of consolidation

2016

Rupees in '000

a
b

C
d
e
f
g
h
i
j
k
I


## Step 3

## Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1): Instruments and reserves

1 Fully Paid-up Capital/ Capital deposited with SBP
2 Balance in Share Premium Account
3 Reserve for issue of Bonus Shares
4 General/ Statutory Reserves
5 Gain/(Losses) on derivatives held as Cash Flow Hedge
6 Unappropriated/unremitted profits
7 Minority Interests arising from CET1 capital instruments issued to third party by consolidated bank subsidiaries (amount allowed in CET1 capital of the consolidation group)

## 8 CET 1 before Regulatory Adjustments

## Common Equity Tier 1 capital: Regulatory adjustments

9 Goodwill (net of related deferred tax liability)
10 All other intangibles (net of any associated deferred tax liability)
11 Shortfall of provisions against classified assets
12 Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)
13 Defined-benefit pension fund net assets
14 Reciprocal cross holdings in CET1 capital instruments
15 Cash flow hedge reserve
16 Investment in own shares/ CET1 instruments
17 Securitization gain on sale
18 Capital shortfall of regulated subsidiaries
19 Deficit on account of revaluation from bank's holdings of property/ AFS
20 Investments in the capital instruments of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than $10 \%$ of the issued share capital (amount above 10\% threshold)
Component of
regulatory
capital reported
by bank

Rupees in '000

| $52,678,433$ |
| ---: |
| - |
| - |
| $6,299,526$ |
| - |
| $21,034,629$ |
|  |

80,012,588

|  | - |
| ---: | ---: |
| 338 |  |
| - |  |
| 636,358 |  |
| - |  |
| - |  |
| - |  |
| - |  |
| - |  |
| - |  |
| - |  |
| - |  |

## Source based on reference number from Step 2

(s)
(u)
(w)
(x)
(j) - (o)
(k) $-(\mathrm{p})$
(f)
$\left\{(\mathrm{h})-(\mathrm{r}\} *{ }^{*} \mathrm{x}\right.$
$\{(\mathrm{I})-(\mathrm{q})\}^{*} \times \%$
(d)
(ab)
(a) - (ac) - (ae)

## Step 3

Component of
regulatory
capital reported
by bank

## Rupees in '000

30 Total regulatory adjustments applied to CET1
(sum of 9 to 25
Common Equity Tier 1
24 of which: significant investments in the common stocks of financial entities
25 of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences
26 National specific regulatory adjustments applied to CET1 capital
27 Investment in TFCs of other banks exceeding the rescribed limit

28 Any other deduction specified by SBP (mention details)
29 Regulatory adjustment applied to CET1 due to insufficient AT1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions


616,696
80,629,284

## Source based on reference number from Step 2

(b) - (ad) - (af)
(i)

## Step 3

Component of
regulatory
capital reported
by bank

Rupees in '000

## Additional Tier 1 (AT 1) Capital

31 related share premium
of which: Classified as equity
of which: Classified as liabilities
34 Additional Tier-1 capital instruments issued by consolidated subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT 1)
35 of which: instrument issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out
36 AT1 before regulatory adjustments Additional Tier 1 Capital: regulatory adjustments
37 Investment in mutual funds exceeding the prescribed limit (SBP specific adjustment)

38 Investment in own AT1 capital instruments
39 Reciprocal cross holdings in Additional Tier 1 capital instruments
40 Investments in the capital instruments of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than $10 \%$ of the issued share capital (amount above 10\% threshold)
41 Significant investments in the capital instruments issued by banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation
42 Portion of deduction applied 50:50 to core capital and supplementary capital based on pre-Basel III treatment which, during transitional period, remain subject to deduction from tier-1 capital
43 Regulatory adjustments applied to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions
$(20,000)$

20,000

44 Total of Regulatory Adjustment applied to AT1 capital
45 Additional Tier 1 capital
(n)
(z)
(g)
portion of (aa)
(v)

## Source based on reference number from Step 2

## (ae)

(af)

## Step 3



46 Additional Tier 1 capital recognized for capital adequacy
Tier 1 Capital (CET1 + admissible At1) Tier 2 Capital
47 Qualifying Tier 2 capital instruments under Basel III
48 Capital instruments subject to phase out arrangement from tier 2 (Pre-Basel III instruments)
49 Tier 2 capital instruments issued to third party by consolidated subsidiaries (amount allowed in group tier 2)
50 of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out
51 General Provisions or general reserves for loan losses-up to maximum of $1.25 \%$ of Credit Risk Weighted Assets
2 Revaluation Reserves eligible for Tier 2
53 of which: portion pertaining to Property
54 of which: portion pertaining to AFS securities
55 Foreign Exchange Translation Reserves
56 Undisclosed/Other Reserves (if any)
57 T2 before regulatory adjustments
Tier 2 Capital: regulatory adjustments
58 Portion of deduction applied 50:50 to core capital and supplementary capital based on pre-Basel III treatment which, during transitional period, remain subject to deduction from tier-2 capital
59 Reciprocal cross holdings in Tier 2 instruments
60 Investment in own Tier 2 capital instrument
61 Investments in the capital instruments of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than $10 \%$ of the issued share capital (amount above 10\% threshold)
62 Significant investments in the capital instruments issued by banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation


6,915,363
Rupees in '000


6,895,363
6,895,363

6,895,363
87,524,647
Component of
regulatory
capital reported
by bank

1,893,459

615,363

3 Amount of Regulatory Adjustment applied to T2 capital
64 Tier 2 capital (T2)
65 Tier 2 capital recognized for capital adequacy
66 Excess Additional Tier 1 capital recognized in Tier 2 capital
67 Total Tier 2 capital admissible for capital adequacy
TOTAL CAPITAL (T1 + admissible T2)

## Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited

### 39.5 Main Features Template of Regulatory Capital Instruments

| Disclosure template for main features of regulatory capital instruments |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Main Features | Common Shares |
| 1 | Issuer | Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited |
| 2 | Unique identifier (eg KSE Symbol or Bloomberg identifier etc.) | ZTBL |
| 3 | Governing law(s) of the instrument | Laws applicable in Pakistan |
|  | Regulatory treatment |  |
| 4 | Transitional Basel III rules | Common Equity Tier 1 |
| 5 | Post-transitional Basel III rules | Common Equity Tier 1 |
| 6 | Eligible at solo / group / group \& solo | Solo |
| 7 | Instrument type | Common Shares |
| 8 | Amount recognized in regulatory capital (Currency in PKR thousands, as of reporting date) | 52,678,433 |
| 9 | Par value of instrument | PKR 10 |
| 10 | Accounting classification | Shareholder equity |
| 11 | Original date of issuance | 2002 |
| 12 | Perpetual or dated | Perpetual |
| 13 | Original maturity date | No maturity |
| 14 | Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval | No |
| 15 | Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount | Not applicable |
| 16 | Subsequent call dates, if applicable | Not applicable |
|  | Coupons / dividends |  |
| 17 | Fixed or floating dividend/ coupon | Not applicable |
| 18 | coupon rate and any related index/ benchmark | Not applicable |
| 19 | Existence of a dividend stopper | No |
| 20 | Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory | Fully discretionary |
| 21 | Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem | No |
| 22 | Noncumulative or cumulative | Not applicable |
| 23 | Convertible or non-convertible | Not applicable |
| 24 | If convertible, conversion trigger (s) | Not applicable |
| 25 | If convertible, fully or partially | Not applicable |
| 26 | If convertible, conversion rate | Not applicable |
| 27 | If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion | Not applicable |
| 28 | If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into | Not applicable |
| 29 | If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into | Not applicable |
| 30 | Write-down feature | Not applicable |
| 31 | If write-down, write-down trigger(s) | Not applicable |
| 32 | If write-down, full or partial | Not applicable |
| 33 | If write-down, permanent or temporary | Not applicable |
| 34 | If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism | Not applicable |
| 35 | Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument | Not applicable |
| 36 | Non-compliant transitioned features | Not applicable |
| 37 | If yes, specify non-compliant features | Not applicable |

### 39.6 Risk Weighted Assets

The risk weighted assets to capital ratio, calculated in accordance with the State Bank of Pakistan's guidelines on capital adequacy was as follows:

20162015
Capital Requirements

2016
2015
Risk Weighted Assets

## Credit risk

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Portfolios subject to standardized approach
(simple or comprehensive)
On-balance sheet

| Banks | 522,993 | 346,670 | 4,910,732 | 3,382,148 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Retail | 9,370,825 | 8,981,956 | 87,988,964 | 87,628,839 |
| Loans secured against residential property | 43,927 | 46,676 | 412,456 | 455,372 |
| Past due loans | 3,046,953 | 2,074,818 | 28,609,887 | 20,242,123 |
| Deferred tax assets | 161,067 | 114,529 | 1,512,370 | 1,117,353 |
| Listed equity investments | 412,685 | 348,396 | 3,874,979 | 3,398,987 |
| Investments in fixed assets | 220,577 | 215,369 | 2,071,145 | 2,101,165 |
| Other assets | 1,705,192 | 1,428,597 | 16,011,197 | 13,937,533 |
| Total credit risk | 15,484,219 | 13,557,011 | 145,391,730 | 132,263,520 |
| Off-Balance Sheet |  |  |  |  |
| Non-market related | 1,572 | 606 | 14,756 | 5,912 |
|  | 15,485,791 | 13,557,617 | 145,406,486 | 132,269,432 |

## Market risk

Capital requirement for portfolios subject to
standardized approach
Interest rate risk
Equity position risk
Foreign exchange risk
Total market risk


## Operational risk

| Capital requirement for operational risks | 2,444,113 | 2,178,608 | 30,551,413 | 27,232,600 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2,444,113 | 2,178,608 | 30,551,413 | 27,232,600 |
| Total | 18,553,599 | 16,274,192 | 183,754,087 | 166,226,620 |
| Capital adequacy ratio | 2016 |  | 2015 |  |
|  | Required | Actual | Required | Actual |
| CET1 to total RWA | 6.00\% | 42.94\% | 6.00\% | 45.96\% |
| Tier-1 capital to total RWA | 7.50\% | 42.94\% | 7.50\% | 45.96\% |
| Total capital total RWA | 10.65\% | 46.69\% | 10.25\% | 49.74\% |
| Total capital plus CCB to total RWA | 10.65\% | 46.69\% | 10.25\% | 49.74\% |

${ }^{*}$ As SBP capital requirement of $10.65 \%$ (2015: 10.25\%) is calculated on overall basis, therefore, capital charge for credit risk is calculated after excluding capital requirements against market and operational risk from the total capital required.
39.7 Leverage Ratio

Leverage Ratio

Tier-1 Capital

| 2016 |  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Required | Actual | Required | Actual |
| $3.00 \%$ | $35.83 \%$ | $3.00 \%$ | $40.72 \%$ |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ |  |

Total Exposures
... Rupees in '000 ...
78,901,350 76,391,753
220,189,001 187,612,308

## 40 RISK MANAGEMENT

This section presents information about the Bank's exposure to and its management and control of risks, in particular, the primary risks associated with its use of financial instruments:

Credit risk is the risk of loss resulting from client or counterparty default.
Market risk is the risk of loss arising from adverse movements in market variables such as interest rates, exchange rates and equity indices.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Bank may be unable to meet its payment obligations when due.
Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events, and therefore includes legal risk.

Equity position risk is the risk that arises due to changes in prices of individual stocks or levels of equity indices.
Risk management is a dynamic process of identification, measurement, monitoring and control and reporting risk. The Bank has setup a centralized risk management function at the organizational level which encompasses a broader framework of risk committees, risk management department and its units responsible for each category of risk i.e. credit, market, liquidity, operational and equity position risks. The Bank's risk management department is independent of the business and operations and directly reports to the President. The Bank's systematic and integrated risk management function for each category of risk is as follows:

### 40.1 Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial losses arising when a customer or counterparty is unable or unwilling to perform as per the contractual terms resulting in reduction in portfolio value due to actual or perceived deterioration in the credit quality resulting in economic loss to the Bank. Principally, exposures are only approved when reasonably assured for repayment capacity of counter party. Standardized procedures are adopted and under no circumstances it exceeds approved credit lines. The Bank credit appraisal structure comprises well-defined credit appraisal, approval and review methods for the purpose of prudence in its lending operations and ensuring credit across the Bank. The credit portfolio is reviewed and analyzed on quarterly basis and risk gaps are reported to the Credit Risk Committee for corrective measures. The Bank pays particular attention to the management of Non-Performing Loans (NPLs).

With the rolling-out of Obligor Risk Rating (ORR) model for fresh borrowers, credit portfolio as well as lending products is more effectively monitored. As an early warning signal, Portfolio at Risk (PAR) report is also generated which enables the management to take proactive measurements for having a quality credit portfolio/ products.

With regards to Basel-II compliance, the Bank has implemented Standardized Approach for minimum capital requirements for credit risk.

A robust MIS is prerequisite for establishment of an effective risk management system; therefore, the existing MIS of the bank is undergoing substantial up-gradation process for strengthening of the data collection machinery to ensure the integrity and reliability of data.

Risk Management Department independently scrutinizes agriculture portfolio on a continuous basis and reports crucial findings to the senior management for strategic decision making. Risk factors are identified and necessary actions are recommended to mitigate these risk factors.
Credit risk - General disclosures
The Bank has adopted Standardized Approach of Basel II for calculation of capital charge against credit risk in line with SBP's requirements.

### 40.1.2 Credit risk: Disclosures for portfolio subject to the standardized approach



### 40.1.3 Credit risk: Disclosures with respect to credit risk mitigation for standardized approach

The Bank does not make use of on and off-balance sheet netting in capital charge calculations under BaselII's Standardized Approach for Credit Risk.

### 40.1.4 Credit risk: Disclosures for portfolio subject to the standardized approach

The wholesale portfolio, which represents agricultural loans are ideally collateralized by land.
The Bank manages limits and controls concentrations of credit risk as identified. Concentrations of credit risk exist if clients are engaged in similar activities, or are located in the same geographic region or have comparable economic characteristics such that their ability to meet contractual obligations would be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. The Bank sets limits on its credit exposure to counterparty, in line with SBP standards. Limits are also applied in a variety of forms to portfolios or sectors where the Bank considers it appropriate to restrict credit risk concentrations or areas of higher risk, or to control the rate of portfolio growth.

The Bank classifies a claim as impaired if it considers it likely that it will suffer a loss on that claim as a result of the obligor's inability to meet its commitments (including interest payments, principal repayments or other payments due). Advances are classified as non-performing where payment of interest, principal or fees is overdue by more than 90 days. The authority to establish allowances, provisions and credit valuation adjustments for impaired claims, is vested in Finance Division and is according to SBP regulations.

## Concentration of risk

Out of the total financial assets of Rs. 211,688 million (2015: Rs. 182,770 million) the financial assets which are subject to credit risk amounts to Rs. 178,533 million (2015: Rs. 166,575 million). To manage credit risk the bank applies credit limits to its customers and obtains adequate collaterals. Investments amounting to Rs. 33,155 million (2015: Rs. 16,196 million) are guaranteed by the Government of Pakistan.

### 40.1.5 Equity position risk in the banking book

The Bank takes proprietary equity positions for strategic purposes. The Bank has invested in its subsidiary to achieve long term strategic objectives. As of December 31, 2016 the composition of equity investments and subsidiary is as follows:
Exposures
Equity investments-publicly traded
Equity investments-others
Total value


Rupees in '000 3,874,979
3,874,979 $\quad 100,000$

Bank classifies its equity investment portfolio in accordance with the directives of the SBP as follows:

Investments-Available for sale
Investment in subsidiary

The accounting policies for equity investments are designed and their valuation is carried out under the provisions and directives of the State Bank of Pakistan, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan and the requirements of approved International Accounting Standards as applicable in Pakistan.

In accordance with the requirements of the State Bank of Pakistan, quoted securities, other than investments in subsidiary are subsequently re-measured to market value. Surplus / (deficit) arising on revaluation of quoted securities which are classified as'available for sale', is taken to a separate account which is shown in the statement of financial position below equity. The surplus / (deficit) arising on these securities is taken to the profit and loss account when actually realized upon disposal.

Unquoted equity securities are valued at the lower of cost and break-up value. Break-up value of equity securities is calculated with reference to the net assets of the investee company as per the latest available audited financial statements.

The cumulative unrealized gain of Rs. 3,734.632 million (2015: Rs. 3,340.657 million) is recognized in the statement of financial position in respect of 'available for sale' securities.
Segmental information
Segmental information is presented in respect of the class of business and geographical distribution of advances, deposits, contingencies and commitments.
40.1.7 Segments by class of business
Agriculture, forestry, hunting and fishing Individuals
Others
Agriculture, forestry, hunting and fishing Individuals
Others

## Segments by sector <br> 40.1.8

| Advances (gross) |  | Deposits |  |  | Contingencies and commitments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Rupees in '000 | $\%$ | Rupees in '000 | $\%$ | Rupees in '000 |  |  |

*This amount represents deposits belonging to autonomous / semi-autonomous bodies.
40.1.9 Details of non-performing advances and specific provisions by class of business segment

2016

| 2016 |  | 2015 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Classified advances | Specific provision held | Classified advances | Specific provision held |
| ............... Rupees in '000 ............... |  |  |  |
| 22,742,475 | 5,474,388 | 16,524,468 | 5,111,238 |
| 28,621 | 28,621 | 28,064 | 28,064 |
| 22,771,096 | 5,503,009 | 16,552,532 | 5,139,302 |
| 22,742,475 | 5,474,388 | 16,524,468 | 5,111,238 |
| 28,621 | 28,621 | 28,064 | 28,064 |
| 22,771,096 | 5,503,009 | 16,552,532 | 5,139,302 |



| Profit before <br> taxation | Total assets <br> employed | Net assets <br> employed | Contingencies <br> and <br> commitments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ Rupees in '000 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ |  |  |
| $6,701,535$ | $215,944,177$ | $82,811,575$ | $59,653,738$ |

40.1.10 Details of non-performing advances and specific provisions by sector Private
Advances to employees
40.1.11 Geographical segment analysis
Pakistan

Agriculture, forestry, hunting and fishing Advances to employees

2015

| Profit before <br> taxation | Total assets <br> employed | Net assets <br> employed | Contingencies <br> and <br> commitments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ Rupees in '000 $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $8,378,824$ | $187,574,120$ | $79,211,448$ | $29,595,893$ |

### 40.2 Market Risk Management

The Bank is not involved in commercial activities like underwriting, trading and discounting operations. The Bank operates foreign currency transactions through SBP in local currency. The Bank is not exposed to interest rate risk as it has a fixed lending rate portfolio of advances and investments / placements are being placed in held to maturity securities / investments. Correspondingly, the borrowing from SBP is in the process of conversion into equity instruments. Liquidity position of the Bank is closely monitored by the Asset Liabilities Management Committee (ALCO) on periodic basis.

With regards to Basel-II compliance, the Bank has implemented Standardized Approach (SA) for minimum capital requirements for market risk.

### 40.2.1 Foreign exchange risk management

The Bank is not directly exposed to foreign exchange risk as the Bank is not engaged in foreign operations. Foreign transactions, if any, are undertaken through SBP.

### 40.2.2 Equity price risk

The Bank's proprietary positions in the equity instruments expose it to the equity price risk in banking book. Equity price risk is managed by applying limits. The stress test for equity price risk assesses the impact of fall in stock market index. This exercise is done based on the criteria advised by SBP for Stress Testing on Equities.
40.3 Mismatch of Interest Rate Sensitive Assets and Liabilities
The Bank's interest rate exposure originates from its investing and borrowing activities. Interest rate risk in the banking book is the risk of adverse changes in earnings and / or capital due to mismatched assets and liabilities in the banking book. The Asset and Liability Management Committee (ALCO) of the Bank monitors and controls mismatch of interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities. The Risk Management Department (he

| Effective Yield/ | Total | Exposed to Yield / Interest risk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Not exposed to yield / interest risk |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Yield/ Interest rate |  | Upto 1 month | Over 1 to 3 months | Over 3 to 6 months | Over 6 months to 1 year | Over 1 to 2 years | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } 2 \\ \text { to } 3 \\ \text { years } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Over } 3 \\ \text { to } 5 \\ \text { years } \end{gathered}$ | Over 5 to 10 years | Above 10 years |  |



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40.3.1 Mismatch of interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities


### 40.4 Liquidity Risk

Assets and Liabilities Management Committee (ALCO) is effectively performing the function of cash management at the Bank. Accordingly, the yields on fund's placement have been constantly increasing.
40.4.1 Maturities of assets and liabilities - Based on contractual maturity of the assets and liabilities of the Bank

| 493,231 | 493,231 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $55,885,230$ |  | $55,885,230$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| $59,870,659$ | $21,346,131$ | 50,239 | $7,114,306$ | $30,146,228$ | 351 | $1,212,695$ | 709 | - | - |
| $3,204,323$ | - | $3,204,323$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| $13,667,442$ | $1,956,198$ | 348,040 | $3,505,794$ | 187,839 | 682,556 | 680,130 | $1,536,298$ | $3,401,675$ | $1,368,912$ |
| $133,120,885$ | $23,795,560$ | $59,487,832$ | $10,620,100$ | $30,334,067$ | 682,907 | $1,892,825$ | $1,537,007$ | $3,401,675$ | $1,368,912$ |
| $82,440,099$ | $53,421,201$ | $(33,041,791)$ | $4,569,420$ | $(5,612,717)$ | $26,238,799$ | $10,949,774$ | $16,896,492$ | $3,717,595$ | $5,301,326$ |

12,522,441
6,299,526
21,034,629
$\begin{array}{r}2,427,511 \\ \hline 42,284,107 \\ \hline\end{array}$
Assets
Cash and balances with
Balances with other banks
Lending to financial
Lending to financia
institutions
Investments - net
Advances - net
Other assets - net
Deferred tax assets - net
Operating fixed assets
Liabilities
Bills payable
Borrowings
Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated loan
Deferred tax liabilities - net
Other liabilities
Net assets
Share capital
Reserves
Unappropriated profit
Surplus on revaluation of assets - net of tax
40.4.2 Maturities of assets and liabilities - Based on contractual maturity of the assets and liabilities of the Bank

| 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | Upto 1 month | Over 1 to 3 months | Over 3 to 6 months | Over 6 months to 1 year | Over 1 to 2 years | Over 2 to 3 years | Over 3 to 5 years | Over 5 to 10 years | Above 10 years |
| ................................................. Rupees in '000 .................................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2,516,338 | 2,516,338 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 16,408,511 | 14,408,511 | 2,000,000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 19,765,649 | - | 10,383,534 | 4,241,216 | 360,886 | 155,345 | - | 1,094,715 | - | 3,529,953 |
| 129,552,744 | 47,950,565 | 48,718 | 5,186,902 | 26,666,373 | 20,232,313 | 10,947,661 | 12,446,984 | 5,487,065 | 586,163 |
| 16,782,760 | 6,622,630 | 1,568,973 | 1,282,731 | 2,018,437 | 1,181,114 | 933,423 | 1,067,342 | 1,175,604 | 932,506 |
| 446,941 | - | - | - | 446,941 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2,101,177 | 82,468 | 36,352 | 53,893 | 338,767 | 204,801 | 191,861 | 340,030 | 223,171 | 629,834 |
| 187,574,120 | 71,580,512 | 14,037,577 | 10,764,742 | 29,831,404 | 21,773,573 | 12,072,945 | 14,949,071 | 6,885,840 | 5,678,456 |


| 346,059 | 346,059 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $57,143,100$ | $5,885,887$ | - | $51,257,213$ | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| $35,947,953$ | $21,902,240$ | 59,018 | 561,626 | $13,046,539$ | 149 | 377,536 | 845 | - |  |
| $3,204,323$ | - | - | $3,204,323$ | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| $11,721,237$ | 205,785 | 282,789 | 440,633 | $5,155,506$ | 498,814 | 495,256 | $1,166,547$ | $2,476,828$ | 999,079 |
| $108,362,672$ | $28,339,971$ | 341,807 | $55,463,795$ | $18,202,045$ | 498,963 | 872,792 | $1,167,392$ | $2,476,828$ | 999,079 |
| $79,211,448$ | $43,240,541$ | $13,695,770$ | $(44,699,053)$ | $11,629,359$ | $21,274,610$ | $11,200,153$ | $13,781,679$ | $4,409,012$ | $4,679,377$ |

$12,522,441$
$5,644,659$
$18,716,929$
18,716,929
$\begin{array}{r}2,171,427 \\ \hline 39,055,456 \\ \hline\end{array}$

## Assets

Cash and balances with Balances with other banks Lending to financial
institutions Investments - net Advances - net

Other assets - net Deferred tax assets - net Operating fixed assets Liabilities Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Sub-ordinated loan Deferred tax liabilities Other liabilities

Net assets
Share capital
Reserves
Unappropriated profit Surplus on revaluation of assets - net of tax

### 40.5 Operational Risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and system or from external events. In order to manage operational issues, an Operational Risk Model (ORM) has been developed which comprises Key Risk Indicator (KRI), Control Self Assessment (CSA) and Corporate Governance (CG). This model has been successfully implemented in all large and medium branches of the Bank. The data of the Operational Risk Model is collected and analyzed on quarterly basis and risk gaps are elevated to Operational Risk Committee for corrective measures. This model will be rolled out to the remaining branches of the bank in a phased manner.

With regards to Basel-II compliance, the Bank has implemented Basic Indicator Approach (BIA) for minimum capital requirements for operational risk. Disaster recovery and business continuity plan includes separate IT business continuity plan which caters to IT specific business continuity planning requirements.

### 40.6 Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The fair value of traded investments is based on quoted market prices, except for tradable securities classified by the Bank as 'held to maturity'.

Fair value of unquoted equity investments is determined on the basis of break up value of these investments as per the latest available audited financial statements.

Fair value of fixed term loans, other assets, other liabilities and fixed term deposits cannot be calculated with sufficient reliability due to absence of current and active market for such assets and liabilities and reliable data regarding market rates for similar instruments. The provision for impairment of loans and advances has been calculated in accordance with the Bank's accounting policy as stated in note 6.4 to these financial statements.

In the opinion of the management, the fair value of the remaining financial assets and liabilities are not significantly different from their carrying values since assets and liabilities are either short-term in nature or in the case of customer loans and deposits are frequently re-priced.

## 41 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Consequently, differences can arise between carrying values and fair value estimates.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Bank is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

Assets which are traded in an open market are revalued at the market prices prevailing at the close of trading on the reporting date. The estimated fair value of all other financial assets and liabilities is not considered to be significantly different from book values as the items are either short-term in nature or periodically repriced.

Set out below is a comparison by category of carrying amounts and fair values of the Bank's assets and liabilities, that are carried in the statement of the financial position:

| Carrying amount |  | Fair Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
| ------------------ Rupees in '000 ------------------ |  |  |  |
| 34,251,992 | 13,739,485 | 34,251,992 | 13,739,485 |

The management assessed that the carrying values of cash and banks, advances, deposits, other assets and other liabilities approximate to their fair value amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

## Fair value hierarchy

International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 13, "Fair Value Measurement" requires the Bank to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The Bank uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of assets and liabilities by valuation method:

Level 1: based on quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
Level 2: based on valuation techniques whereby all inputs having a significant effect on the fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly and includes quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not so much actively traded.

Level 3: based on valuation techniques whereby all inputs having a significant effect on the fair value are not observable market data.

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Bank's assets and liabilities. The valuation was carried at December 31, 2016.
$\left.\begin{array}{ccc} & & \begin{array}{c}\text { Inter- } \\ \text { relationship }\end{array} \\ \text { between }\end{array}\right\}$

## Assets

## Investments (Note 9)

| -Listed securities | $3,874,979$ | Level 1 | Not applicable | Not applicable |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| -Term finance certificate | 40,994 | Level 1 | Not applicable | Not applicable |
| -Pakistan Investment Bonds | $6,852,214$ | Level 2 | Note * |  |
| -Market Treasury Bills | $23,483,805$ | Level 2 | Note * |  |
|  | $34,251,992$ |  |  |  |

[^3]
### 41.1 Valuation Technique used \& Key Inputs

Revaluation rates for T-bills are contributed by money market brokers on daily basis and daily prices announcement by Pakistan Stock Exchange for listed securities.

During the reporting period there were no transfers into and out of level 3 .
Investment in subsidiary and other unlisted securities have not been carried out at fair value in accordance with the SBP guidelines.

## 42 CONSUMER GRIEVANCES HANDLING MECHANISM

The Bank has established a separate Inspection and Complaints Department which deals with all type of complaints. A toll free number has been installed through which customers / borrowers can lodge their complaints. During the year, 518 complaints have been received directly. Time taken to resolve a complaint is $25-45$ days after confirmation by the complainant on non-judicial stamp paper.

## 43 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

After the reporting period, the Bank has filed Form - 3 with the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan for issuance of ordinary and preference shares on March 20, 2017 and March 24, 2017 respectively and consequently issued ordinary and preference shares to the State Bank of Pakistan (Refer to note 15.6).

## 44 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever necessary for the purposes of comparison and for better presentation.

## 45 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue on 08 May, 2017 by the Board of Directors of the Bank.

## 46 GENERAL

The figures in the consolidated financial statements are rounded off to the nearest thousand rupees.



DIRECTOR


DIRECTOR


DIRECTOR
ZARAI TARAQIATI BANK LIMITED
STATEMENT SHOWING WRITTEN OFF LOANS OR ANY OTHER FINANCIAL RELIEF OF FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND RUPEES OR ABOVE PROVIDED DURING THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

| Sr. <br> No. | Name and address of the borrower | Name of individual / partners / directors | NIC number | Father's/ husband's name | Outstanding liabilities at beginning of the year |  |  |  | Principal charged off | Interest charged off | Other financial relief / waiver provided | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ (10+11+12) \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Principal | Interest | Others | Total |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Rupees | illion |  | .......... |  |
| 1 | AMANULLAH KHAN ZARKANI | AMANULLAH KHAN | 15190109360 | SHAH ALAM KHAN | 0.346 | 0.553 | - | 0.899 | - | 0.655 | - | 0.655 |
| 2 | MST IKHTIAR BIBI PANIYALLA | MST IKHTIAR BIBI | 149-47-170383 | SAID KHAN | 0.237 | 0.621 | - | 0.858 | - | 0.610 | - | 0.610 |
| 3 | RUSTAM KHAN ABIZER | RUSTAM KHAN | 150-58-064120 | ADAM KHAN | 0.049 | 0.656 | - | 0.705 | - | 0.688 | - | 0.688 |
| 4 | A RAHIM <br> VILLAGE KUNDI TEH CHATTAR | MUHAMMAD RAHIM | 60608055227 | DAD MOHD | 0.075 | 0.637 | - | 0.712 | 0.075 | 0.595 | - | 0.670 |
| 5 | ALAM KHAN BATOON BAROON | MUHAMMAD ALIM | 60741082957 | MIR MUHAMMAD | 0.246 | 0.262 | - | 0.508 | 0.246 | 0.262 | - | 0.508 |
| 6 | ISHAQ SAMEJI | MUHAMMAD ISHAQ | 60761118609 | JEHANGIR KHAN BROHI | 0.037 | 0.505 | - | 0.542 | - | 0.529 | - | 0.529 |
| 7 | JAMSHER HADIRO | JAMSHER | 60742106075 | BUDHAL KHAN | 0.299 | 0.546 | - | 0.845 | - | 0.562 | - | 0.562 |
| 8 | KHADIM HUSSAIN RIAZ HIJWAN TEH US MOHD | KHADIM HUSSAIN TA | 60759195487 | BIJ KHAN | 0.261 | 0.270 | - | 0.531 | 0.261 | 0.270 | - | 0.531 |
| 9 | LATIF KHAN CHANDIA | LATIF KHAN | 60785182530 | MURAD KHAN | 0.300 | 0.294 | - | 0.594 | 0.300 | 0.294 | - | 0.594 |
| 10 | MST AZIMAN KHUDADAD | MST AZIMAN | 607-58-028495 | KHAIR MUHAMMAD | 0.380 | 0.617 | - | 0.997 | - | 0.715 | - | 0.715 |
| 11 | NIJMA BIBI MADAD KHAN | NIJMA BIBI | 60737014018 | KHALID IQBAL | 0.068 | 0.657 | - | 0.725 | - | 0.686 | - | 0.686 |
| 12 | SAIN DINA G.M.MOHD | SAIN DIN | 40538065874 | DHANI BUX | 0.338 | 0.180 | - | 0.518 | 0.338 | 0.180 | - | 0.518 |
| 13 | UMED ALI MIRPUR | UMED ALI | 5330105900143 | BAGAN KHAN | 0.378 | 0.624 | - | 1.002 | - | 0.729 | - | 0.729 |
| 14 | ABDUL QAYYUM KHA KOT BHUTA | NABDUL QAYYUM KHAN | 28717114047 | ABDUL AZIZ KHAN | 0.219 | 0.363 | - | 0.582 | - | 0.569 | - | 0.569 |
| 15 | ABDUL GHANI | ABDUL GHANI | 4420149687863 | HAJIYAR | 0.332 | 0.527 | - | 0.859 | - | 0.523 | - | 0.523 |
|  | DEH ROOPA WARD 6MEMON M/T.A |  |  | MUHAMMAD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | ABDUL REHAMAN CHORALO | MRS. ABDUL REHAMAN \& ABDUL KHALIQ | 4110132190989 | HAJI AHMED | 0.335 | 0.498 | - | 0.833 | - | 0.555 | - | 0.555 |
| 17 | BABY HAJO RAJOORI-2 | BABY HAJO | 4580580111693 | MUHAMMAD BACHAL | 0.337 | 0.609 | - | 0.946 | - | 0.677 | - | 0.677 |





| Sr. <br> No. | Name and address of the borrower | Name of individual / partners / directors | NIC number | Father's/ husband's name | Outstanding liabilities at beginning of the year |  |  |  | Principal charged off | Interest charged off | Other financial relief/ waiver provided | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ (10+11+12) \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Principal | Interest | Others | Total |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | ..... | ........ | upee | million | ....... |  |  |
| 59 | ZUNEERA SHAHEEN | ZUNEERA SHAHEEN | 31133277888 | M ASLAM KHAN | 0.749 | 0.844 | - | 1.593 | - | 0.656 | - | 0.656 |
|  | LUNDI PITTAFI |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60 | HADI BUX | HADI BUX | 431-41-236537 | TOOH KHAN | 0.244 | 0.400 | - | 0.644 | - | 0.512 | - | 0.512 |
|  | 16 NUSRAT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 61 | HAJI MOHAMMAD SALEH | HAJIMOHAMMAD | 46253080380 | MOHAMMAD KHAN | 0.099 | 0.942 | - | 1.041 | - | 0.971 | - | 0.971 |
|  | BAKHRANI C/O JAN M. PO DADU | ALEH |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 62 | JAMAL SAID LAGHAM BURHAN | JAMAL SAID | 14246036196 | NOORZA DIN | 0.324 | 0.419 | - | 0.743 | - | 0.564 | - | 0.564 |
|  | KHEL GHALLANI |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 63 | ABDUL JILIL | ABDUL JILIL | 5440089200163 | MOHAMMAD AFZAL | 0.344 | 0.197 | - | 0.541 | - | 0.541 | - | 0.541 |
|  | AGHBARG KILLI KHANEZAI |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 64 | ABDUL QADUS | ABDUL QADUS | 60690081242 | ABDUL MAJEED | 0.370 | 0.535 | - | 0.905 | - | 0.575 | - | 0.575 |
|  | CHACHANAK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 65 | ABDULLAH | ABDULLAH | 612-62-130433 | GHAIBANA | 0.295 | 0.283 | - | 0.578 | - | 0.578 | - | 0.578 |
|  | KAZZA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 66 | AHMED KAHN | AHMED KAHN | 5460446032651 | MUHAMMAD GHOUS | 0.297 | 0.293 | - | 0.590 | - | 0.549 | - | 0.549 |
|  | QANDEEL SEGI |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 67 | ASMATULLAH KHAN | ASMATULLAH KHAN | 5440004854961 | ABDUL HALEEM | 0.396 | 0.433 | - | 0.829 | - | 0.593 | - | 0.593 |
|  | KILLI NOHSAR QUETTA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 68 | AURANG ZAIB | AURANG ZAIB | 60690025254 | MALIK MOMIN KHAN | 0.515 | 0.734 | - | 1.249 | - | 0.794 | - | 0.794 |
|  | CHACHANAK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 69 | DAD MOHAMMAD | DAD MOHAMMAD | 612-63-092200 | SARFARAZ | 0.295 | 0.578 | - | 0.873 | - | 0.578 | - | 0.578 |
|  | KAZA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 70 | DIN MUHAMMAD | DIN MUHAMMAD | 60238310515 | MUHAMMAD BUX | 0.392 | 0.684 | - | 1.076 | - | 0.682 | - | 0.682 |
|  | AGHBARG KILLI KHOONITALAB |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 71 | FATEH MOHAMMAD | FATEH MOHAMMAD | 514038514273 | NAZAR KHAN | 0.350 | 0.173 | - | 0.523 | - | 0.523 | - | 0.523 |
|  | WARSGABUZAU WADH KHUZDAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 72 | GHULAM NABI | GHULAM NABI | 60216297212 | WALI MUHAMMAD | 0.396 | 0.659 | - | 1.055 | - | 0.682 | - | 0.682 |
|  | KILLI KHOONI TALAB |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73 | GUL MUHAMMAD | GUL MUHAMMAD | 5140180866803 | FAIZ MUHAMMAD | 0.325 | 0.436 | - | 0.761 | - | 0.504 | - | 0.504 |
|  | DARWARO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74 | JAMIL AHMED KHAN KILLI TALARI | JAMIL AHMED KHAN | 61287105021 | MUHAMMAD ALI KHAN | 1.357 | 2.271 | - | 3.628 | - | 2.806 | - | 2.806 |
|  | SHINGUL KILLA SAIFULLAH |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75 | M. AKBAR | M. AKBAR | 626-42-141470 | MIR MUHAMMAD | 0.340 | 0.515 | - | 0.855 | - | 0.545 | - | 0.545 |
|  | KILLI KIRDGAP T D KIRDGAP |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Sr. <br> No. | Name and address of the borrower | Name of individual / partners / directors | NIC number | Father's/ husband's name | Outstanding liabilities at beginning of the year |  |  |  | Principal charged off | Interest charged off | Other financial relief/ waiver provided | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ (10+11+12) \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Principal | Interest | Others | Total |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 |
|  |  |  |  | Rupees in million .................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 76 | MOHAMMAD ISSA KAZA | MOHAMMAD ISSA | 61288092124 | AZMZT KHAN | 0.253 | 0.499 | - | 0.752 | - | 0.503 | - | 0.503 |
| 77 | MUHAMMAD AZAM MANA | MUHAMMAD AZAM | 60656022999 | UBAIDULLAH | 0.298 | 0.274 | - | 0.572 | - | 0.572 | - | 0.572 |
| 78 | MUHAMMAD DIN CHACHANAK | MUHAMMAD DIN | 61093002665 | HASSAN | 0.370 | 0.535 | - | 0.905 | - | 0.575 | - | 0.575 |
| 79 | MUHAMMAD ISMAIL BATTO NUSHKI | MUHAMMAD ISMAIL | 5410215661067 | KARAM KHAN | 0.468 | 0.392 | - | 0.860 | - | 0.544 | - | 0.544 |
| 80 | MUHAMMAD NASEEM MANA | MUHAMMAD NASEEM | 61075005337 | MUHAMMAD RAFIQUE | 0.889 | 1.341 | - | 2.230 | - | 1.341 | - | 1.341 |
| 81 | MUHAMMAD NAZEER CHACHANAK | MUHAMMAD NAZEER | 61090001273 | ABDULLAH KHAN | 0.527 | 0.788 | - | 1.315 | - | 0.835 | - | 0.835 |
| 82 | MUHAMMAD YAQOOB <br> BEEZANT TEHSIL KIRDGAP MASTUNG | MUHAMMAD YAQOOB | 626-35-035639 | UMED KHAN | 0.324 | 0.528 | - | 0.852 | - | 0.590 | - | 0.590 |
| 83 | MUHAMMAD YOUSAF AGHBARG KILLI SANJIDI | MUHAMMAD YOUSAF | 60286373177 | KHUDA-E-DAD | 0.396 | 0.694 | - | 1.090 | - | 0.692 | - | 0.692 |
| 84 | MULA ABDUL RAHIM MANA | MULA ABDUL RAHIM | 60642016840 | JAN MUHAMMAD | 0.832 | 1.270 | - | 2.102 | - | 1.270 | - | 1.270 |
| 85 | NASAR AHMED AHMADOON | NASAR AHMED | 60673038742 | AHMED JAN | 0.400 | 0.472 | - | 0.872 | - | 0.650 | - | 0.650 |
| 86 | NASIR KHAN <br> MEHARULLAH SHOPKEEPER NUSHKI | NASIR KHAN | 61688155054 | MOHAMMAD AFZAL | 0.259 | 0.388 | - | 0.647 | - | 0.527 | - | 0.527 |
| 87 | NAZAR MOHAMMAD SURKI | NAZAR MOHAMMAD | 5630232306615 | WALI MOHAMMAD | 0.301 | 0.553 | - | 0.854 | - | 0.573 | - | 0.573 |
| 88 | NOOR MUHAMMAD <br> GHULAM PRNZ TEHSIL MASTUNG | NOOR MUHAMMAD | 62645041396 | ATTA MUHAMMAD KHAN | N 0.400 | 0.512 | - | 0.912 | - | 0.510 | - | 0.510 |
| 89 | ROZI KHAN <br> SURKI | ROZI KHAN | 5630223131173 | NAZAR MOHAMMAD | 0.265 | 0.455 | - | 0.720 | - | 0.526 | - | 0.526 |
| 90 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SAHIBAN } \\ & \text { BK } \end{aligned}$ | SAHIBAN | 609-30-140003 | AHMED KHAN | 0.266 | 0.501 | - | 0.767 | - | 0.508 | - | 0.508 |
| 91 | SHABIR AHMED | SHABIR AHMED | 5440088854959 | HAJI AHMED JAN | 0.485 | 0.512 | - | 0.997 | - | 0.508 | - | 0.508 |
| 92 | AHMADOON SHAHBAZ KHAN ZIARAT | SHAHBAZ KHAN | 60647017596 | DOST MOHAMMAD KHAN | AN 0.471 | 0.565 | - | 1.036 | - | 0.565 | - | 0.565 |
| 93 | SHARIF KHAN | SHARIF KHAN | 60956118882 | ABDUL HALEEM | 0.291 | 0.529 | - | 0.820 | - | 0.573 | - | 0.573 |
|  | MINARA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 94 | SHER AHMED <br> BABKANI KANAK MASTUNG | SHER AHMED | 62693223577 | FATEH KHAN | 0.380 | 0.322 | - | 0.702 | - | 0.541 | - | 0.541 |


| Sr. <br> No. | Name and address of the borrower | Name of individual / partners / directors | NIC number | Father's/ husband's name | Outstanding liabilities at beginning of the year |  |  |  | Principal charged off | Interest charged off | Other financial relief / waiver provided | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ (10+11+12) \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Principal | Interest | Others | Total |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | upee | million |  |  |  |
| 95 | SUITAN MOHAMMAD | SUITAN MOHAMMAD | 60251255526 | PAYO KHAN | 0.250 | 0.506 |  | 0.756 |  | 0.505 | - | 0.505 |
|  | INYATULLAH KARAZ GULISTAN SULTAN ALI | SULTAN ALI | 5410297341875 | MUHAMMAD HASHIM | 0.444 | 0.416 | - | 0.860 | - | 0.517 | - | 0.517 |
| 96 | KILLI HASHIM KHAN DALBANDIN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 97 | SYED NASARUDDIN | SYED NASARUDDIN | 5420211053759 | SYED SYEED AHMED | 0.304 | 0.396 | - | 0.700 | - | 0.518 | - | 0.518 |
|  | KILLI SAYDAN GULISTAN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 98 | WAZIR MUHAMMAD | WAZIR MUHAMMAD | 60656110153 | ABDULLAH KHAN | 0.424 | 0.620 | - | 1.044 | - | 0.670 | - | 0.670 |
|  | Chachanak |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 99 | LIAQUAT ALI | LIAQUAT ALI | 35854303933 | KHUDA BUX | 0.395 | 0.424 | - | 0.819 | 0.001 | 0.607 | - | 0.608 |
|  | SHEIN WALA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100 | NUSRAT BIBI | NUSRAT BIBI | 36050378972 | GULAB KHAN | 0.500 | 0.324 | - | 0.824 | - | 0.518 | - | 0.518 |
|  | GHAZI ABAD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 101 | MOHAMMAD IBRAHIM | MOHAMMAD IBRAHIM | 414-33-014755 | GHULAM RASOOL | 0.321 | 0.241 | - | 0.562 | - | 0.510 | - | 0.510 |
|  | HAJI KHAIR MOHAMMAD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ubauro |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 102 | MST NABI DINI | MST NABI DINI | 41630024113 | SHAH GHULAM SHAH | 0.369 | 0.326 | - | 0.695 | - | 0.693 | - | 0.693 |
|  | DEH KATOHAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 103 | PIR ASGHAR KAMAL | PIR ASGHAR KAMAL | 41389185939 | PIR MOHAMMAD HUSSAI | AIN 0.481 | 0.817 | - | 1.298 | - | 0.817 | - | 0.817 |
|  | SUI SHARIF UBAURO SUKKUR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 104 | DOST JAN | DOST JAN | 63290270804 | MUHAMMAD RAHIM | 0.410 | 0.431 | - | 0.841 | - | 0.512 | - | 0.512 |
|  | ABSOR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 105 | FAQUIR JAN | FAQUIR JAN | 5220279066433 | MIR YAQOOB | 0.335 | 0.590 | - | 0.925 | 0.335 | 0.263 | - | 0.598 |
|  | KUDDAN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 106 | HAJI RAHIM BAKHSH | HAJI RAHIM BAKHSH | 63288406419 | MIR YAQOOB | 0.400 | 0.525 | - | 0.925 | 0.400 | 0.129 | - | 0.529 |
|  | SHAHITUMPTURBAT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 107 | JALALKHAN | JALAL KHAN | 63246080335 | GHULAM MUHAMMAD | 0.354 | 0.478 | - | 0.832 | 0.354 | 0.478 | - | 0.832 |
|  | SHARAK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 108 | MUHAMMAD USMAN | MUHAMMAD USMAN | 63252061218 | NOOR MUHAMMAD | 0.511 | 0.608 | - | 1.119 | 0.511 | 0.608 | - | 1.119 |
|  | DEYATTEH.TURBAT KECH |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 109 | RAMZAN | RAMZAN | 5210277616631 | BEHRAM | 0.549 | 0.551 | - | 1.100 | - | 1.090 | - | 1.090 |
|  | WARD NO. 6 PASNI GAWADAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 110 | SAGHIR AHMED | SAGHIR AHMED | 5220340201559 | KARM DIN | 0.274 | 0.491 | - | 0.765 | 0.274 | 0.368 | - | 0.642 |
|  | CHITKAN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 111 | ABUDL HAKEEM | ABUDL HAKEEM | 34438115764 | SAZWAR | 0.344 | 0.170 | - | 0.514 | - | 0.514 | - | 0.514 |
|  | R.A. WAHIN |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 112 | AHMED YAR | AHMED YAR | 32588222679 | Peerbux | 0.788 | 0.858 | - | 1.646 | - | 0.654 | - | 0.654 |
|  | HALEEM KHICHI |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



# STATISTICAL ANNEX 

 ANNUAL REPORT 2016
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## SELECTED FINANCIAL AND STATISTICAL INDICATORS

( RUPEES MILLION )

| SR. <br> NO. | DESCRIPTION | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DURING THE YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | AGRICULTURAL CREDIT DISBURSED | 64133 | 71107 | 81934 | 95420 | 92847 |
| 2 | LOANS TO SUBSISTENCE FARMERS | 45207 | 51858 | 61321 | 72869 | 70313 |
| 3 | 2 AS \%AGE OF 1 | 70\% | 73\% | 75\% | 76\% | 76\% |
| 4 | LOANS TO SMALL FARMERS (UPTO 25.0 ACRES) | 57617 | 64575 | 75300 | 88518 | 86812 |
| 5 | 4 AS \%AGE OF 1 | 90\% | 91\% | 92\% | 93\% | 94\% |
| 6 | FINANCING OF TRACTORS |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | - NUMBER | 7296 | 9212 | 10554 | 9154 | 4654 |
|  | - AMOUNT | 3594 | 5977 | 7489 | 7054 | 3004 |
| 7 | 6 AS \%AGE OF 1 | 6\% | 8\% | 9\% | 7\% | 3\% |
| 8 | AGRI. CREDIT RECOVERY | 67376 | 72636 | 78721 | 88720 | 102282 |
| 9 | CUMMULATIVE RECOVERY (\%) | 99\% | 99\% | 99\% | 99\% | 99\% |
| 10 | TOTAL INCOME | 10936 | 12,912 | 16114 | 18239 | 16,613 |
| 11 | TOTAL EXPENDITURE | 7066 | 7745 | 7787 | 9860 | 10,067 |
| 12 | PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION | 3870 | 5167 | 8327 | 8379 | 6,546 |
|  | AT THE END OF THE YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | TOTAL ASSETS | 131649 | 148448 | 163563 | 187574 | 215,561 |
| 2 | LOAN PORTFOLIO ( NET) | 88060 | 95312 | 108554 | 129553 | 135765 |
| 3 | NUMBER OF ZONAL OFFICES | 31 | 31 | 32 | 32 | 32 |
| 4 | NUMBER OF BRANCHES | 359 | 379 | 416 | 438 | 460 |
| 5 | NUMBER OF MCO's | 1313 | 1308 | 1271 | 1333 | 1328 |
| 6 | NUMBER OF REGULAR EMPLOYEES | 5724 | 5599 | 5777 | 5699 | 5695 |

## 2.1

## LOANS DISBURSED SINCE INCEPTION: AREA-WISE UPTO 31.12.2016

( RUPEES MILLION )

| SR. <br> NO. | PROVINCE/ AREA | AMOUNT <br> DISBURSED | SHARE <br> (\%) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | PUNJAB | 917316.947 |  |
| 2 | SINDH | 170882.333 | 78.4 |
| 3 | KHYBER PAKHTUN KHWA | 62738.621 | 14.6 |
| 4 | BALOCHISTAN | 10476.990 | 5.3 |
| 5 | AZAD KASHMIR | 4495.984 | 0.9 |
| 6 | GILGIT/BALTISTAN | 4293.659 | 0.4 |
|  | TOTAL | $\mathbf{1 1 7 0 2 0 4 . 5 3 4}$ | 0.4 |

## 2.2 <br> LOANS DISBURSED : AREA-WISE DURING 01-01-2016 TO 31-12-2016

( RUPEES MILLION )

| SR. <br> No. | PROVINCE/ AREA | NUMBER OF BORROWERS | AMOUNT DISBURSED | Share (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | PUNJAB | 305711 | 75812.098 | 81.7 |
| 2 | SINDH | 34133 | 12571.817 | 13.5 |
| 3 | KHYBER PAKHTUN KHWA | 13229 | 3604.523 | 3.9 |
| 4 | BALOCHISTAN | 691 | 254.841 | 0.3 |
| 5 | AZAD KASHMIR | 3501 | 301.113 | 0.3 |
| 6 | GILGIT/BALTISTAN | 1318 | 303.005 | 0.3 |
|  | TOTAL | 358583 | 92847.397 | 100.0 |

## DURING 01-01-2016 TO 31-12-2016

| ( RUPEES MILLION) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | PROVINCE / AREA | SHORT TERM |  | MEDIUM TERM |  | LONG TERM |  | TOTAL |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SR. } \\ & \text { NO. } \end{aligned}$ |  | NO. OF BORROWERS | AMOUNT | NO. OF BORROWERS | AMOUNT | NO. OF BORROWERS | AMOUNT | NO. OF BORROWERS | AMOUNT |
| 1 | PUNJAB | 303504 | 59457.900 | 62898 | 13176.929 | 8470 | 3177.270 | 374872 | 75812.099 |
| 2 | SINDH | 30913 | 10043.260 | 10236 | 2461.678 | 229 | 66.879 | 41378 | 12571.817 |
| 3 | KHYBER PAKHTUN KHWA | 10470 | 2919.003 | 3097 | 630.752 | 167 | 54.768 | 13734 | 3604.523 |
| 4 | BALOCHISTAN | 542 | 186.206 | 49 | 18.184 | 107 | 50.451 | 698 | 254.841 |
| 5 | AZAD KASHMIR | 2891 | 150.538 | 609 | 134.333 | 25 | 16.242 | 3525 | 301.113 |
| 6 | GILGIT/BALTISTAN | 473 | 80.158 | 858 | 214.747 | 18 | 8.100 | 1349 | 303.005 |
|  | TOTAL | 348793 | 72837.065 | 77747 | 16636.623 | 9016 | 3373.710 | *435556 | 92847.398 |

[^4]
## 2.4

## LOANS DISBURSED: SECURITY - WISE

DURING 01.01.2016 TO 31.12.2016

| SR. <br> NO. | PARTICULARS | NUMBER OF <br> BORROWERS | AMOUNT <br> DISBURSED | SHARE (\%) |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | SECURED LOANS |  |  |  |
| 2 | HYPOTHECATION LOANS | 356328 | 92507.480 | 99.6 |
| 3 | PERSONAL SURETY LOANS | 108 | 23.873 | 0.03 |
| 4 | OTHER SECURITY | 1256 | 29.232 | 0.03 |
|  | TOTAL | 891 | 286.812 | 0.31 |

## 2.5

## ANNUAL CREDIT DISBURSEMENT, TRACTORS \& TUBEWELLS FINANCED SINCE INCEPTION UPTO 31-12-2016

| YEAR | ANNUAL CREDIT DISBURSED | TRACTORS FINANCED |  | TUBEWELLS FINANCED |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | NUMBER | AMOUNT | NUMBER | AMOUNT |
| Since Inception upto 31-12-2003 | 299868.874 | 450648 | 73726.696 | 132613 | 12630.003 |
| 2004 | 33714.580 | 7848 | 1952.655 | 4369 | 845.424 |
| 2005 | 39356.053 | 10807 | 2893.575 | 3895 | 703.891 |
| 2006 | 52520.505 | 9052 | 2512.927 | 1918 | 292.898 |
| 2007 | 55912.018 | 10275 | 3478.103 | 1218 | 178.114 |
| 2008 | 70698.335 | 16143 | 5741.191 | 1941 | 340.850 |
| 2009 | 77680.431 | 24596 | 9994.861 | 1917 | 360.733 |
| 2010 | 69561.375 | 13321 | 6269.645 | 1839 | 397.014 |
| 2011 | 65451.788 | 908 | 431.248 | 1745 | 476.253 |
| 2012 | 64132.759 | 7296 | 3594.398 | 2051 | 524.817 |
| 2013 | 71106.707 | 9212 | 5976.749 | 1522 | 575.109 |
| 2014 | 81933.747 | 10554 | 7489.295 | 1569 | 608.154 |
| 2015 | 95419.965 | 9154 | 7053.922 | 260 | 82.378 |
| 2016 | 92847.397 | 4654 | 3004.209 | 365 | 69.528 |
| TOTAL | 1170204.534 | 584468 | 134119.474 | 157222 | 18085.166 |

## 2.6

AGRICULTURAL CREDIT DISBURSED BY MAJOR PURPOSES DURING 01-01-2016 TO 31-12-2016

| (RUPEES MILLION ) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PURPOSES | NO. OF BORROWERS | AMOUNT DISBURSED | SHARE (\%) |
| I. DEVELOPMENT LOANS | 86763 | $\underline{20010.332}$ | $\underline{21.5}$ |
| 1 TRACTORS | 4654 | 3004.208 | 3.2 |
| 2 DAIRY FARMING | 55099 | 12595.704 | 13.6 |
| 3 FARM EQUIPMENT | 2121 | 91.984 | 0.1 |
| 4 tubewells | 365 | 69.527 | 0.1 |
| 5 LIVESTOCK | 18575 | 3258.983 | 3.5 |
| 6 POULTRY FARMING | 231 | 39.540 | 0.0 |
| 7 ORCHARDS | 51 | 13.791 | 0.0 |
| 8 LAND DEVELOPMENT | 391 | 26.799 | 0.0 |
| 9 FISHERIES | 3 | 0.545 | 0.0 |
| 10 FARM TRANSPORTATION | 0 | 0.000 | 0.0 |
| 11 GODOWN/ COLD STORAGE | 1650 | 166.034 | 0.2 |
| 12 Others | 3623 | 743.217 | 0.8 |
| II. PRODUCTION LOANS | 348793 | 72837.065 | 78.4 |
| 1 FERTILIZER | 147421 | 33869.235 | 36.5 |
| 2 PESTICIDES | 65371 | 13839.042 | 14.9 |
| 3 SEEDS | 97662 | 19666.008 | 21.2 |
| 4 LABOUR HIRE/ OTHER CHARGES | 1 | 0.157 | 0.0 |
| 5 WORKING CAPITAL FOR POULTRY | 5977 | 857.794 | 0.9 |
| 6 WORKING CAPITAL FOR DAIRY | 32248 | 4191.095 | 4.5 |
| 7 WORKING CAPITAL FOR LIVESTOCK | 73 | 9.426 | 0.0 |
| 8 WORKING CAPITAL FOR FISHERIES | 13 | 1.919 | 0.0 |
| 9 OTHERS | 27 | 402.389 | 0.4 |
| TOTAL:- | 435556* | 92847.397 | 99.9 |

[^5]
## 2.7

## AGRICULTURAL CREDIT DISBURSED BY SIZE OF LOAN

 DURING 01-01-2016 TO 31-12-2016| SIZE OF LOAN | NO. OF <br> BORROWERS | SHARE (\%) | AMOUNT <br> DISBURSED | SHARE (\%) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| UPTO RS. 25000/- | 5186 | 1.4 | 102.800 | 0.1 |
| RS.25001 TO 50000/- | 20294 | 5.7 | 810.754 | 0.9 |
| RS.50001 TO 100000/- | 57371 | 16.0 | 4369.691 | 4.7 |
| RS.100001 TO 200000/- | 95687 | 26.7 | 13628.953 | 14.7 |
| RS.200001 TO 500000/- | 130511 | 36.4 | 40573.320 | 43.6 |
| RS.500001 TO 1000000/- | 49079 | 13.7 | 32806.511 | 35.4 |
| OVER 1000000/- | 455 | 0.1 | 555.368 | 0.6 |
| TOTAL:- | $\mathbf{3 5 8 5 8 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{9 2 8 4 7 . 3 9 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0}$ |

## 2.8

AGRICULTURAL CREDIT DISBURSED BY SIZE OF HOLDING DURING 01-01-2016 TO 31-12-2016

| SIZE OF HOLDING | No. OF BORROWERS | SHARE (\%) | AMOUNT DISBURSED | SHARE (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. LANDLESS | 72667 | 16.7 | 10017.071 | 11.0 |
| B. OWNERS |  |  |  |  |
| UNDER 5.1 HECTARES (UNDER 12.50 ACRES) | 294440 | 67.6 | 58230.564 | 64.1 |
| 5.1 TO UNDER 6.5 HECTARES (12.51 TO UNDER 16.00 ACRES) | 26152 | 6.0 | 8581.212 | 9.4 |
| 6.5 TO UNDER 10.1 HECTARES (16.01 TO UNDER 25.00 ACRES) | 27134 | 6.2 | 9982.895 | 11.0 |
| 10.1 TO UNDER 13 HECTARES (25.01 TO UNDER 32.00 ACRES) | 6366 | 1.5 | 2511.432 | 2.8 |
| 13 TO UNDER 20.2 HECTARES (32.01 TO UNDER 50.00 ACRES) | 5752 | 1.3 | 318.117 | 0.4 |
| 20.2 TO UNDER 26 HECTARES <br> (50.01. TO UNDER 64.00 ACRES) | 1398 | 0.3 | 549.717 | 0.6 |
| 26 HECTARES \& ABOVE (64.01 ACRES \& ABOVE) | 1647 | 0.4 | 656.391 | 0.7 |
| TOTAL:- | 435556* | 100.0 | 90847.399 | 100.0 |

[^6]
## 3.1

RECOVERY POSITION DURING 01-01-2016 TO 31-12-2016

| SR. <br> NO. | PROVINCE/ AREA | RECOVERABLE | RECOVERY | RECOVERY <br> RATE <br> (\%) |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | PUNJAB | 92328.637 | 84431.031 | 91.4 |
| 2 | SINDH | 15505.429 | 12668.269 | 81.7 |
| 3 | KHYBER PAKHTUN KHWA | 4731.644 | 4277.174 | 90.4 |
| 4 | BALOCHISTAN | 333.656 | 240.885 | 72.2 |
| 5 | AZAD KASHMIR | 378.101 | 350.098 | 92.6 |
| 6 | GILGIT/BALTISTAN | 386.750 | 314.044 | 81.2 |
|  | TOTAL | $\mathbf{1 1 3 6 6 4 . 2 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 2 2 8 1 . 5 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{9 0 . 0}$ |

## 3.2

## CUMMULATIVE RECOVERY SINCE INCEPTION

 UPTO 31.12.2016(RUPEES MILLION )

| SR. <br> NO. | PROVINCE / AREA | TOTAL <br> RECOVERABLE | TOTAL <br> RECOVERY | PAST DUES <br> AS ON <br> $\mathbf{3 1 - 1 2 - 2 0 1 6 ~}$ | RECOVERY <br> RATE <br> (\%) |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | PUNJAB | 938464.366 | 930566.760 | 7897.606 | 99.2 |
| 2 | SINDH | 168226.466 | 165389.306 | 2837.160 | 98.3 |
| 3 | KHYBER PAKHTUN KHWA | 65884.805 | 65430.335 | 454.470 | 99.3 |
| 4 | BALOCHISTAN | 8057.261 | 7964.490 | 92.771 | 98.8 |
| 5 | AZAD KASHMIR | 4351.039 | 4323.036 | 28.003 | 99.4 |
| 6 | GILGIT/BALISTAN | 3959.509 | 3886.803 | 72.706 | 98.2 |
|  | TOTAL | $\mathbf{1 1 8 8 9 4 3 . 4 4 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 7 7 5 6 0 . 7 3 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 3 8 2 . 7 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0}$ |

## STAFF POSITION <br> (REGULAR EMPLOYEES)

AS ON 31.12.2016
(NUMBERS)

| YEAR | OFFICERS | STAFF | TOTAL | M.C.O.'s |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FY' 1996 | 5443 | 3383 | 8826 | 1441 |
| FY' 1997 | 5347 | 3830 | 9177 | 1441 |
| FY' 1998 | 4535 | 3368 | 7903 | 1449 |
| FY' 1999 | 4608 | 3183 | 7791 | 1463 |
| FY' 2000 | 4586 | 3196 | 7782 | 1459 |
| FY' 2001 | 4563 | 3177 | 7740 | 1465 |
| FY' 2002 | 4515 | 3150 | 7665 | 1496 |
| CY' 2003 | 3711 | 2027 | 5738 | 1363 |
| CY' 2004 | 3657 | 1934 | 5591 | 1328 |
| CY' 2005 | 3609 | 1934 | 5543 | 1311 |
| CY' 2006 | 3485 | 1841 | 5326 | 1258 |
| CY' 2007 | 3629 | 1704 | 5333 | 1269 |
| CY' 2008 | 3651 | 1635 | 5286 | 1243 |
| CY' 2009 | 3709 | 1565 | 5274 | 1212 |
| CY' 2010 | 3930 | 1564 | 5494 | 1362 |
| CY' 2011 | 4145 | 1644 | 5789 | 1277 |
| CY' 2012 | 4095 | 1629 | 5724 | 1313 |
| CY' 2013 | 4218 | 1381 | 5599 | 1308 |
| CY' 2014 | 4581 | 1196 | 5777 | 1271 |
| CY' 2015 | 4550 | 1149 | 5699 | 1333 |
| CY' 2016 | 4589 | 1106 | 5695 | 1328 |

## NETWORK OF FIELD OFFICES

AS ON 31.12.2016

| SR. NO. | PROVINCES | ZONAL | BRANCHES |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | PUNJAB | 17 | 258 |
| 2 | SINDH | 6 | 91 |
| 3 | KHYBER PAKHTUN KHWA | 4 | 57 |
| 4 | BALOCHISTAN | 3 | 33 |
| 5 | AZAD KASHMIR | 1 | 11 |
| 6 | GILGIT/BALTISTAN | 1 | 10 |
|  | TOTAL | 32 | 460 |


[^0]:    $33.33 \%$
    $33.33 \%$
    $=-\mid \simeq$

    $$
    \begin{aligned}
    & \begin{array}{ll} 
    \pm & 9 \\
    = & 9 \\
    = \\
    -8
    \end{array} \\
    & \left|\begin{array}{c}
    n \\
    0 \\
    0 \\
    \vdots \\
    \vdots
    \end{array}\right|
    \end{aligned}
    $$

    $107 \longrightarrow$

    | 1,057 | 107 |
    | ---: | :--- |
    | 80,499 | - |
    | 81,556 | 107 |

    11.3.1 Included in cost of intangible assets are fully amortised items still in use having cost of Rs. 82.081 million.
    11.3.2 During the year, the Bank undertook physical count of all its assets and assessed them for adjusting / writing-off/reclassification /incorrect capitalization etc. This
     assets worth Rs. 0.825 million and in accumulated amortization amounting to Rs. 0.518 million. Further, the Bank adjusted the cost of assets and accumulated amortization with Rs. 0.419 million and Rs. 0.129 million respectively to rectify / reconcile / streamline its fixed asset register with its books of account and subsidiary records.

[^1]:    33.4.7 Expected contribution to be paid to funds in the next financial year

    Gratuity
    scheme of the
    Employees
    compensated
    
    N
    స్ -

[^2]:    Government securities Term deposit receipts

    Deposits in the Bank
    Fair value of total plan assets

[^3]:    *Note: Prices are derived from PKRV rates determined by Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan, that averages the quotes received from eight different pre-defined / approved dealers and brokers.

[^4]:    *Loans availed for different purposes by same borrower have been taken into account separately.

[^5]:    *Loans availed for different purposes by same borrower have been taken into account separately.

[^6]:    *Loans availed for different purposes by same borrower have been taken into account separately.

